

PATAGONIA IS IN THE HEART OF THE WORLD'S RICHEST COPPER, SILVER, GOLD AND LEAD DISTRICTS

SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

JOHN PATAGONIA'S CHAMBER OF COMMERCE & MINES AND BE A BOOSTER FOR THE TOWN AND DISTRICT.

VOL. XI

PATAGONIA, ARIZONA, FRIDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1923

NO. 47

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

DANCE AND SUPPER NOV. 28TH IN PATAGONIA

Wednesday, November 28, there will be a dance and supper given at the Opera house, Patagonia, by the Patagonia Social Club.

L. A. Bechtel, E. H. Evans, C. A. Pierce and E. F. Bollinger were Nogales business visitors Saturday.

County Agent Lee H. Gould of Nogales was in Patagonia Wednesday to attend the regular bi-monthly orchestra practice at the ranch of Mrs. A. H. Fortune.

WANTED—Water wells to drill, by the foot. J. L. ROUNTREE, Patagonia, Ariz.

John Oliver and R. N. Keaton of the San Rafael valley were business visitors to the county seat Wednesday.

T. G. Dunham of the San Rafael valley took a load of tons to Nogales Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Bethell and Mrs. J. F. Reilly were Nogales visitors Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Gatlin and party motored to Nogales Wednesday.

Mary Ellen Trask, who has been on the sick list for two weeks, is improving and soon will be able to attend school.

Miss Evelyn Bentley, home demonstration agent, of the University of Arizona, held a meeting at the Commercial hotel parlor Tuesday afternoon. Fourteen local women attended.

John Farrel of the Immigration service at Ajo is spending a vacation in Harshaw visiting his parents, Judge and Mrs. Richard Farrell.

Mrs. Clyde McPherson left Saturday for Bisbee to visit her brother's family.

Miss Jea Gittings and Mrs. Greibach of the University of Arizona spent the week-end camping near Patagonia.

Dr. Charles Peterson and wife and a party of friends, all of Tucson, visited Patagonia Sunday.

J. R. Cok of Wilcox and Arthur Heney of Fairbank were in Patagonia and vicinity buying cattle Tuesday morning, which they shipped to market immediately.

Frank J. Sweeney of Los Angeles and M. J. Morrison of San Francisco were in Patagonia Wednesday visiting mercantile firms.

"Why I Put Up With Rats for Years," Writes N. Windsor, Farmer.

"Years ago I bought some rat poison, which nearly killed our fine watch dog. It so scared us that we suffered a long time with rats until my neighbor told me about RAT-SNAP. That's the sure rat killer and a safe one. Three sizes, 35c, 65c, \$1.25. Sold and guaranteed by Patagonia Drug Store and Evans Mercantile Co.

NEW BIG PACKAGE 111 Cigarettes 24 for 15¢

Mrs. Grace A. Farrell, county school superintendent, was a Patagonia visitor Saturday, the guest of Miss Grace Van Osdale.

B. I. Hoffer of El Paso, successor to T. B. Grace, well-known traveling salesman of Douglas, representing the James Dick Co., was a business visitor here Thursday.

Dr. F. Watson of Pueblo, Colo., was a business visitor in Patagonia Tuesday.

Oliver Rothrock was in town Tuesday seeking adobe makers to manufacture about 2500 adobes which are to be used in the erection of a new house at the Rothrock ranch in Elgin.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hooks and children motored to Nogales Monday.

Mrs. Robert Bergier of Alto spent the week-end visiting her mother, Mrs. C. C. Chapman, in Patagonia.

Frank Low and Tom Woods, Nogales contractors, were business visitors in Patagonia Tuesday. They recently secured a contract to build four of the nine bridges on the Nogales-Tucson highway.

The original Trench mine near Harshaw is again on the shipping list, having been taken under a lease by three men, who will ship a carload of ore to the smelter next Tuesday.

The American mine, near Harshaw, shipped a car of ore Tuesday to El Paso.

The old smelter at the Mowry mine has been dismantled and the material shipped to El Paso as junk.

Dan Dawson was in from the Jefferson mine, in the Santa Ritas, to spend the week-end with his family.

P. M. Ethebels and family of Mansfield were in town Monday.

John Vanderwalker, A. D. Sydenham and Charles S. Thrapp went deer hunting Saturday and returned Sunday afternoon with a fine buck, the result of Mr. Vanderwalker's marksmanship.

J. H. James of Vinton, Texas, has been in Patagonia for several days, sampling ore from mines in the Santa Rita mountains. He left for El Paso Wednesday.

Don't forget the big dance in Patagonia November 28. Music will be furnished by 25th Infantry musicians.

Barnett & Barnett, City Market, meats.—Advertisement.

STANDARD OIL'S NEW PLANT IN OPERATION IN PATAGONIA

The Standard Oil Company has completed a valuable addition to the industries of Patagonia. Back of the decision to enter this new field lies a thorough and analytical study of business conditions. The company's faith in the progress and future development of Patagonia is certainly manifested.

This extension of the company's marketing system means greatly improved service. It affords a large supply of products and distributing equipment in operation. These items of service are identical with those enjoyed in the largest cities.

BURGLARS TAKEN TO FLORENCE

Jose Martinez, confessed burglar, recently sentenced to serve from three to five years in the penitentiary, and E. Diaz, sentenced from two to three years for robbery, were taken to Florence this week by Under Sheriff Pat Patterson to begin their sentences.

MISS GERTRUDE ANTHONY



Miss Gertrude Anthony of Los Angeles is one of the eleven American workers of the Near East Relief who were decorated by King George of Greece with the Cross of St. Xavier as acknowledgment of their services in behalf of Greek refugees and orphans since the Smyrna disaster.

8,500,000 FORDS BUILT UP TO OCTOBER 4, 1923

Detroit, Mich., Oct. 27.—Ford motor No. 8,500,000 went off the assembly line at the Ford Motor Company's plant in Highland Park on October 4, it is announced.

MANUFACTURING - INDUSTRIAL EXHIBIT AT STATE FAIR

With more than two-thirds of the booths already taken, indications are that the space available for display purposes in the manufacturing and industrial exhibit to be featured at the State Fair, November 12 to 17, will be exhausted soon.

NOGALES COUPLE ANNOUNCE ENGAGEMENT

The engagement of Miss Gertrude Glissan and A. I. Schleimer was announced this week at an afternoon party at the Glissan home in Nogales.

SENATE BANKING COMMITTEE FINISHES INVESTIGATION

The senate banking and insurance committee, composed of Senators C. H. Rutherford (chairman), C. M. Roberts, H. A. Elliott, R. L. Moore, W. D. Claypool, and G. W. Brown (secretary), who, in addition to matters pertaining to banking, have been conducting an audit and investigation of the state treasurer's office during the years 1919 to 1922, inclusive, held a special meeting at the state capital Monday, October 15, for the purpose of transmitting to the governor and attorney general a statement of findings of their investigation for the purpose of furnishing the attorney general with data and information for prosecution of civil cases, particularly with reference to state deposits in defunct banks, representing nearly half a million dollars.

ESTRADA FOR DE LA HUERTA

Reports from Mexico City say the city is witnessing clashes between adherents of Adolfo de la Huerta and Plutarco Elias Calles, candidate for president. The report says General Enrique Estrada, formerly one of President Obregon's strongest supporters, has openly defied the president and taken up the fight for De la Huerta.

AMERICAN LEGION ANNOUNCES ARMISTICE DAY PROGRAM

Nogales to Stage Three-Day Celebration Commemorating End of Great World War

The program to be given by Ridge-Igo post of the American Legion, beginning Saturday, the 10th, will be as follows:

Days of '49 carnival and jitney dance at the High school gymnasium, 5 p. m., with bar, gambling lay-outs, jitney dance, amusement booths, refreshment booths, etc.; costume and mask not compulsory; prizes for best costumes. Costumes to be limited as to cost. Penalties for costumes exceeding amount set by the committee to be inflicted at mock trials during the evening; mock court to consist of 49 judges, prosecuting attorney, sheriff and deputies. Start planning your disguise—it's up to you to make it a big time.

Sunday, Nov. 11.—Union church services, 11 a. m., all denominations participating; location of services to be announced later.

Monday, Nov. 12.—Parade, 10 a. m. Military, lodges, Ridge-Igo post 100 per cent strong, commercial floats, decorated cars, etc. Short speaking program immediately following parade at review stand, in City Hall square.

Afternoon, Nov. 12.—Football game, Nogales III vs. Tombstone III. Athletic events for school children during intermissions. Military maneuvers by 25th Infantry, ending by an attack on Silbotties, using live ammunition. Regimental target range, 5 p. m.

HUNTERS RETURN FROM MEXICO EANS GAME

Sheriff H. J. Brown, Attorney James A. Robins, Art Peck, Deputy Sheriff James Hathaway, and Francis Duffy of Phoenix returned Wednesday night from a week's hunting trip to Mexican game.

"JACK" MOORE IS APPOINTED MANAGER OF TUCSON STAG

Polson (Jack) Moore, general manager of the Bisbee Review for the last three years, has been transferred to Tucson, where he will become business manager of the Stag.

STATE HISTORIAN ESCAPES INJURY IN AUTO WRECK

George H. Kelly, state historian and editor of the Douglas Intelligencer, and Mrs. Kelly had a narrow escape from serious injury last week when the automobile in which they were traveling from Douglas to Flagstaff overturned on the road between Florence and Tucson.

BEAR SHOT IN WHITE MOUNTAINS

A report of the White Mountain Game and Fish Commission that a bear was shot near the town of Douglas, Arizona, last week.

AMBASSADOR TO U. S. NAMED BY PRESIDENT OBREGON

From Mexico City, Oct. 25.—The President of Mexico, Venustiano Carranza, has named Ambassador to the United States, Mexico City, Oct. 25.

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MRS. ELLIS A. YOST



Mrs. Ellis A. Yost of Huntington, W. Va., vice chairman of the women's joint congressional committee and legislative representative of the National Woman's Christian Temperance union, was appointed by President Harding to attend the International Congress Against Alcoholism which was held in Copenhagen August 20-24.

SCHOOL NOTES.

(Ruth Gatlin, School Editor)

The primary grades have been doing well in their reading and writing.

The A class are improving in their written number work.

The B class are on their fourteenth lesson in Chart.

Edna Riggs and Charlie Dawson of the Second grade know their 48 number combinations.

Mr. James Kuntze removed the wood drill and tent from the school grounds Wednesday morning of last week.

The school children enjoyed a holiday Friday, the teachers being at Nogales. Mr. A. M. Davis gave them a talk on "Planning of Opportunity."

The swings were put up during the weekend. They have been to the blacksmith's shop being repaired.

The Fifth grade earned their half holiday Tuesday afternoon by perfect attendance. The boys of that grade came into Miss Stober's room and worked on wood work.

The Seventh, Eighth, and Ninth grades also earned a half holiday Tuesday afternoon.

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Waters of Colorado River Filed On For The State of Arizona

Senator Fred T. Coyle, president of the Arizona Highline Reclamation Association, who tried for and on behalf of the state of Arizona to secure water rights of the Colorado river, today...

The filing of the waters of the Colorado river for the Glen Canyon dam and the Spencer Canyon and Arizona Highline dam and for the state of Arizona water rights and water priority that will date from the time of the filing.

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SANTA CRUZ COUNTY FIGHT TO TAKE UP VOCATIONAL TRAINING

Santa Cruz county is first in the state to take up the consideration of vocational training in the schools of the county. The department...

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MICKIE SAYS—10,000 REPORTERS WANTED! TO SEND IN ITEMS TO THIS GREAT FAMILY NEWSPAPER! LET NO NEWS ESCAPE! "EVERY READER A REPORTER!" THEM'S OUR MOTTO!

fresh FROM THE FACTORY Jureco TOBACCO

Gift of the Desert



by Randall Parrish

THE STORY THUS FAR

SYNOPSIS.—On the isolated Meager ranch, on the southern border, Deborah Meredith, trained nurse, is in attendance on Mrs. Meager, whose husband has recently been killed. Immediately after the death, Bob Meager, Mrs. Meager's stepson, arrives and takes possession. He insults Deborah and she resolves to leave, but there seems no possibility of her getting away. Meager gloats over Deborah's plight. He tells her he has sent for a justice of the peace, who will marry them tomorrow. Horrified, the girl secures a revolver. The justice, Cornelius Garrity, scoundrel and bosom friend of Meager, arrives with a party, among them the "Frisco Kid," notorious desperado. Despite Deborah's protests, the justice performs the marriage ceremony. She escapes and reaches her room. There she stuns Meager with the revolver and rushes to the stables, hoping to secure a horse and escape. There she meets the "Frisco Kid." Somehow he inspires her with confidence and she explains the situation. The "Kid" tells her his name is Daniel Kelleen, that he is no friend of Meager. They ride off together into the desert. Presently she realizes that Kelleen is the "Frisco Kid," but doesn't fear him.

CHAPTER VII—Continued.

"Pop! Reynolds, hey!" he said lightly. "Then I am sure his story must have been a good one. So he told you I was a mighty bad man? Well, now you've met me, do you believe it?"

"I—I don't know," she confessed doubtfully. "I—I would rather not think that."

"Which is a hopeful sign. Well, please try not to think so for the next half-hour, at least. Then maybe I can tell you my side of the story. There is no time now, for we've simply got to get under cover. Do you see that blue ridge over yonder? You know what it is?"

"The Meager ranch, isn't it?"

"Yes, and in twenty minutes, as soon as the mist rises, they could pick us out from there with a good field glass. We'll have to find a safer place to talk in than this. Here, I'll lead the horse; it's only a step to the rim; then we'll both have to make the descent afoot."

They moved forward slowly, into what appeared to be the interminable desert, the man plowing his way through sand, the tired animals following with drooping heads.

Suddenly he stopped, gripping the reins tightly and pointing with his other hand. Deborah needed no guidance, for her eyes were already riveted on the yawning gash in the surface of the desert, staring down with a startled feeling of awe into the apparently bottomless chasm not five yards away. A moment she gazed, hardly comprehending, too thoroughly dazed by this phenomenon of nature to completely grasp its significance. Then she felt Kelleen lift her bodily from the saddle and lead her forward to the very edge. Below lay exposed in the cold gray of the dawn the full marvel—a deep gorge, as though scooped out by a giant spoon, cut directly across the barren sand plain, with no evidence anywhere above of its existence. To the eye it seemed some three hundred feet wide, but much deeper, the side walls rocky and irregular, the crevices and ravines choked with sand, while far below appeared the soft green vegetation, and along the base of the opposite wall, much more precipitous than the side on which they stood, the silvery sparkle of a small stream. Deborah drew a quick breath, glancing aside into the face of the man at her side.

"You have been down there?"

"Yes; the descent is not particularly difficult along these ravines; the sand gives purchase, even the horses will pick their way."

He smiled at the consternation in her face.

"What is it?" he questioned; "fear of the passage, or of the 'Frisco Kid'?"

She looked straight at him beneath lowered brows, conscious of the sudden flush of her cheeks.

"Neither; I am not afraid."

"I did not believe you would be, for you are not that sort at all. The truth is, young lady, you really haven't got so much on you in this matter of recognition. I happen to know quite a bit about you."

"About me? You? What, my I ask?"

"Just a bit, as I say, a mere picture not easily forgotten. I saw you once, before ever you came to Meager's ranch, and I have remembered it ever since. Do you remember a morning in August, 1918, when the Thirty-third division went over the top, waded a river, and cleaned out the heights beyond? It was a sharp fight, and lots

of the boys never came back. You remember, don't you?"

"Yes."

"Well, I was there, and I got mine about eight o'clock. Mine must have been plenty, for they hauled me back to the first-line hospital and had some sort of surgical job done before I woke up. The man next to me died, and the nurse who was with him—she was heavily built with very light hair—"

"Jessie Seavers."

"I don't know, but she gave me a drink of water, and then they put another wounded guy into the place where the dead body had been. He was just a kid, not more than seventeen, I reckon, and was crying like a baby, his nerves all shot to pieces. You were his nurse, and I lay there and watched how you fixed him up. It's not likely you've forgot that."

"No! No!" She bent her head. "He was from my town; he—he died that night."

"I didn't know, for they took me away, but I lay there and watched you for another hour before the stretchers came. I never saw you again. I would have liked to mighty well, and I didn't even know your name then—just a memory of your face."

He reached out his hand suddenly. "I—I wish you'd shake hands with me," he said, almost hesitating at his boldness, "and sorter pretend to forget that 'Frisco Kid' business."

"I have forgotten it," she answered steadily, their eyes and hands meeting. "You were a soldier in my division; I believe in you, and am your friend."

CHAPTER VIII

Story of the "Frisco Kid."

To Deborah, Kelleen was no longer a bandit, a fleeing fugitive from justice, but a soldier who had been wounded in battle, who had played the part of a man; while to him the girl was no longer a stray runaway in whom he felt little interest, but a nurse whose face had haunted his memory since he had first watched her in the glow of the French sun. They stood there on the rim of that strange crater, the grim, gray desert circling them about, neither able to think of a word to say. Deborah's eyes fell, and she withdrew her hand, turning to stare into the depths below. The slight movement served to arouse Kelleen to the situation.

"Well, this will never do," he exclaimed, new cheerfulness in his tone. "They will have a glass trained on us over there before we get to cover. We'll send the horses down first; they'll find the best route and we can follow. Come, Sultan, over you go, old boy; oh, no, you're not afraid; we've done this little trick before. Go on, sir!"

He struck the animal with the flat of his hand, and with a reproachful snarl of the head, Sultan slowly and cautiously began the steep descent, seeking a path along the deeper layers of sand, and zigzagging from gulch to gulch better to obtain foothold. The other horse followed, but not without a struggle, trembling with fear, and keeping close to the trail left by the leader. Kelleen touched the girl's arm.

"Come," he said briefly, a bit of command in the voice. "Really it is not so dangerous as it looks from here, Sultan has found the best trail, and will drift along after him."

They made it slowly, picking their path along the trail left by the two animals, finding purchase in the sand, occasionally staidied by an outcropping rock or the exposed root of some clinging shrub. The drop was more extensive than Deborah previously had realized from above, and the sharp descent left her breathless.

The sand disappeared as they reached the lower levels, the walls becoming sheer rock, but slashed with gullies, and finally these were more or less choked with vegetable growth. At the bottom, where the two horses were contentedly munching the short grass, the valley had all the appearance of a new land, made fresh and verdant by the magic touch of water. Deborah at the foot of the long descent, clung to the projecting root of a tree and stared about her with wide-open eyes, unable to restrain her amazement.

"Why this is simply marvelous," she exclaimed. "I did not appreciate what it meant from up there. You have been down here before, you said? You—you do not believe you are the only one who has made this discovery?"

"No; that is hardly probable. There were reasons why it was impossible for me to determine the truth when I was here before, yet I found evidence that others had been before me—the remains of a camp fire, an exploded cartridge shell, and even the imprint of a foot. I have no wish to frighten you, Miss Deborah, but my idea is that probably this place has been, and

perhaps still is, a hiding place for thieves."

"Cattle stealers, you mean?"

"Yes, and muniton runners. This whole border is honeycombed with that sort of thing, and this hole is certainly an ideal hideout. Come, let's sit down here and eat what we have, for I am not going to risk a fire, and I'll tell you a theory I've worked out."

"Please do."

The bag of food the girl had secured from the ranch kitchen was carefully strapped to the saddle of Sultan. Kelleen procured this and spread the contents on a strip of grass. They were both eating when he resumed his speech.

"I am inclined to think," he said gravely, "that this has been a rendezvous for that sort of traffic for years. I don't believe many have known about it, or else some whippers would have reached me, but this particular section of the border has been a sore spot for years. Someone stumbled on this place just exactly as I have—perhaps several somebodies—but my present notion is that the discoverer was either Bob Meager, or one of the disreputable gang he has with him. His determination to get control of the ranch at his father's death, the fellows he has brought there from across the line, and Garrity's deep interest in the affair, all combine to make me suspicious. Do you see? The ranch, and this hole, together, make an ideal outfit for running either cattle or munitons across the border, and some of those fellows over there have been at that job for years."

"Then how do you dare come here with me?"

"Because it alone promised security for this one day. Tonight we'll go on, but we could not travel across the desert in daylight without being seen."

Her eyes were on his face inquiringly.

"You dislike Bob Meager very much? Was that why you were so willing to help me?"

"Not altogether; it may have had weight, I confess. Now, however, that thought has gone entirely."

"And Judge Garrity?"

"He is utterly despicable."

"Yet you seemed very friendly with him only last night. On excellent terms."

He smiled good-naturedly.

"You are quite a cross-examiner, Miss Meredith. Sometimes, you know, I

What had become of Kelleen? Through the tree branches behind which she had been concealed Deborah searched the full length of the chasm within reach of her vision, but discovered no trace of his presence. It was not likely the man would be absent long. It must already be noon by the sun, and, actuated by a desire to do something, she finally began to arrange a meal for his return. She had opened the bag of provisions, when suddenly her eyes caught sight of something moving far below, and to her right, objects at first hard to distinguish, and then quickly discerned as two horsemen, emerging from the very cleft in the rocks where she had decided the canyon probably ran. They came steadily on, growing more distinct each minute, yet still too far away for recognition.

She crouched lower behind her screen, and waited breathlessly. Two, what could that mean? It seemed highly improbable that Kelleen could have encountered a friend in this spot—a man in whom he had faith—who was returning with him. If this was, as he so evidently believed, a hidden lair of outlaws, a rendezvous for border crime, it was hardly possible he had met with any comrade here, if—If he was really what he had claimed to be. The thought of that "if" struck her like a blow. But was he? Her eyes strained to watch every movement of those approaching horsemen. She could perceive enough already to be certain that Kelleen was not one of the group; they were both Mexicans, or at least so attired, and their mounts bore Mexican trappings. Little as the girl knew of the frontier, she at once realized the danger of being discovered by such men.

Deborah was conscious of trembling in every limb, as she crouched there, behind the leaves, instinctively grasping the only weapon in her possession. Then she suddenly recognized one of the riders as Juan Sanchez.

They had followed her then, and were seeking her now. There could be no possible doubt as to Sanchez' mission. How the fellow had reached there so quickly, and why it even had been suspected she had sought this remote spot of refuge, were unsolved questions, yet it was highly probable that searching parties had been dispatched in all directions, and the Mexican had been the one whom Fate had headed that way. Anyhow she could not speculate as to how or why. She must find hiding place somewhere among the rocks.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Early-to-Bed Stuff. Blaine McGrath's little son was visiting in Liberty. Mrs. McGrath talked over the telephone to the youngster one day, and she could tell by his tone that he was a little homesick. It was apparent that what he was missing was his occasional trips down town to Indianapolis, where he gathered thrills from the bright lights of the picture shows.

"Do you really wish to come home?" the mother asked.

"Yes," he said, "I think I do. There's too much night in Liberty."—Indianapolis News.

Help the world when it asks you to, but be careful when it isn't asking.

to note his exploits; dispatches regarding him were sent east; rewards for his capture, dead or alive, were posted. It was intimated, finally, when his name had become sufficiently familiar, that he had escaped into Mexico, and then that he had been seen again in this neighborhood. Troops were dispatched to run him down, and word to that effect sent broadcast on both sides the line. You see the purpose of it all?"

"To win the confidence of the real gang?"

"Exactly; and it worked. The end is already in sight."

"But who, then, are you?"

"Daniel Kelleen, just as I told you, a captain in the—of course."

"You—you volunteered for this service?"

"Yes; you see it was impossible for the department to use any officer who had been stationed lately along this border. Such a one might be immediately recognized, and the whole scheme ruined at once. At the same time, whoever was chosen to play the character must have intimate knowledge of the border. I met the requirements fully, as I had served here ten years ago as a mere boy, and knew the country fairly well. So here I am, the 'Frisco Kid.'"

Deborah held out her hand impulsively.

"I'm glad you told me," she said in all frankness.

CHAPTER IX

A New Viewpoint.

She had been sleeping for nearly two hours, with head supported on a saddle, the steep wall of the canyon on one side of her and the valley itself shut completely off by a thick growth of shrub. She had not realized how tired she was, and, in fact, rested there some time in this nook Kelleen had found, starting with wide-open eyes up at the strip of blue sky, her mind still active. The knowledge of who this man really was had brought her instant relief, and a new sense of safety in his presence. So her heavy eyes closed, and she slept.

Something must have awakened the girl suddenly, for she sat bolt upright, with eyes wide open in fright. Kelleen had disappeared, but beyond this no change of any kind was apparent. The entire scene was so calm and peaceful that Deborah's heart ceased its first violent throbbing, and she even smiled at her earlier fear, and arose expectantly to her feet.

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AMERICAN FARM BUREAU

ELECTRIFICATION OF FARM TO BE STUDIED

Committee Will Direct Development of Power Problem.

The movement to stimulate a complete investigation of the application of electricity to farming was brought to a definite working basis at a meeting held in the office of the American Farm Bureau federation, in Chicago, September 11.

At this conference final approval was given to the formation of the "committee on the relation of electricity to agriculture." This committee is composed of O. E. Bradline, J. W. Coverdale, H. W. Moorhouse, representing the American Farm Bureau federation; Marshall E. Sampson, G. C. Neff, J. C. Martin, Arthur Huntington, representing the National Electric Light association; S. C. Cosgrove, representing the manufacturers of farm electric plants; Prof. J. S. Davidson, representing the American Society of Agricultural Engineers, and S. M. McTerry, representing United States Department of Agriculture.

E. A. White has been employed as director to devote his full time to developing the work of committee. Mr. White will be officed in the headquarters of the American Farm Bureau federation in Chicago.

The formation of this committee brings together various groups vitally interested in rural electrification and marks the first time in American history when the farmer through his own representatives has actively participated in solving problems to be met in taking a new form of power onto the farm.

Reports show that approximately four hundred thousand farms have electric service. This indicates that electrical service is now available on less than seven per cent of the farms in the nation.

The new committee will endeavor to direct development work along sound, economic and engineering lines. It is a new form of co-operative movement and illustrates the possibilities when industries are properly organized.

In its preliminary survey the committee recognized that electrical service on the farm offered great possibilities for improving living conditions, lightening the work of the household, and reducing the cost of production, but before this can be realized there are many economic and engineering problems to be solved. This can best be met by securing the co-operation of men trained in these special fields who have a complete understanding of the situation. This is the line along which the committee proposes to work. The farm power problem will be analyzed and the best talent available put to work on the application of electrical service to this industry.

The first step in this direction, at the request of the committee, has been the undertaking by the United States Department of Agriculture of a national farm power survey to determine the amount of power used in agriculture, the power requirements for various farm operations, the types and sizes of prime movers used, the power requirements of various machines and what operations are still done by hand. Out of this survey should come the fundamental agricultural facts which will form the basis for the economic studies and engineering developments necessary for the proper solution of the problem.

A preliminary investigation has shown that in many foreign countries rural electrification is already well started.

Surveys will be conducted to determine for what operations electricity is used today and also to find out what obstacles stand in the way of its general application to farm operations. Authorities are agreed that we are just entering an electrical age and agriculture does not propose to be one step behind the procession in this development.

Regarding this work, J. W. Coverdale, secretary of the American Farm Bureau federation said:

"America is fast passing into an electrical age. Electricity is being adapted to many uses. It has done much to lighten the burdens of the housewife in the cities, and will do equally as much for the farm woman and the farm home when rural electric lines become as popular as the rural telephone. Electricity will be adapted to agriculture, and the committee on electricity and its relation to agriculture has an important line of work to perform in helping lay the foundation for the development of rural electricity without exploitation."

H. M. Aylesworth of the National Electric Light association said:

"The electric light and power companies of the United States have already reached more than 4,000,000 rural customers and in my opinion these companies will, within a period of eight years, serve electricity to 5,000,000 additional farms. It is the duty of the electrical industry to carry electrical labor saving devices to the farm so that the farm family may have every electrical convenience now enjoyed by the city family. It should be apparent that human labor on the farm is less efficient than electrical machinery which can be operated by the farmers pressing the button. Within a few years' time farm chores will be done by the electrical service with much more efficiency and will be a boon to every farmer in the land."

EQUALIZING COUNTRY AND CITY PROPERTY

Illinois Tax Commission Will Order Reassessments.

With columns and yards of figures in one hand and the law in the other, John C. Watson, statistician for the Illinois Agricultural association, was busy this past summer making county tax boards of review sit up and take notice.

This was the year for the quadruple revaluation of farm and city real estate in Illinois for tax purposes; hence the Illinois Agricultural association and county farm bureaus have been on hand to see that farmers do not pay more than their share of 1923 taxes.

Equalization of city and country property was asked for in 24 of the counties investigated and boards of review in 11 of these counties have decreased valuations of farm lands or increased valuations of city property. These counties are Clay, Champaign, Christian, Clinton, Franklin, Jefferson, Kankakee, Lawrence, Richland, Scott and Stark.

After hearing the cases of six of the other counties which have refused to equalize, the Illinois tax commission promised the Illinois Agricultural association that it would order reassessments if the board of review did not equalize of their own accord.

A concrete example of equalization secured is the one in Kankakee county. The farm bureau investigation, presented to the board of review, showed that lands were assessed for about 40 per cent of their sales value while city property was assessed for 34 per cent. The board of review made a decrease of 15 per cent in farm property, thus equalizing valuations between the two classes of property.

Partners of Illinois are taking up this tax investigation work because an official public body is specifically directed by law to find out facts about the valuations of different classes of property for tax purposes.

From the records in the county recorder's office, a card catalogue is made of all sales of real estate for a period of several months prior to or including the assessment date. The full valuation of the same real estate is also secured and from these figures a comparison is made of full valuations between different classes of property.

As every person or corporation is required by the constitution of Illinois to pay a tax in proportion to the value of his, her or its property, farmers have been getting the information necessary to see that the law is carried out by boards of review.

PLANS OF CHEESE EXCHANGE

Co-Operative Marketing Department Presents Scheme to Delegates in Wisconsin.

Delegates from the five principal Wisconsin foreign cheese-producing counties unanimously adopted the plan presented by the co-operative marketing department of the American Farm Bureau federation for the formation of the foreign cheese exchange.

The farm bureau plan was presented by Walton Feset, director of co-operative marketing, Aaron Sapro, attorney for the co-operative marketing department, and E. B. Heaton, dairy marketing specialist.

Green, Lafayette, Iowa, Dane and Rock, the five counties represented at this conference, produce the bulk of the foreign type cheese manufactured in Wisconsin. The proposed exchange will exert a controlling influence in the foreign type cheese market.

An organization committee was chosen by the five county farm bureaus. The county membership on this committee was proportioned according to the number of cheese factories in the county. There was one member for each twenty-five factories.

The co-operative marketing department of the American Farm Bureau federation drew up the contract which is being used in the organization work of the exchange.

SELL "SUNSHINE" POTATOES

South Dakota Growers Advancing Their Prosperity by Marketing Under Trade Name.

South Dakota potato growers are advancing their prosperity by marketing their product under the trade name of "Sunshine" through the South Dakota Potato Growers' Co-operative exchange.

According to J. J. Martin, manager, co-operative organizations in Iowa and Illinois are coming to the exchange for their potatoes, knowing that when they get No. 1 stock in government inspected cars they are having the very best. The exchange is strictly attempting to maintain the confidence of the buyers, realizing that it will mean great added wealth to South Dakota producers.

The co-operative exchange began its third year when the first car of potatoes was shipped from Claremont on August 17. Twenty-five cars were shipped during the month at prices of \$1.20 to \$1.35 per hundred net to the growers. When the market broke late in the month, the exchange advised being caught with cars on track by advising its members when to dig and what amount.

The exchange has the endorsement and help of the South Dakota Farm Bureau federation.

MERCHANT GIVES MORE EVIDENCE

W. F. Penny, prominent merchant of Hendersonville, N. C., and a leader in the civic and business affairs of his section, gives unstinted praise to Taniae, which, he states, has restored his health and overcome troubles that had defied treatment for years.

"For many years," stated Mr. Penny, "I was a great sufferer from indigestion and stomach trouble. Ulceration set in and necessitated an operation. Utter lack of digestive power over a long period so weakened me that I was hardly able to attend to my business."

"Taniae seemed to reach the seat of my troubles at once and now I have normal strength and activity in every way. Taniae is undoubtedly the best stomach medicine to be had."

Taniae is for sale by all good druggists. Take no substitute. Over 40 million bottles sold.—Advertisement.

Just a Week's Run.

"What sort of a baseball team has your town?"

"Well, sir, the first week of the season we were sure we were going to win the pennant, and now there's hardly anybody in this town can tell you whether the team is in fourth or sixth place."

Sure Relief FOR INDIGESTION

BELLANS INDIGESTION 25 CENTS

6 BELLANS Hot Water Sure Relief

BELLANS 25¢ AND 75¢ PACKAGES EVERYWHERE

RELIEF from COUGHS & COLDS

MAJAME ZODAC PORTER COUGH BALM is the old reliable remedy used by your grandfather to relieve coughs, colds, hoarseness and other bronchial ailments. Pleasant taste. Safe for children.

Sold Everywhere—25¢. HALL & RUCKEL, N. Y., MFRS.

INFLEAMED EYES

Use Dr. Thompson's Brevator. Buy at your druggist's or Dr. Brevator, Troy, N. Y., Booklet.

FRECKLES! POSITIVELY REMOVED

For over forty years beautiful women have been keeping their skin soft, clear and free from freckles with Dr. C. B. BERRY'S FRECKLE CURE. Fully guaranteed. Booklet free. Two sizes, 25¢ or 50¢. At druggists or postpaid.

Dr. C. B. BERRY CO., 2514 N. W. 34th Ave., CHICAGO

Light Meal. He was unaware of the eccentricities to be found in the Wild West when he entered what seemed to be the only hotel in the place. After ushering him to a table and giving the stranger a glass of water, the waiter inquired: "Will you have sausage or ham?"

"No, I never eat 'em," the guest replied.

"In that case," said the waiter, "dinner is over."

To Have a Clear, Sweet Skin. Touch pimples, redness, roughness or itching, if any, with Cuticura Ointment, then bathe with Cuticura Soap and hot water. Rinse, dry gently and dust on a little Cuticura Talcum to leave a fascinating fragrance on skin. Everywhere 25¢ each.—Advertisement.

Don't Despair. No affliction, nor temptation, no guilt nor power of sin, no wounded spirit nor terrified conscience, should induce us to despair of help and comfort from God.—T. Scott.

Mrs. Gertrude Sell



AFTER THE FLU If the Flu Left You Weak, or You're in Need of a Tonic to Build You Up, Take This Advice

Houston, Texas—"I was in a terribly run-down condition of health after a siege of pneumonia poisoning, and then the influenza. I could not seem to regain my strength and was really not able to do my housework. I knew I needed a good tonic and builder and remembered how my folks used to regard Dr. Pierce's remedies in my girlhood days, and then I decided to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. After taking the second bottle I found it was doing me a world of good, strength returned rapidly and I felt better in every way. I am glad indeed to recommend the medicine that did me so much good and do not hesitate to give this statement."—Mrs. Gertrude Sell, 1235 Rutland St.

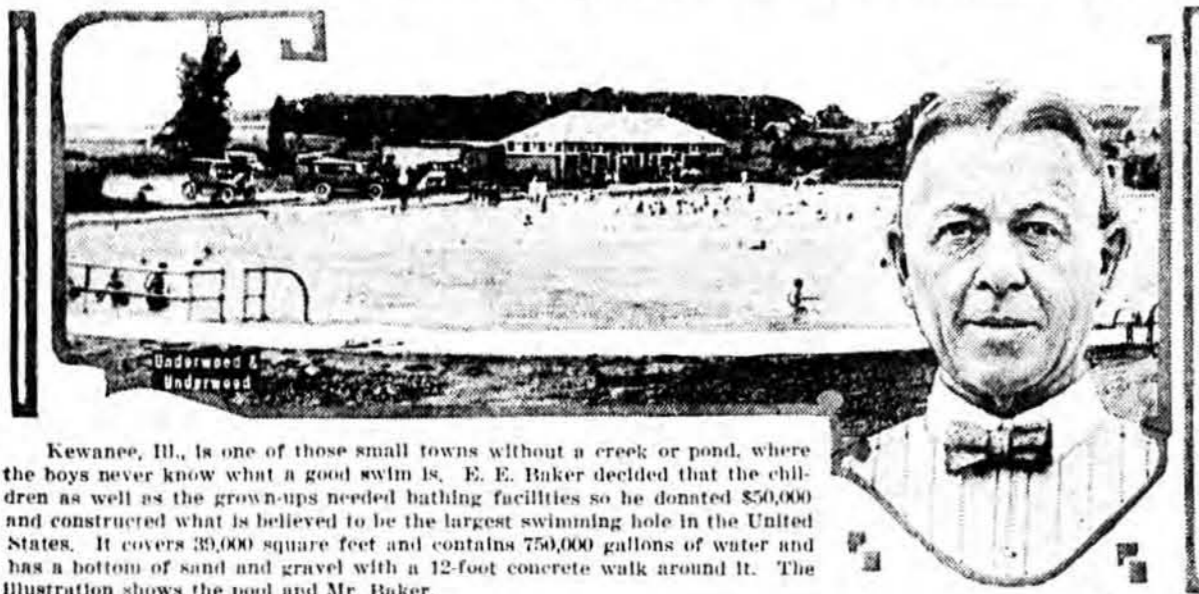
Send 30 cents to Dr. Pierce's Invalids Hotel in Buffalo, N. Y., for trial pkg.

Model of an Ideal Forestry Park Exhibited



The first world's fire prevention congress and exhibition has been in session in New York, with delegates from all over the world attending. The above photograph shows the United States forestry service exhibit of an ideal forestry park in Colorado. H. M. Wheeler of the forestry service at Denver and Thomas H. Gill of the service in Washington showed how fires are controlled in the Colorado forests.

Kewanee Man Gives Boys Immense Swimming Pool



Kewanee, Ill., is one of those small towns without a creek or pond, where the boys never know what a good swim is. E. E. Baker decided that the children as well as the grown-ups needed bathing facilities so he donated \$50,000 and constructed what is believed to be the largest swimming hole in the United States. It covers 39,000 square feet and contains 750,000 gallons of water and has a bottom of sand and gravel with a 12-foot concrete walk around it. The illustration shows the pool and Mr. Baker.

These Boys Are Twins in Every Way



Nature and environment are playing a baffling game with the family of James Clarkson of Chicago. Thirteen years ago twin boys were born to Clarkson, then living near Belfast, Ireland. Since it has been almost impossible to tell Alexander and Henry Clarkson apart, so like are they in physical characteristics. The boys turned to art and painting, and the canvases made by them are alike in execution. Alexander is left-handed. If Henry paints a stag on a mountainside or cows on the hills or the hillside facing right, Alexander paints similar subjects facing left.

Red Cross Gets Polish Decoration



Gen. Josef Haller, the Polish military leader, decorating the American Red Cross, in appreciation of the relief work in Poland after the armistice, with the Poland Restituta. The ceremony took place in the American Red Cross headquarters, Washington. At the left of the flag is Miss Mabel Boardman, secretary of the Red Cross, and standing directly behind her is Col. Ernest V. Bicknell, vice chairman.

TALES OF THE OLD FRONTIER

By ELMO SCOTT WATSON

THE HERO OF FORT DEARBORN

WHEN ON AUGUST 15, 1812, Fort Dearborn, a lonely frontier outpost which stood on the present site of Chicago, was evacuated three miles to the head of the column of troops a white man with his face painted black, the Indian token of a person soon to die. He was Capt. William Wells, a member of a prominent Kentucky family, who as a boy had been captured by the Miami tribe. He had become an Indian in everything except blood, and as a chief of the Miami his hand had slain men of his own race when the western tribes defeated Harnett in 1790 and St. Clair in 1791. Eventually Wells' love for his favorite niece, Rebeckah Wells, had influenced him to desert his adopted people and return to his own. And it was his devotion to her, now the wife of Capt. Nathan Heald, commandant at Fort Dearborn, that had brought him posthaste from his home in Fort Wayne, Ind., when he heard that Dearborn was to be abandoned. Wells knew the treacherous nature of the Pottawatomies, who were then swarming about Fort Dearborn, and he had no faith in their promise of safe conduct for Heald and his soldiers.

His ominous fears were soon realized, for as the little army marched along the sand dunes on the shore of Lake Michigan, the Pottawatomies attacked. For a few minutes Wells put up a gallant fight at the front. Then seeing the savages surrounding the wagons bearing the women and children of the fort, he rode to the rescue. Several Indian bullets struck him, but he managed to reach the side of his beloved Rebeckah.

"My child," he said to her gently. "I have received my death wound." "Oh, no! Not that!" cried the woman in an agony of terror from the terrible scenes going on about her. "Yes, there is no hope," he replied. "All that is left for us is to die as bravely as we can."

The Indians were closing in on them. His horse went down, pinning one of his legs beneath it, but he killed two Pottawatomies who were rushing toward him with tomahawks uplifted. Then he bared his breast, pointed to his heart and ran his finger around the crown of his head as a sign that they were to shoot him and take his scalp. The Pottawatomies had recognized him from the first. They knew him as Black Snake, a warrior of the Miami, as a daring scout for the whites and as one of the bravest men, white or red, on the frontier. So he had his wish. A rifle bullet sped to its mark and his enemies, believing that by so doing they could gain some of his courage, cut out and ate of the great heart of Capt. William Wells, the hero of Fort Dearborn.

WHEN A JOURNEY WAS MEASURED IN "PIPES"

En roulant ma boule, roulant; En roulant ma boule, en roulant me rouler; En roulant ma boule, roulant!

TO THE accompaniment of this gay chanson the paddles dipped and flashed in the sun as the brigade of long canoes swept around a bend in the river. Then at the shout of the bourgeois, "Whoop! la! A terre, a terre, pour la pipe!" the sturdy arms of the voyageurs brought the canoes around sharply and beached them gently on the sloping bank.

For these were the days when the fur trade was the principal industry of the Middle Western frontier and the picturesque figures of the French-Canadian trader (the bourgeois) and his employees (the voyageurs) held the center of the stage.

The voyageur's life was one of difficult tasks, long hours and constant privation. For it all he received the meagre wage of about \$900 a year and daily rations of a quart of level corn and one ounce of tallow or "the equivalent in whatever sort of food is to be found in the Indian country."

But a more light-hearted, happy-go-lucky fellow never lived. Slender, rosy-cheeked and intensely loyal to his bourgeois, he regarded the terms of his engagement as binding to the letter on both parties. Once M. St. Jean, a trader on the Upper Mississippi, ordered one of his voyageurs to go with a party into the forest to chop wood. The man refused.

"I was not hired to chop wood," he declared. "Ah, for what were you hired?" exclaimed M. St. Jean.

"To shoot a bear, monsieur!" "Very well, shoot a bear then you shall," replied the bourgeois.

It was midwinter and the bears were scarce in the neighborhood. But the southern voyageur was married to the fur-trade party in the spirit of a hunt, given a paddle and ordered to start.

There he sat holding the paddle in his hand and waiting for two hours. At the end of that time he was willing to admit that he might perhaps have other than those stipulated in his agreement and he never again refused to obey the orders of his bourgeois.

WOMEN CAN DYE ANY GARMENT, DRAPERY

Dye or Tint Worn, Faded Things New for 15 Cents.



Don't wonder whether you can dye or tint successfully, because perfect dyeing is guaranteed with "Diamond Dyes" even if you have never dyed before. Druggists have all colors. Directions in each package.—Always persistent.

Help Wanted.

Sandy and his lass had been sitting together about half an hour in silence. "Maggie," he said at length, "wasn't I here on the Sabbath night?" "Aye, Sandy, I daresay you were!" "An' wasn't I here on Monday night?" "Aye, so you were." "An' I was here on Tuesday night, an' Wednesday night, an' Thursday night, an' Friday night?" "An' this is Saturday night, an' I'm here again?" "Well, I'm sure ye're very welcome!" Sandy (desperately) "Maggie, wamin'! Dye no begin to suspect something!"—The Continent.

BABIES CRY FOR "CASTORIA"

Prepared Especially for Infants and Children of All Ages

Mother! Fletcher's Castoria has been in use for over 30 years as a pleasant, harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups. Contains no narcotics. Proven directions are on each package. Physicians recommend it. The genuine bears signature of



Nervousness Explained.

"One of the old stock," said the host's description of James, the old and trusted head butler.

This immaculate servant knew to a nicety the right degree of servility to adopt to his master's guests, according to their rank. He never slipped, he never smiled, and to see him conducting operations at a dinner party was to see an artist at work.

And yet tonight James, the immaculate, was plainly unerved. Courses were served in their wrong order, wine was spilt and, as a final blow, salt was upset upon a very superstitious and important old man.

"Anything wrong, James?" the host had inquired soon after the dinner started.

"No, sir," gallantly answered the old servant.

At last, however, when the women had retired to the drawing room he heaved a word with the host.

"I beg your pardon, sir," he murmured in a respectful undertone, "but tonight I have leave for a few moments now? My house is on fire!"—New York Mail.

Took Too Much Time. "There is one thing, Bridget," said the mistress, "that I insist upon. If you break any dishes, come and tell me at once!" "Sure, ma'am," protested Bridget, "I can't be finkin' to ye every minute of the day!"

In Seeds and Labor. "What did you plant in your vegetable garden this summer?" "About half of my income!"

HEALTH FOR WORKING WOMEN

Let Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Help You to Become Well.

Thousands of girls have to work in homes, offices, stores, mills or factories who are physically unfit for work, with often an aged or invalid father or mother dependent upon them for support. Standing all day week in and week out, or sitting in cramped positions a girl often contracts some deranged condition of her organic system which calls a halt to her progress and demands restoration to health before she can be of use to herself or anyone else.

For these distressing weaknesses and derangements these girls have found health to do their work in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. "I had troubles every month," says Carolyn Mangels, "and they interfered with my work as I could never be sure of my time. My mother often suggested that I take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, but I never did until lately. I have had very good results, and am now a private secretary and do my work without missing a day. I recommend your medicine to every girl who speaks of having troubles like I have."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Private Text-Book upon "Allments Peculiar to Women" will be sent you free upon request. Write to the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Massachusetts. This book contains valuable information.

Women Barred by Will.

"No woman to be permitted to be present when my estate is being disposed of," is the injunction set forth by Adam Selforth in his will, filed in New York recently with an appraisal of his estate. Although Selforth left an estate of more than \$200,000, including several houses, he lived the life of a hermit at Bay Ridge for many years, occupying several attic rooms in the house he owned.

Included in Selforth's directions to his executors was this specific expression of his objection to women being present at the settlement of his estate: "It is my desire that none of the wives of my brothers residing in this country be present when my estate is divided."—New York Times.

Olive Emblem of Athens.

How the olive tree came to be the emblem of Athens is told in Greek mythology. Two deities—Minerva and Neptune—wished to found a city on the same spot, and, referring the matter to Jove, the king of gods and men decreed that the privilege should be granted to whichever would bestow the most useful gift on the future inhabitants. Neptune struck the earth with his trident and forth came a war-horse. Minerva produced an olive tree, emblem of peace.

Jove's verdict was in favor of Minerva, who thus became the patron goddess of Athens.

The Real Reason. "Boy, is this the field on which the great battle was fought?" asked the historian.

"No, sir; that he at the top of the hill," answered the native boy.

"Dear, dear!" exclaimed the historian, "that must be a mile away. Why didn't they fight it in this field?" "I suppose because this 'ere field belongs to Farmer Johnson. He never would lend his field for anything, not even for a village sports!"

Twisted. It was his first great speech, and he wanted it to be a success.

His oration was long and passionate, and he wished to end it with a warning.

He could have reached his warning in the old proverb about looking the stable door after the horse was stolen, but that was too commonplace. He wanted something original.

He thought of something better. Then he shouted: "Don't, I beg of you, don't will fill the house-takes fire before you smother the women!"

Grape-Nuts and Milk—One of the few COMPLETE FOODS



WHEN you watch robust men and women at work or at play, does it ever occur to you that their strength and health are largely due to the kind of food they eat?

Grape-Nuts and milk supplies complete and balanced nourishment of the highest order. This delicious dish provides the valuable wheat and milk proteins; the "food minerals," phosphorus, iron and calcium; also the vitamins.

Because of its nutritive properties, its crisp texture, and its easy digestibility, Grape-Nuts is the best-balanced cereal food for young and old.

When used as an ingredient in other foods, it adds remarkable zest and valuable nutritive elements. Recipes will gladly be furnished on request.



Grape-Nuts — THE BODY BUILDER "There's a Reason" Sold by Grocers Everywhere!

Made by Postum Cereal Company, Inc., Battle Creek, Mich.



Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

MOTHER! Fletcher's Castoria is a harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Purgative, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, prepared to relieve Infants in arms and Children all ages of Constipation, Wind Colic, Flatulency, To Sweeten Stomach, Diarrhea, Regulate Bowels...

SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

HOWARD KEENER, Pub. and Owner
Subscription, \$2.00 a Year in Advance
Six Months \$1.50
Three Months \$1.00

Entered at the postoffice at Patagonia, Ariz., as second-class mail matter.

PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY
OFFICIAL PAPER
Santa Cruz County Farm Bureau
Advertising Rates on Application.

To Whom It May Concern: It will be the earnest endeavor of the Santa Cruz Patagonian never intentionally to wound the feelings of any one. Should an erroneous statement appear in the columns of this paper, call our attention to it, and if an error, due correction will be made and ample justice cheerfully accorded.

OUR GUARANTEE—We guarantee the reliability of every display advertiser in this paper, and agree to make good to every paid subscriber any loss that may occur through trusting a display advertiser who proves to be a deliberate swindler. Notice of the complaint must be sent within a month of the time of the transaction, and you must mention the Santa Cruz Patagonian when writing the advertiser.



NATIONAL HIGHWAYS
Newspaper Association Member No. 1706

MINING GAINS

(From the Rocky Mountain News) As a barometer of business conditions, railway shipments are usually infallible and enlightening. Statistics compiled on traffic over the Rio Grande Western in ores and concentrates for the first nine months of this year offer satisfactory proof that mining is much more active than it has been for a long time.

During the first nine months, of 1923 the Rio Grande moved 14,928 carloads, as against 9630 for the whole year of 1922. The estimate for the remaining quarter of this year is conservatively placed at 4694 cars, as the last three months of the year are the best in volume of this type of business.

The total business, actual and prospective, handled by the Rio Grande in ores and concentrates, will therefore be in the immediate neighborhood of 18,776 carloads, or 9146 more than during 1922, showing a gain of 95 per cent. These figures are illuminating. They bespeak the improvement in the mining situation, due to more intensive development, better shipping facilities and tariff protection. The latter has revived tungsten production in the Boulder district, which is expected to produce a million dollars' worth of ore for the current year. New refining processes, introducing economies of great extent, are also included in the causes for the increase.

The conditions disclosed are most reassuring, not only because of their actual results but their promises for the future of the mining industry in this state. When one considers that it has made a gain of almost 100 per cent in the last twelve months, it is time to realize that mining is a live issue.

TALES OF THE OLD FRONTIER

Elmo Scott Watson, author of this series of articles, has spent over 20 years studying the history of scouts, Indians and pioneer events. His own ancestors fought with Boone and Kenton in Kentucky. His boyhood was spent at Colfax, Illinois, near the site of Old Fort Bendine and the Kiskadee Indian town of Katoctan. A university course in Colorado and several years of newspaper work in that state widened his knowledge of frontier subjects. Since 1918 he has been with the University of Illinois as an assistant in the school of journalism.

The tales are as fascinating as dime novels, but are authentic history and will appeal to every member of the family. They will be run in the columns of the Patagonian, the first story of the series appearing in the issue of today.

Edna—'Darling, say the words that will make me the happiest man in the world.'
Edna—'Shall I really?'
Edna—'Oh, if you only would.'
Edna—'Well, then stay single.'
Exchange.
Do something; do it soon—with all thy might.—Charles Willcox.

MICKIE SAYS—

AN EDITOR NEVER REALIZES HOW CLOSE FOLKS READ HIS PAPER UNTIL A FUNNY TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR SLIPS IN!



HELP OUR HOME PAPERS IF WE CAN! CHARLES WILLCOX

WE wish to take this means of expressing to our friends our most sincere appreciation of the many kindnesses shown us during the recent illness and after the death of our beloved one.

MRS. HATTIE A. EVERETT, GRACE B. EVERETT, GEORGE J. EVERETT, WILL EVERETT.

'How I Cleared the Mill of Rats.' By J. Tucker, R. I.

'As night watchman believe I have seen more rats than any man. Does wouldn't dare go near them. Got \$1.25 package of RAT SNAP, inside of six weeks cleared them all out. Killed them by the score every night. Guess the rest were scared away. I'll never be without RAT SNAP.' Three sizes, 25c, 65c, \$1.25. Sold and guaranteed by Patagonia Drug Store and Evans Mercantile Co.

LEGALS

TO THE TAXPAYERS OF SANTA CRUZ COUNTY, ARIZONA

I, Lucille Walker, Treasurer and ex-Officio Tax Collector for the County of Santa Cruz, State of Arizona, do hereby and herein publish and make known that the assessment and tax roll of the County of Santa Cruz for the year 1923 is now in my possession for the collection of taxes levied.

That one-half of the tax on all personal property secured by real property, and one-half of the taxes on all real property, will be due and payable on the first Monday in September and will be delinquent on the first Monday in November next thereafter at 5 o'clock p. m., and unless paid prior thereto 4 per cent will be added thereto as penalty, and interest from the time of the delinquency at the rate of 10 per cent per annum until paid.

That the remaining one-half of the taxes on all personal property secured by real property, and one-half of the taxes on all real property, will be due and payable on and after the first Monday in March next and will be delinquent on the first Monday in May next thereafter at 5 o'clock p. m., unless paid prior thereto, 4 per cent will be added thereto as penalty, and interest from the time of delinquency at the rate of 10 per cent per annum until paid.

That all taxes may be paid at the time of the first installment, as herein provided, in due and payable.

That payment of taxes may be made to the County Treasurer's office of said County, at the County Court House of Santa Cruz County, Arizona, same being located in the City of Nogales, Arizona.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, September 28, 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that Wilbur Tyler Booth, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on December 7, 1918, made Homestead Entry, No. 042508, for 80 ac., Section 23, Township 21 S., Range 18 E., G. & S. R. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arizona, on the 25th day of November, 1923.

Claimant names as witnesses: Victor J. Wagner, Arva, Beahm, Pat J. McCarty, Nathaniel L. Houston, all of Nogales, Arizona.

JOHN R. TOWLES, Register. First publication, October 5, 1923. Fifth publication, November 2, 1923.

Some Time

You will be in need of printing of some kind. Whether it be letter-heads, statements, wedding invitations or public sale bills, remember we can turn out the work at the lowest cost consistent with good work.

NOTARIES PUBLIC

Gray Van Osdale and Howard Keener, or their notary's commissions and one license all legal papers requiring a notary's seal.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

(042020) Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, October 15, 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that Eugene Szymanski, of Arivaca, Arizona, who, on May 10, 1919, made Homestead Entry, No. 042929, for a tract of land described by metes and bounds as follows: Beginning at Corner No. 4 from Section International Boundary Post 7 on 1 1/2 miles S. 12° 02' E., 110.69 chs.; thence N. 69° 30' W., 17.25 chs. to cor. No. 2; thence N. 4° 29' W., 72.17 chs. to cor. No. 3; thence S. 88° 55' E., 13.83 chs. to cor. No. 4; thence S. 21° 27' E., 16.14 chs. to cor. No. 5; thence S. 13° 22' W., 35.81 chs. to cor. No. 1, the place of beginning, containing 158.25 acres, in approximately Sections 7 and 17, Township 21 S., Range 18 E., G. & S. R. Meridian, Colorado National Forest, Arizona, has filed notice of intention to make Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before W. A. O'Connor, U. S. Commissioner, at Nogales, Arizona, on the 20th day of November, 1923.

Claimant names as witnesses: Willam L. Carpenter, Graham Keener, both of Arivaca, Arizona; Harry H. Hubert, Miss Drachman, both of Tucson, Arizona.

JOHN R. TOWLES, Register. First publication Oct. 19, 1923. Fifth publication Nov. 16, 1923.

Hall's Catarrh Medicine

Those who are in a "run down" condition will notice that Catarrh bothers them much more than when they are in good health. This fact proves that while Catarrh is a local disease, it is greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE consists of an ointment which quickly relieves by local application, and the Internal Medicine, a Tonic, which assists in improving the general health. Sold by druggists for over 40 years. E. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

DUFFY & ROBINS

Attorneys-at-Law
Nogales, Arizona

DR. BAYARD FITTS

Specialist
EYE, EAR, NOSE AND THROAT
Nogales, Arizona

LEGALS

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, October 15, 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that Frank E. Deaton, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on the 5th day of May, 1918, made Homestead Entry, No. 042439, for 80 ac., Section 23, Township 21 S., Range 18 E., G. & S. R. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. P. Merrill, U. S. Commissioner, at Tombstone, Arizona, on the 20th day of November, 1923.

Claimant names as witnesses: Frank E. Deaton, Victor A. Dalton, John Patrick, Robert D. Ferris, all of Elgin, Arizona.

JOHN R. TOWLES, Register. First publication October 29, 1923. Fifth publication November 27, 1923.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Phoenix, Arizona, October 18, 1923.

NOTICE is hereby given that Frank E. Deaton, of Elgin, Arizona, who, on December 7, 1918, made Homestead Entry, No. 042437, for 80 ac., Section 17, Township 20 S., Range 18 E., G. & S. R. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make Three-Year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before H. P. Merrill, U. S. Commissioner, at Tombstone, Arizona, on the 10th day of November, 1923.

Claimant names as witnesses: Frank E. Deaton, Victor A. Dalton, John Patrick, Robert D. Ferris, all of Elgin, Arizona.

JOHN R. TOWLES, Register. First publication October 29, 1923. Fifth publication November 23, 1923.

WANTED

WANTED: Men or women to take orders for public utility, insurance, etc. For more information, contact the Santa Cruz Patagonian, Phoenix, Arizona.

FOR SALE OR LEASE

FOR SALE OR LEASE: Mining properties. We have for sale or lease some very productive land, with copper and other mining properties, some prospect, others well developed, with large bodies of good grade ore. Located on the Santa Cruz Patagonian.

Help Wanted—Male and Female

WANTED: Men and women to work in our office. Must be capable of doing office work, with ability to handle correspondence. Good salary offered. Apply to Santa Cruz Patagonian, Phoenix, Arizona.

BRAN—MIDDINGS—SHORTS

The Patagonia Ice & Light Plant has just received a carload of BRAN, which contains middlings and shorts—a fine combination feed for dairy cows and other stock.

Price, per 70 lb. Sack, \$2.25
PATAGONIA ICE AND ELECTRIC PLANT
Patagonia, Arizona

ARIZONA PACKING COMPANY

Our meats are known all over the state. Our meats are butchered in Arizona. ARIZONA PACKING COMPANY, NOGALES, ARIZONA

NEW REDUCED PRICES

Table listing 1924 Models of cars and their prices: Overland Model 91 Roadster and Touring \$645.00, Overland Coupe 940.00, Overland 5-Pass. Sedan 1035.00, Overland REDBIRD 5-Pass. Sport, including all extras 895.00, Willys Knight, Roadster and 5-Pass. Touring 1410.00, Willys Knight, 5-Pass. Coupe Sedan 1835.00, Willys Knight, 5-Pass. Sedan 2060.00, Willys Knight, 7-Pass. Touring 1670.00, Willys Knight, 7-Pass. Sedan 2275.00.

(Delivered in Patagonia)

1924 MODELS NOW ON DISPLAY

WATKINS OVERLAND COMPANY, NOGALES, ARIZONA

425 Morley Ave., Phone 231

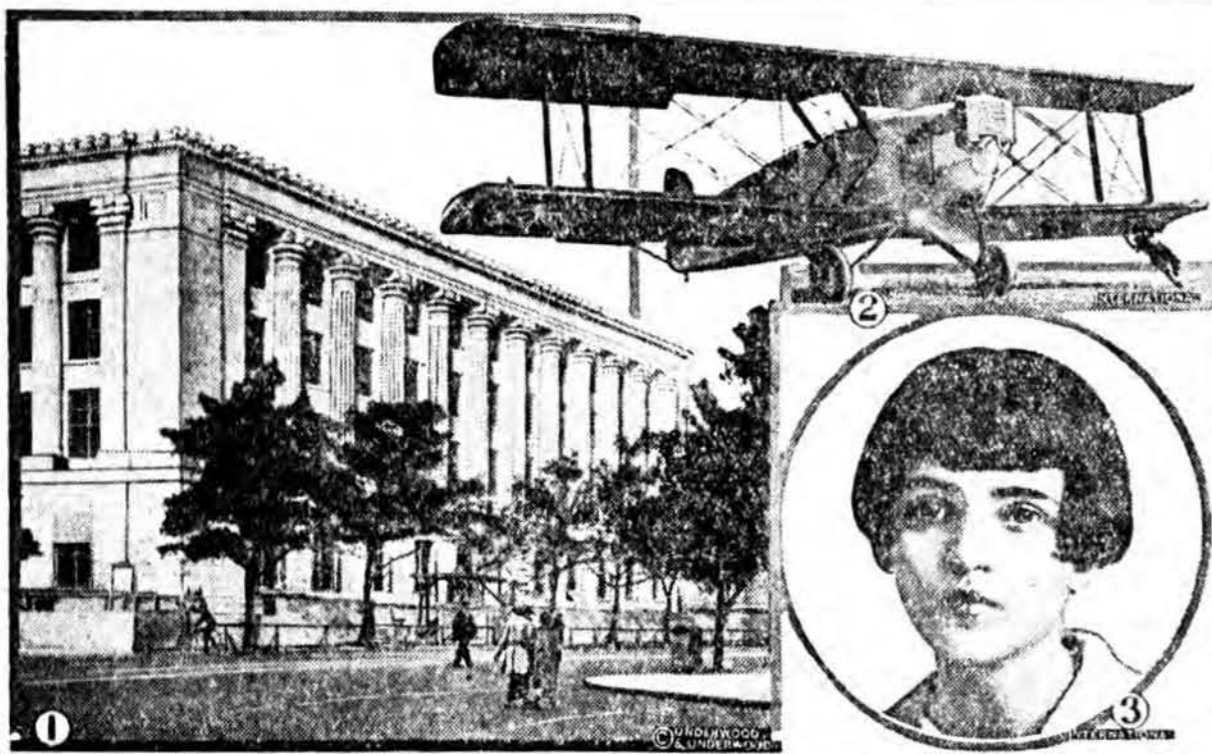
Patagonia Barber Shop
WILLIAM FESSLER, Proprietor
Children's Hair Cutting a Specialty
PATAGONIA ARIZONA

One of the best Hotels in Southern Arizona, with every home appointment for the traveling public is the COMMERCIAL HOTEL PATAGONIA, ARIZONA. Clean Beds, Clean Linen, Cleanly kept. Excellent Lobby. Dining Room in connection.

RICHARDSON REAL ESTATE, MINING & COMMERCIAL CORP. PATAGONIA, ARIZONA. General Merchandise

STAG BARBER SHOP
Geo. Januel, Proprietor. Nogales, Ariz
Hot and Cold Baths

NOGALES-PATAGONIA SHORT LINE
'THE CONVENIENT, COMFORTABLE WAY'
Leave Nogales 9 a.m. Arrive Patagonia 10:30 a.m.
Leave Patagonia 11 a.m. Arrive Nogales 12:30 p.m.
Leave Nogales 5 p.m. Arrive Patagonia 6:30 p.m.
Leave Patagonia 7 p.m. Arrive Nogales 8:30 p.m.



1—Beautiful new building of the United States Chamber of Commerce in Washington, nearing completion. 2—Douglas "world-cruiser" in which army aviators hope to make a flight around the world. 3—Maestro Nini Rinaldi of Milan, aged twelve years, who composed an oratorio entitled, "The Childhood of Saint John the Baptist," and conducted an orchestra of 250 that played it in Tourcoing, France, before musicians from many lands.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

President and Governors Discuss Ways of Enforcing the Prohibition Law.

LLOYD GEORGE ON GERMANY

By EDWARD W. PICKARD
HOW our laws can be enforced, especially the prohibition law, is exercising the minds of a great many Americans these days. A citizenship conference on the subject has just been held in Washington under the auspices of the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, and, so far as the Volstead act is concerned, the addresses of some of the eminent conferees developed a decided difference of opinion. Governor Pinchot of Pennsylvania, calling the present state of things "whisky rebellion," bluntly laid the blame for the lack of its suppression at the doors of the White House. He charged the federal enforcement service with inefficiency and held it responsible for the flood of illegal liquor that is pouring into local communities. He said the government agents, in his belief, not only winked at violations of the law but in many cases acted as graft collectors. He held politics chiefly responsible for the "black disgrace," asserting that in state after state the bills of the dominant party—Democratic or Republican—were paid for years by the liquor interests; and he did not spare the supposedly respectable citizens who patronize the bootleggers and thus maintain the industry.

"The President," declared Mr. Pinchot, "is the only man who can meet the present emergency. It is idle to suggest that the laws cannot be enforced. That the government of the United States, the most powerful nation on earth, with the people overwhelmingly behind it, is powerless before a few thousand, or a few hundred thousand, of asserted lawbreakers is simply unthinkable. The fact is, we have never really tried."

Some people, notably former Governor Allen of Kansas, disagreed with this pronouncement of Pinchot's, and a good many of the President's warmest supporters thought the Pennsylvania had unfairly broken the "gentlemen's agreement" to permit the President to demonstrate his ability to run the government satisfactorily before any other Republican hats should be cast into the nomination ring. They said Pinchot, recognized as a presidential possibility, was trying to put Mr. Coolidge on the defensive.

Mr. Coolidge himself, however, did not appear in the least worried over the situation. Imperturbable as usual, he waited for the opening of the conference of the governors of the states in Washington Saturday, and then set before that gathering what he thinks is the common-sense view of the problem of prohibition enforcement. Without replying directly to Governor Pinchot's charges, he pointed out that an extraordinary change in the habits of the American people cannot be wrought in a few years; that complete prohibition will require time and a long process of education; that to improve conditions there must be a general tightening up of all government agencies, federal, state and municipal.

Before going to Washington the governors met in West Baden, Ind. There, too, they discussed prohibition, and many of them, especially those from the South, expressed the opinion that the dry law should be enforced by the states rather than by the federal government.

IF DAVID LLOYD GEORGE were still prime minister of Great Britain he could not be received with more honor and acclaim than are being given him during his tour of American cities. Everywhere he stops the officials and eminent citizens welcome him and the populace turns out to cheer him and to hear him. Not all his auditors agree with all he says, but every American—except perhaps a few Sinn Fein men and neo-Germans who really are

not true Americans—is glad to listen to the words of the man who more than any other individual won the war against Germany.

Probably his most significant address was that delivered in Chicago. To an audience of 12,000 the former premier set forth in plain terms the British position in the matter of reparations, arguing that, while his country was vitally interested as any other in getting from Germany all that is possible, it believed the way to go about it was to restore the credit of Germany so that she could pay. France's method of seeking to collect by invasion and occupation of the Ruhr, he said, means "revolution instead of reparations" and is "driving 60,000,000 of people into despair."

Mr. Lloyd George then, as he had in other addresses, declared himself wholly in favor of the proposal of Secretary Hughes, that a commission of experts should determine Germany's capacity to pay. He presumed that the United States would be represented on such a commission, and could find no reason why France should object to the plan. In this way, he said, "we would find a way to ascertain how much Germany can pay, and once we have done that, then we could march together to compel her to pay."

In conclusion Mr. Lloyd George spoke of the day of the armistice, saying: "It was a red dawn, but it was the dawn of peace, and our hopes were high. There is an old oriental saying, 'Hasn't been the dawn? Thou hast not yet seen the dusk.' The skies are full of menace. Stormclouds are gathering over Europe. It will need all the wisdom, all the calm, all the judgment of the mariners who are guiding the ship of civilization to navigate it, or else it will be wrecked, with its invaluable cargo of achievement and hope for mankind."

CHANCELLOR STRESEMANN, made virtual dictator of Germany by the passage of the authorization act by the reichstag, is pursuing with determination a path beset with pitfalls. His first announcement was of a complete reorganization of the money system. During the first week of November a new currency, known as the rentenmark, will appear. It will be based on the Reichsbank gold reserve and tributary mortgages on all German real property, and at first will amount to 1,200,000,000 marks, including the reserve. Next there will be an issue of small gold loan certificates to a total of 200,000,000 marks. The paper mark will remain in the field for a time and there will be no effort to control its exchange value. This seemed quite satisfactory to every one, but meanwhile the Socialists and Communists were busy and the people were hungry and without employment.

In Berlin, Leipzig and other places there were desperate food riots which the police could quell only with bloodshed. Then the states of Saxony and Thuringia, where the Communists and Socialists are in control, openly defied Stresemann and the Berlin government. The dictator's military governor of Saxony had ordered the disarmament of the state's protective organizations and the surrender of their arms, threatening military action against them if they did not comply. Herr Zeigler, Socialist prime minister of the state, said he would ignore the order and the Saxons did sustained him. Thuringia, which is governed by "workers" organized much like a Russian soviet, was ordered not to form a republican guard. Herr Froelich, head of the Thuringian government, replied in a long and defiant proclamation, declaring Stresemann's dictatorship unconstitutional and asserting the state would reorganize its defensive forces to carry the fight through to a finish at Saxony's side. The German cabinet at once decided to give full powers to the military commanders in Saxony and Thuringia to see that the orders of the government are carried out.

SEEKING some measure of relief for American farmers, the interstate commerce commission has ordered an investigation into rates and charges on grain and grain products. The inquiry affects all roads carrying these products. The American Farm Bureau federation has asked a 20 per cent reduction in rates on wheat and flour for export, and Secretary Wallace has recommended a 25 per cent increase in rates on farm products.

REPARATIONS between France and industrial magnates of the Ruhr for resumption of deliveries of material in kind to the allies on reparations account are falling through because Herr Stresemann has stated publicly that the industrialists need not look to the German government for payment of such material, especially during the reorganization of the nation's finances. A memorandum to this effect was delivered to Premier Poincare, who declined to discuss the matter at all until the occupied regions resume work and payments in kind. The French intend to continue the exploitation of the seized Ruhr industries, holding that the German government must find a means of paying the owners. If Poincare persists in his present course there is revived danger that France will be isolated against Germany. The British authorities have been studying the Belgian reparations plan known as the "technical studies" and are said to approve of it, and it is believed the Italian and Japanese commission are of the same mind. So far the French have been able to sidetrack any formal consideration of this plan.

The Belgians estimate that by means of mortgages the allies can raise 2,570,000,000 gold marks (\$717,500,000) annually for cash reparations payments, leaving the German government the balance to cover the budget and also to pay for coal and other deliveries in kind. This total is slightly less than the original reparations schedule, which amounted to 2,000,000,000 gold marks (\$500,000,000) in cash plus 25 per cent of the exports annually, an estimated grand total of 3,500,000,000 gold marks.

FOR several days after the American Legion opened its annual convention in San Francisco last Monday it seemed there must be a quarrel over the Ku Klux Klan question that night split the Legion wide open. Delegates from Michigan and other states were determined to force the issue by offering resolutions flatly condemning the Klan. Others were awake to the grave danger involved in this and sought to avert such action. Finally the committee on resolutions came to agreement on resolutions which, while not specifically mentioning the Klan, condemned all organizations fostered by racial and religious hatred.

THE Oklahoma house of representatives tabled a resolution providing for an investigation of every member of the body to determine whether he belonged to the Ku Klux Klan and authorizing the expulsion of all members found to be klansmen. The house committee on investigation and impeachment of Governor Walton and other state officers proceeded with its work vigorously.

ISRAEL ZANGWILL, famous Jewish author and publicist, appeared before the American Jewish congress in New York and asserted that the Jews must forego their political hopes regarding Palestine "rather than throw a match into such a powder factory as the world has become." The congress formally disavowed this view. Next day Mr. Zangwill said he never had seen an audience slower to understand or more dense to appreciate this vital issue. "The trouble today," he added, "aside from a weak British government, is the fact that the Arab understands politics and the Jew does not, because he has lost contact with national politics through 1,800 years' absence from his national home."

IT ISN'T necessary to tell anyone the Yankees won the world's championship now how they won it, but the record must be set down as part of the event of the week. The receipts for the six games played were more than \$1,000,000, of which the players divide up nearly \$325,000. The series was more than economically dramatic in incident.

A five-foot bag of cookies baked by Girl Scouts was presented to Mrs. Coolidge, wife of the President, who has accepted the honorary presidency of the organization. The cookies were presented by a group of Washington Girl Scouts.

President Coolidge has suggested to Samuel Rea, president of the Pennsylvania railroad, that a freight rate reduction be put into effect by the railroad on wheat designed for export and that railroads institute the same rate on export coal as on coal for domestic use.

Public hearings to begin Jan. 15 will mark the final phase of the tariff commission's inquiry into the relation of present tariff duties to the price of sugar to the American consumer, undertaken when the price soared to exorbitant levels some months ago. The increase brought charges that it was caused directly by the duty of 1.75 cents a pound on imports from Cuba and 2.20 cents on other foreign sugar.

Lowland residential sections of Oklahoma City were flooded as the North Canadian river overflowed in recent heavy rains, according to reports received. Land, crops, were eroded, scores of persons are said to have been made homeless, although no lives are believed to have been lost.

General Wood of the baselball universe for 1923. Coming from behind in the eighth inning when defeat seemed certain, the American League champions crushed McGraw's last pitching act, Art Nold, and scored five runs in the sixth game of the series. The final score was 6 to 4. The Yankees won four of the six final games.

All stores were flooded and numerous residences were partly submerged by a magnificent wall of water which swept through parts of Westland, Okla., when the North Canadian river overflowed from recent heavy rains, according to reports received. Land, crops, were eroded, scores of persons are said to have been made homeless, although no lives are believed to have been lost.

Lowland residential sections of Oklahoma City were flooded as the North Canadian river overflowed in recent heavy rains, according to reports received. Land, crops, were eroded, scores of persons are said to have been made homeless, although no lives are believed to have been lost.

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THE WORLD IN PARAGRAPHS

A BRIEF RECORD OF PASSING EVENTS IN THIS AND FOREIGN COUNTRIES

IN LATE DISPATCHES

DOINGS AND HAPPENINGS THAT MARK THE PROGRESS OF THE AGE

WESTERN

Governors Charles O. Mabey of Utah and J. M. Dixon of Montana, and their wives, were injured slightly when the automobiles in which they were riding to West Baden, Ind., for the annual conference of governors, turned over near Odell, Ind.

The United States Department of Agriculture at Washington recently issued a new estimate of this year's sugar beet crop. The estimate forecasts a yield of 1,898,000 short tons of sugar beets in Colorado, which is not far from one-third of the estimated yield of 6,623,000 short tons for the entire country.

Conspiracy to paralyze the rice industry of the Sacramento valley and extend the paralysis into the agricultural industry of the entire state through a general strike of the I. W. W., was exposed in Sacramento by C. S. Morrill, chief of the state bureau of criminal identification, who sent telegrams to all district attorneys and sheriffs in the state warning of the proposed action.

The original resolutions committee report covering Michigan's resolution on the Ku Klux Klan was carried by a second round of "ayes" by the American Legion delegates at San Francisco. "Resolution 407" is termed a "mild denunciation" of the Klan. The substitute resolution offered by Charles Kendrick of San Francisco, calling for a complete denunciation of the Ku Klux Klan was voted down.

A sweeping inquiry into the "entire field of activities and responsibilities of the bureau of reclamation" was instituted with the assembling in Washington of the special advisory committee, invited by Secretary Work to undertake that task. Former Governor Thomas E. Campbell of Arizona was elected chairman and Dr. John A. Whitsoe, former president of the University of Utah, vice chairman and secretary.

A total of 21,500 acres out of the aggregate of 25,000 acres of oil leases offered at auction at Santa Fe, New Mexico, by the government—all on the Navajo Indian reservation—were sold under the hammer. Two groups of leases were offered. Group 1 leases covered land in "wildcat" territory, and Group 2 leases are in the hogback structure, where the Midwest Oil & Refining Company has two producing wells.

WASHINGTON

Successful completion of the recent five-day test in the transcontinental air mail service was only possible, in the opinion of officials of the Postoffice Department, because of the extreme care taken to keep mail planes in perfect condition. Each of the seventy air mail ships is inspected daily in the most minute detail.

Wealthy Americans who violate the eighteenth amendment and "reds" who denounce constitutional provisions designed to protect property, Senator Borah of Idaho declared in an address in Washington, are both traveling the road of lawlessness, sowing the seed of destruction and undermining the whole fabric of law and order.

President Coolidge has decided to follow the course of President Wilson and President Harding in refusing to abrogate certain commercial treaties which Congress directed should be terminated in 1920. The treaties, thirty in number, prohibit the United States from instituting preferential tariff duties on imports carried in American bottoms.

Another message assuring Governor General Wood of the support of the Washington government in his disagreement with a group of native political leaders in the Philippines has been sent to Manila by Secretary Weeks. It is expected in Washington that General Wood will make it public in connection with the latest phase of the internal controversy in the islands.

Public hearings to begin Jan. 15 will mark the final phase of the tariff commission's inquiry into the relation of present tariff duties to the price of sugar to the American consumer, undertaken when the price soared to exorbitant levels some months ago. The increase brought charges that it was caused directly by the duty of 1.75 cents a pound on imports from Cuba and 2.20 cents on other foreign sugar.

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FOREIGN

Fifty or more stores were sacked of food and clothing in Dessau by unemployed and lawless elements. Looting continued almost unintermittently, except by a few respite, but quickly vanquished store owners and shop keepers. Pillaging likewise is reported from many other parts of the Ruhr.

Mention of the name of Eamon de Valera was greeted with prolonged cheering at the opening session of the general assembly of the Sinn Fein, which met at the Mansion House in Dublin. About 1,500 delegates, representing 750 Sinn Fein clubs in all parts of Ireland, filled the round room in the building, the attendance including a few members of the clergy.

Three members of Congress who toured Russia this summer on their own initiative to study conditions at first hand, returned to New York City on the steamship Levantian announcing they favored steps being taken by the United States to establish trade relations with Russia. The three members of Congress were Senators Lael, Republican, North Dakota, and King, Democrat, Utah, and Representative Frear, Republican, Wisconsin.

The British government's acceptance of the suggestion of the Belgian foreign office for a reference of the Belgian reparations plan to the international reparations commission as the basis of a concrete plan in the impending negotiations for a settlement of the question of German reparations, was received at the foreign office in Paris a few days ago. This completes the general accord by all the allies.

With the situation in the Ruhr and Rhineland rapidly approaching a condition of an acute social and economic crisis, with Saxony's socialist-communist ministry continuing its defiance of the central government, and with Bavaria having severed diplomatic relations with Saxony, Chancellor Stresemann's coalition cabinet is confronted with issues which will afford it an early opportunity to make use of the dictatorship authority voted it by the reichstag in the emergency power bill.

GENERAL

There was a difference of \$2,047.58 between the individual shares of the winners and the losers of the World series. The Yankee players received \$6,169.46 each, the biggest figure in the game's history. The Giants' share was \$4,121.88.

The first definite report of loss of life in the flood in Oklahoma City was received when police rescued B. H. Louse and his daughter, Bessie, 10, from a tree top in Wheeler park and learned from them that a boat in which they had attempted to escape had been capsized, drowning Mrs. Louse and a daughter, Clara, 8 years old.

United States Attorney Hayward filed fifty-four injunction and common nuisance suits in Federal Court in New York, under the Volstead act, to close alleged wet saloons, cafes, restaurants and cabarets in New York. The evidence on which the suits were based was obtained by Assistant United States Attorney John Holley Clark.

Working with the efficiency and precision of a body of troops under command of a military strategist, nine armed bandits drove a motor truck into the busy warehouse district of New York City and at the point of pistols forced workmen at the Carnegie Free-trade storehouse to load their truck with bolts of silk valued at \$60,000.

William "Kid" Gleason, the fiery manager of the Chicago White Sox since 1919, has resigned, making the fourth managerial position to be filled in the American League before the opening of the 1924 season. The 50-year-old pilot, with a record of thirty-seven years in baseball, resigned, he said, because he was discouraged with his attempts to reconstruct the club, wrecked by the exposure of the World's Series scandal with Charles nan.

A petition to set aside the recent order of the Federal Trade Commission directing the United Typotheta of America to cease using its standard cost system was filed in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals at Chicago by counsel for the Typotheta. The fate of cost-finding methods of scores of trade associations was said to be involved.

The New York Yankees are the kings of the baselball universe for 1923. Coming from behind in the eighth inning when defeat seemed certain, the American League champions crushed McGraw's last pitching act, Art Nold, and scored five runs in the sixth game of the series. The final score was 6 to 4. The Yankees won four of the six final games.

All stores were flooded and numerous residences were partly submerged by a magnificent wall of water which swept through parts of Westland, Okla., when the North Canadian river overflowed from recent heavy rains, according to reports received. Land, crops, were eroded, scores of persons are said to have been made homeless, although no lives are believed to have been lost.

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Two pleasant ways to relieve a cough

Take your choice and suit your taste. S-B—or Menthol flavor. A sure relief for coughs, colds and hoarseness. Put one in your mouth at bedtime. Always keep a box on hand.

TRADE MARK

SMITH BROTHERS
S.B. COUGH DROPS MENTHOL
Famous since 1847 (originated by S.B.)

Known From Experience. Anxious Mamma—Willie is upstairs crying with the toothache. Practical Father—Take him around to the dentist's. A. M.—I haven't any money. P. F.—You won't need any money. The toothache will stop before you get there. Boston Transcript.

Something Left. The Missionary—My young brother, have you been Christianized? The Native—Not completely. They have gutted all my land, but I still have a few cooties. Indianapolis Journal.

WOMEN NEED SWAMP-ROOT

Thousands of women have kidney and bladder trouble and never suspect it. Women's complaints often prove to be nothing else but kidney trouble, or the result of kidney or bladder disease. If the kidneys are not in a healthy condition, they may cause the other organs to become diseased. Pain in the back, headache, loss of ambition, nervousness, are often times symptoms of kidney trouble. Don't delay starting treatment. Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, a physician's prescription, obtained at any drug store, may be just the remedy needed to overcome such conditions. Get a medium or large size bottle immediately from any drug store. However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Advertisement.

MOTHER! GIVE SICK BABY "CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP"

Harmless Laxative to Clean Liver and Bowels of Baby or Child. Even constipated, bilious, feverish, or sick, colic babies and children love to take genuine "California Fig Syrup." No other laxative regulates the tender little bowels so nicely. It sweetens the stomach and starts the liver and bowels acting without griping. Contains no narcotics or soothing drugs. Say "California" to your druggist and avoid counterfeits! Insist upon genuine "California Fig Syrup" which contains directions.—Advertisement.

BAR CLAY ROOFS IN JAPAN

Earthquake Causes Order Forbidding Use of Heavy Materials for House Coverings. Inquiries for copper roofing to be used in rebuilding the devastated Japanese cities have been made of the Copper and Brass Research association. It is understood that those inquiries are from sources representing the Japanese government. Except for modern American construction in Tokyo and Yokohama, all houses were roofed entirely with large, hand-made clay tiles. These made a very heavy roof, which, when the earthquake tremors first came, caused heavy casualties by falling on the fleeing people in the streets, and by their weight brought about a complete collapse of many houses which might otherwise have resisted the earthquake shocks. It is understood that the Japanese government has already issued an order forbidding the use of heavy roofing materials and is endeavoring to obtain roofing of the lightest possible weight which is at the same time fire-proof and earthquake proof. The attention of their experts has been drawn to the possibilities of copper roofing, in view of its light weight and fire-resisting qualities. Much of the quoness afforded by humanity is cultivated.

Long Enough.

Mr. Skiffitt—The paper says skirts are to be worn longer than ever. Mrs. Skiffitt—Well, you couldn't be figuring on me wearing mine any longer. I've worn it five years this coming fall.—Harper's Bazar.

Many a girl who believes that she is too good to do her housework believes that her mother isn't.

Do you take orders from a Coffee Pot?

IT must be humiliating for thousands of people to confess that they lack the will-power to stop coffee.

They know from experience that it results in irritated nerves; keeps them awake nights; makes them nervous. Yet they don't seem to be able to say "no."

If you find that coffee harms you, change to the pure cereal beverage, Postum. You'll find it delicious and satisfying. And it is absolutely free from caffeine or any other harmful drug, so you can drink Postum at any meal, and as much as you want.



Your grocer sells Postum in two forms: Instant Postum (in tins) prepared instantly in the cup by the addition of boiling water. Postum Cereal (in packages) for those who prefer the flavor brought out by boiling fully 20 minutes. The cost of either form is about one-half cent a cup.

Postum FOR HEALTH

There's a Reason!

DENVER BUSINESS DIRECTORY

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CLEANERS AND DYERS GRUND DRY CLEANING DENVER'S EXPERT DYER ESTABLISHED TWENTY-FOUR YEARS GRUND BUILDING, 17TH & LOGAN

DIAMONDS J. L. SCHWARTZ, Jeweler, Diamonds, Watch repairing, 1009 Sixteenth Street.

INFORMATION DEPARTMENT Commercial inquiries answered and information gladly furnished without cost. Address any firm above.

COLORADO MID-MONTH CROP AND LIVE STOCK NOTES

General—Late crops have matured well in Colorado due to the favorable fall and absence of frost, according to U. S. Division of Crop and Live Stock Estimates. In important agricultural sections in the eastern and northeastern parts of the state, the first killing frost occurred about Oct. 12, and about the last week in September in higher altitudes. Moisture conditions are favorable to fall grains, but have delayed harvesting operations and caused some deterioration in quality of crops. Transportation conditions are generally favorable and marketing of crops progressing about normally for this season of the year.

Grain—The seeding of fall wheat is making the usual progress and due to favorable moisture conditions, fields already sown are in good condition. The harvesting of all grain is about completed, even in the high altitudes, but both harvesting and threshing have been interfered with to some extent by rains. Some wheat fields were not cut due to the severe rust damage. Where threshing has been completed the yield of oats and barley are shown to be generally better than usual.

Corn and Grain Sorghums—Corn has generally matured well, as killing frosts did not occur in important sections until Oct. 12. Moisture conditions have generally been favorable and the yield is above the usual and the grain is of good quality. The crop is generally considered to be the best on record in the history of the state. Some picking and marketing has begun but is not general as yet. Grain sorghums have also produced an excellent crop, but rains have interfered somewhat with harvesting.

Potatoes and Sugar Beets—It is apparent that there is a greater deterioration in potatoes account of blight and other diseases than estimated earlier, due largely to excessive moisture during the latter part of the season. Digging is generally well advanced with yields somewhat below average. Sugar beets, however, are still in good condition, but account of the moisture, the sugar content remains low and harvesting materially delayed.

Fruit and Truck Crops—Apples have matured well but some wind damage and further deterioration from the codling moth has occurred. Picking is about half completed and shipping is in good progress; about 25 per cent moved. The pear crop is practically all picked and shipped, 680 cars forwarded to date. The production is slightly above average. The harvesting of beans is nearing completion, with a crop much above average. Excessive moisture has caused a slight reduction in quality. Lettuce continues in fair to good condition, and shipping nearly completed; onions fair to good and harvesting nearly finished. The marketing of the early cabbage crop is practically done and much of the late crop is already marketed.

Live Stock, Hay and Pastures—Ranges and pastures continue the "best in years" and in many sections grass is curing well. Some complaint, however, is received of grass still being green and lacking in concentrated feeding value. Considerable damage from rain is reported to all hay crops, the quality is low in many sections. Cattle and sheep reflect the high condition of ranges, being fatter than usual. Very little disease or losses from other causes are reported.

New Top for Oil Tanks Tested Chicago.—Dropping a lighted match into a tank containing more than 1,000 gallons of gasoline while he stood above it was the test an inventor put to his "pet" here in demonstrating a new floating airtight, fireproof heavy steel top for oil tanks to a number of the leading oil company officials of the country.

Pistol Duel Fatal Jefferson, Texas.—The sheriff of Marion county and the constable of the county seat engaged in a pistol duel a few days ago and the county is shocked at the loss of two of its most prominent peace officers, both past 50 years of age.

German Consulate in St. Louis Closed St. Louis, Mo.—Dr. Hugo Mundt, German consul here, whose territory comprises Missouri, Arkansas, Kansas, Oklahoma, Kentucky, Colorado and New Mexico has announced that he would close the consulate Dec. 1. The announcement followed receipt of word from Chancellor Strossmeyer to close the office. Dr. Mundt expressed the opinion that the move was in accord with the rigid economic program being put into effect by Germany.

AIR SITUATION IS CAUSE OF ANXIETY

UNITED STATES FALLS BEHIND OTHER NATIONS IN MATTER OF PLANE BUILDING.

COUNTRY IS OPEN TO ATTACK

Military Organizations and Authorities Worried by the Vulnerability of the National Defense Due to Development of Aerial Warfare.

By EDWARD B. CLARK Washington.—The Military Order of the World War, an organization composed of American commissioned officers who took part in the great conflict, has just closed its annual convention in Washington. In its proceedings the organization laid particular stress on the necessity of an increased air service for America unless other nations are to put an end to their ambitious military plane building program.

The American Legion holds its annual convention in San Francisco the middle of October. It will urge the convocation of an international air disarmament conference. It is understood that the administration and the War department in Washington are opposed to the idea of a conference of this kind unless it is certain in advance that the other nations are likely to agree, and it is said that this today seems improbable.

The truth seems to be that the American military authorities, thinking on defense of the country in case of possible trouble, are becoming worried over the air situation.

Men interested in all kinds of airplanes for whatever purpose have just held a meeting in St. Louis. These officers of the service made statements concerning the situation in this country, and the situation in those other countries which are making special efforts to increase their air fleets believing that they will be deciding factors in another war, if it shall come.

America Falls Behind. The whole defense situation has changed since the great war began in 1914. Then it was known, of course, that airplanes would play a great part in offensives and defenses, but it was not dreamed that the day would come when flying machines would be seemingly the all-in-all for war purposes.

France and Great Britain have gone ahead with air preparations on a scale which is somewhat staggering. One nation seems to be building in order to keep pace with the other. Nobody knows where the thing will stop.

As things are today, the United States, while it is abreast of the times in airplane knowledge, is far behind the times in airplane equipment. The aviators of the United States are as good as those to be found anywhere in the world, but the expressed fear is that if trouble shall come the United States actually will be unable to defend itself against airplanes which would come from plane-carrying vessels of a possible enemy.

Gen. George W. Goethals, who was the chief engineer in the construction of the Panama canal, recently wrote an article on the commercial and military features of that waterway. In this article he says: "Without the canal we would be obliged to maintain two enormous fleets for naval protection; without the canal our defensive coast line would be extended down around Cape Horn.

"Recent combined naval maneuvers resulted in the theoretical destruction of the canal locks by the Pacific fleet, and both Secretary of War Weeks and Secretary of the Navy Denby called attention to the vulnerability of the canal now that aviation has taken its place as an offensive fighting arm."

National Defense Is Vulnerable. The Washington Post, in commenting on this article, puts the air situation in just about the way that the American military and naval authorities put it. It says:

"A plain fact stares the people in the face. It is the vulnerability of the national defense, not only at Panama but on all coasts. This vulnerability results from the development of an aerial warfare.

"Foreign nations are not neglecting the new situation that confronts them, as it confronts the United States. They are readjusting their national defenses to conform to advancement in the art of war. No large nations, except the United States and China, are failing to provide defenses against an aerial attack. Great Britain, France, Italy, Japan and the smaller nations have grasped the fact that they must reconstitute their plans for national defense."

Now, it may be that the new administration will do what the American Legion unquestionably is to ask it to do—call a conference similar to the limitation of armaments conference, for the purpose of limiting the building of airplanes. If this is not done, however, it is virtually certain that the United States, in order to insure itself against overwhelming coastal attacks in the future, will be compelled to spend an enormous amount of money on the development of its air service.

Welsh Geed Lloyd George. When Lloyd George comes to Washington he will be greeted by two American cabinet officers whose racial blood is his blood, one of them being Welsh-born and the other American-born of immediate Welsh ancestry. James John Davis, secretary of

labor, born in Tredegar, Wales, and Secretary of State Charles Evans Hughes, born in Glens Falls, N. Y. George, Davis and Hughes are three good Welsh names, and men bearing them are to be found in all parts of the United States.

Secretary Davis went to New York to greet Lloyd George as a representative of the people of Welsh blood in the United States. It is understood that the private car in which the former British premier is to travel was furnished by American citizens of Welsh descent, who prevailed upon Lloyd George to accept the courtesy. Secretary Davis was in England and Wales last summer. He saw a good deal of Lloyd George and it probably is due more to his persuasion than to anything else that the British statesman made up his mind to visit Canada and the United States.

Reception Is American, Not Welsh. Lloyd George speaks Welsh as well as he does English. It is his native tongue. Davis knows Welsh and Secretary Hughes is not unfamiliar with it. He heard it as a small boy and so did a great many other residents of the central part of New York state who did not have a drop of Welsh blood in their veins. There are certain counties in New York where for a long time Welsh residents had, so to speak, a balance of power, but they did not need to exercise it as a balancing power, for most of them belonged to one political party.

It was at one time feared that the Americans of Welsh descent would make the reception to Lloyd George in this country seem like a wholly Welsh affair. Leading Americans of the Welsh racial stock prevented this, for they said that it was America and not Wales that was welcoming the former premier and that as the Welsh never had thought of hyphenating themselves it would not do even to allow the impression of a hyphen to creep into the reception. The result has been, therefore, that except for the courtesy of the private car, Lloyd George's reception is to be an all-American affair.

Some natives of Wales came to the United States in the early days, but the great immigration did not take place until between the years 1835-1850. Central New York seemed to be a lodestone for Welsh immigrants. Hundreds of Welsh families settled in Onondaga county, of which Utica is the principal city.

Lots of Welsh in Utica. One ward in the city of Utica sixty years ago was full of Welsh people and of children of the first generation born in America. Ellis H. Roberts, long time member of congress and long time treasurer of the United States, was a man of Welsh birth, resident in the Second ward of Utica.

The writer of this letter is a product of the Second ward of Utica. Although his parents were not Welsh, he heard, as a boy, more Welsh spoken than he did English, except, of course, in his immediate family. On Sunday mornings in summer he could hear at one time through the open windows of his home three sermons in the Welsh language at once. There was a Welsh church directly across the street, another at the side of the family residence and another just back of it. The Welsh clergymen were lusty-voiced sermonizers.

Americans of Welsh birth or extraction are represented in considerable numbers in nearly all the states of the Union. Secretary Davis said to the writer the other day that it would be possible in any city of fair size in this country to fill any large hall in which Lloyd George might speak with Americans of pure Welsh descent.

In the old days in this country, and perhaps it is so now, the Welsh immigrants had an almost fixed habit of giving their children Christian names that were virtually the same as their surnames. The writer of this went to school with a Richard Richards, a David Davies, an Evan Evans, a Thomas Thomas, and a Humphrey Humphries. He also has a distinct recollection of a boy whose name was Rhee Gwesyn Jones. Just what the Rhee Gwesyn means the writer did not know and does not know to this day, but it looks like good Welsh, although it is possible that after a lapse of many years poor memory may have caused a misspelling of the second part of the name.

Only Two. In certain sections of Kentucky the making of moonshine whisky is still the principal industry. A small native of this district was interestedly interrogating an eastern commercial salesman, a being from another world, as to his life, connections, etc.

"You got a brother?" he inquired. "I had one but he died." "Got shot?" "No, he wasn't shot." "Drink himself to death?" "Certainly not."

"I knowed you was a liar," exclaimed the boy triumphantly. "There's only them two ways of dyin'."—Everybody's Magazine.

Same Thing. "It used to be," said Jones, "it used to be that love was in a cottage. It those days two could live as cheaply as one."

"Yeah," growled the Cynical Husband, "and these days, they only have to whether they can or not."—Richmond Times-Dispatch.

Reindeer Started. Reindeer herds increased in Alaska thirty-three years ago with sixteen animals being proved, until today there are 250,000 head of reindeer in that territory.

BRIEF ARIZONA ITEMS

Work has begun on the \$15,000 home for the Woman's Club of Flagstaff. It will be of the Spanish-Colonial architectural style.

The 1924 convention of the Christian church will be held in Tucson, was decided at the meeting just closed at Douglas.

More than seventy-five beautiful girls took part in the amateur presentation, "King Tut," at Nogales, Oct. 25-26, given under Knights of Pythias lodge auspices.

Governor Hunt told Prescott American Legion men that he would declare Monday, Nov. 12, a legal holiday in view of the fact that Armistice day fell on a Sunday.

The condition of A. Willatt, Los Angeles moving picture director, who accidentally shot himself while filming a movie 100 miles north of Flagstaff, is reported as improved.

Announcement of the appointment of Arizona postmasters includes John A. Williams, Hayden; Matthew A. Phillips, Arivaca; Sara A. Serrano, Litchfield; James E. Mount, Trumbull.

"The Desert Voice," weekly Douglas High School publication, made its initial appearance a few weeks ago. It is a four-page periodical, featuring high school personalities and happenings.

Southern Pacific freight receipts at Yuma showed an increase of \$28,314 in September this year over the same month of last year. Unusually good crops, especially cotton, is responsible local business men say.

That Arizona school children are interested in the state's history is apparent from number of inquiries received by the Prescott Commerce Chamber from various pupils over the state, asking for information concerning Prescott.

Charles A. Rockwood, a former army officer of Des Moines, Ia., was found lying, seriously wounded, in an alley of the business section of Phoenix. It is believed that he was attacked by thugs and beaten with some blunt instrument. A money belt underneath Rockwood's clothing was found by hospital attendants to contain \$9.40.

Arrangements for the football classic of the 1923 Arizona season—the game at Phoenix on Nov. 12, the opening day of the Arizona State Fair, between the University of Arizona and the California Aggies—have been completed. With the Phoenix III-El Paso III game on the last day of the fair, Phoenix will have the greatest football week in its history.

The opening of the new \$750,000 Union station at Phoenix recently was marked by elaborate ceremonies and celebration. The new station, said to be one of the finest in the Southwest was placed in service with the arrival of a special train from Tempe and Mesa, carrying civic organizations from those places to participate in the formal opening.

Information received by Dean G. M. Butler of the College of Mines and Engineering at Tucson, states that the Tucson engineering work in the state institution has been recognized by the board of regents of the State Department of Education of New York. A thorough investigation of the course and standards preceded the granting of the recognition.

An exhaustive study of Arizona geology will soon be published by the Arizona Bureau of Mines. It was recently announced at Tucson. The book is the work of N. H. Darton, noted geologist, and is said to be the most complete publication of its kind ever attempted. One hundred half tons and as many zinc etchings are included in the 400 pages that will make up the book.

Plans are under way for the early erection of the cyanide plant of the Verde Inspiration Copper Company at Cherry, machinery for which is already on the ground. W. W. Linesha, general manager, is in charge of the work. While it is thought the property will develop into a copper one at depth all efforts at the present are to be directed to the gold values.

The Skull Valley Fair was a great success, with hundreds of exhibits and amusement features to entertain the throngs. The fair represented the territory extending from the Copper Basin mountains to Seligman and Ash Fork, and from Ash Fork to the Black canyon and Mingus mountain, including Prescott, Miller valley, Williamson valley, Big Chino valley, Mayer, Cordes and Skull valley.

At a meeting of good roads boosters of a number of the counties of the state held at the Federal Court building at Globe, the Atlantic-Pacific Highway Association was endorsed and it was decided to cooperate with that national organization, in every way, shape and manner possible. L. L. Henry of Globe was elected chairman of the meeting and W. E. Barnum of Graham county was elected secretary.

One square block of residences and business buildings were destroyed by fire which broke out at the edge of the main business district of Nogales, Sonora, across the international boundary from Nogales, Ariz. No lives were lost, according to reports.

The Calumet and Arizona is to install a new pumping system at the Junction mine at Warren. Three specially built Prescott pumps will be used to lift the water from the 220 level to the surface, this being the lowest lift in any mine in the United States.

INDEPENDENCE IS PROCLAIMED

RHINELAND DECLARES INDEPENDENCE FROM BERLIN—SEPARATISTS FOR GOVERNMENT

REPUBLIC IS SET UP

NEW CURRENCY WILL BE ISSUED TO SUPPLANT GERMAN MARK

Aix la Chapelle, Prussia.—A Rhineland Republic has been proclaimed here. Rhinelanders occupied the public building without opposition from the security police.

They purpose immediately to begin extension of their control throughout the Belgian area. The city was calm. The public buildings occupied by the separatists displayed the colors of the Rhineland republic—green, white and red. Two proclamations were read. The first of these said: "To the People of Rhineland: The hour of liberty has struck. Berlin has plunged us in distress and misery. We come to our own assistance.

"We proclaim today a Rhineland republic. Free and independent, we wish to live in peace and friendship with our neighbors and to work in an effective manner with them for the reconstruction of Europe.

"Workers, every man to his post! Immediate care will be taken to assure peace, work and bread.

"(Signed) THE PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT "Leo Deckers and Dr. Gutbark."

The second proclamation read as follows: "The Rhineland republic is an accomplished fact. Any resistance will be crushed pitilessly. Pillagers and disturbers of the public order will be punished with the severest of penalties.

"We shall apply all our care to the questions of food supply and work and will preserve order and peace."

This proclamation was signed in the same way as the first.

Deckers informed the press that he planned to have all the cities in the French and Belgian areas, plus Elberfeld and Barmen, in the unoccupied territory, in the hands of the Republic within five days.

He said, "German paper marks will be considered foreign money. We plan within the next few days to issue a new currency, to be called the Rhineland franc on a par with the French gold franc and secured by mortgages on all public buildings occupied, at least until we can establish a permanent gold reserve."

Deckers said that the new francs would probably be printed in Brussels or Paris.

Leo Deckers is a native of Aix la Chapelle, about 60 years of age. He is a prosperous cloth and chemical manufacturer and has been associated with the separatist movement for four and a half years, but has always worked in the background.

The Belgian authorities outwardly are taking the attitude of interested observers, but in reality are acting as a sort of godfather to the republic.

Agricultural Survey Planned. Washington.—A world survey of agriculture is being made at the direction of Secretary Wallace. It was announced here a few days ago, to keep American farmers informed as to foreign competitive conditions and to indicate what opportunities exist abroad for the sale of American farm products. The information obtained by the investigators, it is believed, will enable farmers intelligently to anticipate vital changes in world agriculture, instead of being forced to carry on their operations in the dark.

Governors Adopt Coolidge Plan. Washington.—A sweeping program of federal and state co-operation and education—designed to dry up America and stop the leakage in the Volstead act and the Eighteenth amendment—was adopted by President Coolidge's "law and order conference" at the White House attended by the governors of thirty-six states and territories. The program was agreed on only after four hours and a half of oratory, during which three governors, Al Smith, Democrat, of New York; Albert C. Ritchie, Democrat, Maryland, and Cameron Morrison, Democrat, of North Carolina, denounced the Volstead act and informed the President and their colleagues that, in their opinion, the law was not enforceable and should be changed. The program was presented to the governors by President Coolidge himself. All of the governors agreed to it.

Food Strikes Called Fraud. Dublin.—Fraud was President Coolidge's characterization of the Mount Joy hunger strike in a speech he delivered here. When the strikers were searched, he said, brown bread and food pastilles were found in their pockets. Austin Stack started his hunger strike forty-eight hours after the others. President Coolidge declared Ernest Blythe, minister of finance, at the same meeting announced that the prisoners would not be released and added that they would not die.

POULTRY

Wheat Given Important Place as Poultry Feed

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

With the price of wheat in several states lower than, or about equal to, the price of corn, poultry specialists in the United States Department of Agriculture point out the desirability of giving wheat an important place in poultry rations. The influence of war-time conservation of wheat is still evident, according to specialists of the department, but there are no longer any economic reasons for conserving wheat or using it solely as a human food. On the other hand, it is so plentiful and cheap in many localities that it is a more economical live stock and poultry feed than corn.

Corn and wheat are the two best grains for poultry and are about equal in value for this purpose, although wheat can be fed alone better than corn, which is inclined to be fattening. Best results are obtained when wheat and corn are combined about equally in egg-laying rations. Following is a good scratch mixture: 1 pound cracked corn, 1 pound wheat, 1 pound oats.

While wheat is an excellent feed for dairy cows and meat animals, it needs to be ground for best results with such stock, whereas poultry relish it and utilize it as whole grain.

The department points out also that wheat at 80 cents per bushel, which was the approximate current price recently in seven Middle Western states, is \$20.00 per ton, which is a lower price than prevails for various other feeds having no greater nutritive value. The department's recommendations for putting wheat back on a par with husks as a stock feed are reinforced by action already taken by some farmers. A co-operative association of Michigan farmers recently published a list of feeds for which wheat could be more economically substituted. This association contends that the local wheat market was below the cost of production and that local wheat would bring more when fed to live stock than when sold on the open market.

Wheat for Chickens Is Recommended to Farmers

Wheat fed to chickens is worth considerably more than wheat sold at the present market price, say poultrymen at the Ohio State university, who have modified their rations to allow for this fact.

They are substituting whole wheat for corn in the scratch feed, and intend to continue this substitution as long as the bushel price of wheat stays below the bushel price of corn.

But the largest saving, they say, comes from grinding wheat, and substituting whole wheat in the dry mash for the bran and middlings usually fed. The old formula for the standard Ohio dry mash was equal parts of bran, middlings, cornmeal, ground oats, and meat scrap or tankage.

The new formula, now being fed at the college poultry plant, and recommended to all farmers with 95 per cent wheat on their hands, is: 2 parts ground whole wheat, and 1 part each of cornmeal, ground oats and meat scrap or tankage.

The whole wheat, it is said, increases the feeding value of the mash. Each hundredweight of wheat so fed saves buying that much bran and middlings. With middlings at \$40 a ton, wheat has a substitution value of around \$1.20 a bushel when thus fed.

The farmer with a good sized flock could more than pay for a feed grinder by the saving made under this plan, the college people believe.

Damp Quarters Cause of Roup and Other Diseases

Damp, dark quarters often are one of the main causes of lack of thrift, disease and loss among fowls on the average farm. Filth and dampness cause 90 per cent of the colds, roup and most of the other diseases that ravage the farm flock. Coldness is not nearly so destructive as dampness, for dampness seems to work through the feathers of the fowls and produces a creepy, chilly sensation that is not at all pleasant. Fowls can stand plenty of fresh air and ventilation so long as it is a dry cold.

To prevent the conditions outlined above, if you have an earth floor in the henhouse, fill in the entire floor at least six inches above the level of the ground on the outside of house. If there are any cracks in the walls or roof through which the wind and rain can blow, close them up at once.

The saddest part of all the destruction caused by drafts and dampness is that such conditions can almost always be easily remedied.

Plans to Prevent Moist Mash From Packing Hard

An excellent way to prevent moist mash from packing into an indigestible mass in the crop of the hen is by adding short-cut alfalfa or clover hay to the mixture. This sort of food may compose as much as 20 to 25 per cent of the mash by bulk in most cases. The most essential thing in this case is that the hay be leafy and not in quite short lengths. Before mixing with the mash, first soak the hay in a bucket of water for several hours.

WRIGLEYS

Take it home to the kids. Have a packet in your pocket for an ever-ready treat.

A delicious confection and an aid to the teeth, appetite, digestion.



Take It From Mary. Father—I met the school principal today; he's very dissatisfied with you. Little Mary—Don't you care, daddy. It's all in the spirit of the times. Dissatisfaction is spreading, you know, and people are striving for something they'll never reach, instead of being satisfied with what they have—just as you've always said.

Aspirin

Say "Bayer" and Insist!



Unless you see the name "Bayer" on package or on tablets you are not getting the genuine Bayer product prescribed by physicians over twenty-two years and proved safe by millions for

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Accept "Bayer Tablets of Aspirin" only. Each unbroken package contains proper directions. Handy boxes of twelve tablets cost few cents. Drugists also sell bottles of 24 and 100. Aspirin is the trade mark of Bayer. Manufacture of Monocarbonylchloride of Salicylic acid.—Advertisement.

Sure Cure. "You go to your druggist," said the doctor to his patient, "and ask him for some lodyhydrargate of iodine of potassium, some ankydrotychochloral and some dioxymidouraseno-honol, and I should not be surprised if with those we shall be able to triumph over your loss of memory."

Hall's Catarrh Medicine

will do what we claim for it—rid your system of Catarrh or Deafness caused by Catarrh. Sold by druggists for over 40 years. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio

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PATENTS

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Swift's Naptha Soap, 6 bars.....	25c
Bob White Soap, 6 bars.....	24c
Cudahy Naptha Soap, 7 bars.....	25c
Palm Olive Soap, each.....	8c
Crema Oil Soap, each.....	8c
Lava Soap, each.....	7 1/2c
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Simbrite Cleanser.....	6c

Cereals

Post Toasties.....	9c
Kellogg's Corn Flakes.....	9c
Aunt Jemima's Pancake Flour.....	15c
Crema o' Wheat.....	23c
Grape Nuts.....	17c
Quaker Toy Oats.....	10c

Tri-State Macaroni, 7-oz. package.....	7c
Tri-State Spaghetti, 7-oz. package.....	7c
Skinner's Macaroni.....	7 1/2c
Skinner's Spaghetti.....	7 1/2c
Skinner's Noodles, Vermicelli, etc.....	7 1/2c

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YOUR LUCK COFFEE, 1-lb. tins..... 39c
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SUNSET GOLD BUTTER, just as pure as gold, per pound..... 55c

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Red Wing Grape Juice, individual size.....	10c
Red Wing Grape Juice, pints.....	30c
Red Wing Grape Juice, quarts.....	59c
Red Wing Grape Juice, half gallons.....	94c

50-Foot, five-strand Wire Clothes Lines.....	40c
Clothespins, common pins, 2 dozen to package, per package.....	7c
Clothespins, Bull Dog Spring, 3 dozen to package, per package.....	22c
Toothpicks, Diamond or Ideal, per pkg.....	3 1/2c

Calumet Baking Powder, 1-lb. tins.....	27c
Calumet Baking Powder, 5-lb. tins.....	\$1.10
Campbell's Soups, all flavors.....	10 1/2c
Dr. Price's True Flavored Extracts, full 2 ounces.....	35c
Dr. Price's True Flavored Extracts, full 1 ounce.....	21c

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NOGALES, ARIZONA

G. T. WILSON SUCCEEDS CRABLE AS DEP. U. S. ATTORNEY

Appointment of George T. Wilson as assistant U. S. district attorney with headquarters in Phoenix followed the announcement recently of the resignation of Francis D. Crable, District Attorney P. H. Bernard of Tucson, who is attending the present session of court in Phoenix, announced the resignation and the appointment.

Mr. Crable's resignation is to take effect November 1 and was tendered because of his intention to enter the practice of law at Prescott. He announced. Mr. Wilson is to take over the duties of his office on that day.

Warm commendation of the work of Mr. Crable during his services as assistant district attorney was expressed by Mr. Bernard and also by Judge Fred C. Jacobs, in whose court the retiring official has been chief prosecutor.

Mr. Wilson has been engaged in the practice of law since 1912, with the exception of two years spent in the army, during which service he was wounded overseas and was in the hospital more than a year as a result. He has been a resident of Phoenix since the early spring of 1920.

Mr. Crable resigns to form a law partnership with Howard Cornick of Prescott, who specializes in mining cases.

LIVESTOCK BOARD RETRENCHES

Phoenix, Oct. 23.—Because of a lack of funds the state livestock sanitary board, at its recent meeting began a policy of retrenchment by consolidating a number of the inspection districts in the state. The inspection force also was temporarily cut down with the laying off of several inspectors. In addition, the board took up a large number of routine matters connected with the operation of the office of the board.

The inspectors are paid from the fees collected for the inspection of cattle, and as there have been few shipments the income has not been sufficient to meet the salaries of the inspectors, according to Charles T. Francis, secretary of the board. For that reason many of the inspectors were dispensed with and some districts consolidated.

AT THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL

The following guests registered at the Commercial Hotel this week:

J. H. James, Winton, Tex.; Frank J. Sweeney, Los Angeles; George Sanders, Patagonia; M. J. Morris, San Francisco; Lee H. Gould, Nogales; B. Hoffer, El Paso; B. Maier, Benson; Mrs. Nettie Moody, Lodi; T. E. Healy, Lodi; J. B. Cook, Wilcox, Ariz.; A. L. Henev, Fairbank; F. Watson, Pueblo, Colo.; Evelyn Bentley, Tucson; C. A. McGlavery, Tucson; A. B. McGlavery, Tucson; F. A. Clark, Los Angeles.

ZEV OUTRUNS PAPYRUS

Zev, the Rancones stable's crack 3-year-old horse, outran Papyrus, the English Derby winner by six lengths in their international match race at Belmont Park, N. Y., last Saturday.

The race was over a distance of one and a half miles. Time, 2:36.15.

The purse was for \$100,000, \$80,000 to the winner and \$20,000 to the loser. My Own and My Dear are matched to run soon for a \$20,000 purse.

GENERAL ORTIZ REVOLTS

Mexico City, Oct. 19.—General Emiliano Ortiz, formerly chief of rurales of the state of Hidalgo, has revolted and fled to the mountains with 50 followers, where he has raised the flag of Agrarianism, according to reports.

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Mahogany calf; perforated tip; stitched whole quarter; welt sole; half rubber heel; 12 1/2 to 2-2 1/2 to 5 1/2 at \$3.98.

Warm Coats for Winter

Quality Garments—Priced Low



We have a splendid showing of Women's Coats at a saving. Striped sport coats and lustrous Bolivias lined with striped venetian or crepe. Self or fur collared. In black, navy, brown, and kit fox. Sizes 16 to 44.

\$24.75 to \$49.75

Men's Heavy Flannel Shirts

Appreciated by All Who Wear Them

Preferred on account of their warmth and good quality. They give long service. Get your supply for cold weather months ahead.



Choice of Khaki or Gray

Just as pictured—these desirable shirts have two large button flap army pockets and are coat cut. A big flannel shirt value at only

\$1.98

Always Keep Him Warm

Here's the Mackinaw to Do It!

There is nothing more important for health and enjoyment's sake, than to keep the little fellows warm. These Mackinaws come in sizes 3 to 10 years, and there's no garment more useful and enjoyed.

Bring Your Boys in to See These Attractive Mackinaws!

Warm, comfortable double breasted models in 30-ounce all wool western mackinaw cloth. Notched collar, all around belt, two slashed pockets. Attractive patterns.

This is a semi-overcoat style that delights the boys—and this price will delight parents:

\$4.49



Young Men's Mackinaws

For the Great Outdoor!

For warmth, comfort, service. Extremely popular. An all-occasions' need—and priced so as to be available for all kinds of purses!

Made of 30-ounce all-wool. A double-breasted model with 6-inch shawl collar and all-around belt with wide loops. Two large pockets with flaps to button and one breast pocket to button. Roomy sleeves with cuff. Cut 34 inches long. In assorted, plain and fancy patterns. The workmanship in these Mackinaws pronounces them as being not of the ordinary kind.



NATION-WIDE VALUE—

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Handy Coats

Warm and Serviceable



One of the Big Values Men Find Here!

For the active outdoor worker. A medium weight coat with moleskin shell and good quality sheepskin lining; sleeves lined with suede cloth; beaverized sheepskin collar, all around belt and four pockets.

Nation-Wide Value

\$10.90

Work Vests

For Outdoor Men



A Man's Friend!

Vests with moleskin shell, leather sleeves, sheepskin lined to one edge and to bottom, knitted worsted collar and cuffs, three leather edged pockets—cut 23 inches long.

A Lot of Money's Worth in These Vests at

\$8.90

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We have a little book which we wish might be read in every home in the United States.

While it has gripping interest as a story of the experience of countless homes, especially homes of newly married couples, it has a climax that means a great deal to thinking people.

The book is entitled, "The Turning Tide." We would be pleased to present you with a copy the next time you call or will mail one to you upon request.

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