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PATAGONIA IS IN THE
HEART OF THE WORLD'S
RICHEST COPPER, SILVER,
GOLD AND LEAD DISTRICTS

SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN



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JOIN PATAGONIA'S CHAMBER OF COMMERCE & MINES
AND BE A BOOSTER FOR THE
TOWN AND DISTRICT.

VOL. XII

PATAGONIA, ARIZONA, FRIDAY, APRIL 11, 1924

No. 19

PERSONAL AND SOCIAL

I am representing one of the strongest fire insurance companies in the world. Call and see me, or send in our old policy for renewal. Howard Keener, Patagonian office, Patagonia, Ariz.—Adv.

Among the upper county visitors to Nogales Monday were: Sam White of Elgin, Charles Everhart and Jim Rountree of Vaughn, Mr. Magruder of Tubac, and T. E. Heady, of the San Rafael valley.

Mr. and Mrs. James Parker and John Costello were Nogales visitors Monday.

P. J. and Arthur Wilson, returned Tuesday from California, where the latter has been located for the last two years. They own ranches in the San Rafael valley and believe the season is favorable for bumper crops this year, owing to the bountiful precipitation of moisture.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed S. Black of Sonoita will entertain a party of friends tomorrow night at their ranch, dancing will be included in the program of entertainment.

Mrs. M. A. Fryer has gone to Tucson for an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. Frank Allison.

Mrs. A. C. Best was visiting friends in Patagonia Saturday.

Herman Bender, Harshaw merchant, was in town Tuesday, accompanied by Mike Long, mining man.

Lee H. Golub, county agricultural agent, of Nogales, was in Patagonia Wednesday.

It's better to insure your property than to wish you had. See Howard Keener at the Patagonian office.—Adv.

Ben Swanson of Sonoita was a business visitor to Patagonia Monday.

Mrs. Bud Baldwin and Mrs. Clyde McPherson of the San Rafael valley were shopping in town Tuesday.

Will Routh, prominent cattleman of Elgin, was a business visitor Tuesday in Patagonia.

Herman Passow of Sonoita was a Tuesday visitor in town.

Mrs. E. E. Bethell, who had been spending several weeks in California, returned home Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. William Williams of Tombstone passed through Patagonia Tuesday on their return home from Nogales, where they had spent a few days visiting Mrs. Williams' brother, Eddie Jones.

Willie Hoy of Nogales was a Patagonia visitor Tuesday.

W. D. Gray and Fred Goldsmith of the 3-R district were in town shopping Tuesday.

John Oliver, poultryman of the San Rafael valley, was a business visitor to Patagonia Tuesday.

Senator C. A. Pierce returned home Sunday from Phoenix, where he had been called by the governor in connection with the state highway investigation committee of the state legislature, of which he was a member.

Two cars of ore were shipped this week to El Paso. The Jefferson, in the Santa Rita mountains, near Salero, shipped one car, and the American mine, near Harshaw, in the Patagonia mountains, furnished the other carload shipment.

Messrs. Peterson and Phillips, representing a prominent tobacco manufacturing concern, were in town Saturday in business for their firm.

E. F. Bohlinger was a business visitor to Nogales Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Wilson were Nogales visitors several days last week.

Mrs. James F. Reilly and father of Tucson were in Patagonia Saturday visiting friends.

Insure your property in a sound, old, reliable company. Howard Keener has been appointed local agent. Call at the Patagonian office and get information and rates.—Adv.

ANNUAL CONVENTION OF STATE TREASURERS AND RECORDERS

The annual convention of county assessors was held in Nogales Monday and Tuesday at the courthouse, and a meeting of county treasurers was arranged for at the same time.

The meeting of the state treasurers was suggested by State Examiner Frank Edinborough to discuss a method for a uniform system of accounting in the various county treasurers.

The meeting was attended by State Auditor Richard Ramsey, who made an address at the joint meeting of auditors and treasurers. Howard Smith, of the state treasurer's office, also made an address, as did Sydney Osborn, ex-secretary of state.

The county recorders organized an association Monday and elected Recorder Hutchinson of Cochise county as its first president. Recorder Chapman of Yavapai county was chosen secretary-treasurer of the new organization. Practically every recorder in the state attended the meeting.

State Auditor Richard Ramsey announced while in Patagonia on his return to Phoenix that he would not be a candidate for re-election, but intended entering private business after the expiration of his term. Wayne Hubbs, state treasurer, who cannot succeed himself, will be a candidate for the state auditor's position.

Senators C. A. Pierce and Mrs. P. M. Etchells motored to Nogales Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Bert Hayward of Kansas City spent the weekend visiting Mrs. Hayward's brother, C. A. Pierce, and family. They were on their way to Los Angeles.

Neil McDonald spent Sunday in town visiting Mrs. McDonald.

Mrs. Chester Brodine arrived in Patagonia Monday for a brief visit.

T. E. Heady, manager of the Greene Cattle Company's Son Rafael valley ranch, was a county seat business visitor Monday.

A. C. Dalton of Elgin was among the county seat visitors Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Gatlins were in Nogales shopping Saturday.

Mrs. H. J. Patterson, wife of the undersheriff, who has been assisting county school superintendent, Mrs. Grace A. Farrell, for some time, has taken a position with the telephone company in Nogales.

The Grand Canyon was chosen as the place for the next meeting place, some time next October.

ENGINEER GOODMAN QUILTS POST

Phoenix.—The resignation of Frank R. Goodman as state engineer was accepted April 4 and W. W. Lane, assistant state engineer, was appointed as acting state engineer to serve until Goodman's successor is chosen.

Governor Hunt stated he had no explanations to make for his acceptance of the resignation of the state engineer.

E. W. Samuell, secretary of the state board of institutions, who was named director of the highway department by the governor a short time ago, said the reason for the acceptance of Goodman's resignation at this time was lack of cooperation after he had been deposed as head of the highway department.

On April 9 Governor Hunt appointed William C. Fefebvre, engineer of the state land department as Goodman's successor. Fefebvre is a former Pima county engineer.

DINNER PARTY AT COMMERCIAL

Tuesday afternoon Mr. E. F. Bohlinger entertained a party of friends at dinner at the Commercial hotel. Those present were Richard Ramsey, state auditor; Sydney Osborne; Howard Smith, connected with the state treasurer's office, Phoenix; Walter Jones, county treasurer of Mojave county; Miss Lucy Valenzuela, Miss Grace Van Osdale, E. F. Bohlinger and Howard Keener, of Patagonia.

AT THE COMMERCIAL HOTEL

The following guests registered at the Commercial Hotel this week:

Rock B. Johnson, Tucson; W. S. Pratt, Tucson; J. W. Garden, Salero; E. R. Wager, Parker Canyon; Richard Ramsey, Phoenix; Sidney Osborn, Phoenix; "Cassey" Jones, Howard Smith, Phoenix.

MAJOR KELLY IMPROVING

Major George H. Kelly, state historian and publisher of the Douglas Daily International, who has been seriously sick for some time, is reported to be improving, although in a very weak condition. He is in a Phoenix hospital, from which frequent reports are sent concerning his condition.

Regular rehearsals are being held for the big show, under the direction of Eddie Jones.

MICKIE SAYS—

MANY A COPY OF THIS PAPER GOES INTO A STORE, IS READ BY EVERYONE THERE, AND THEN IS TAKEN HOME BY THE PROPRIETOR, WHERE HIS HULL FAMILY READS IT. THUS OUR READERS ARE FOUR OR FIVE TIMES AS MANY AS THE ACTUAL NUMBER OF PAPERS WE PRINT



VAUGHN

SUNDAY SERVICES AT VAUGHN

In spite of inclement weather, the Vaughn Sunday services were well attended.

Because of severe illness in his family, Mr. George C. Sleeth was not at Vaughn on Sunday.

The Wheatley brothers and Mrs. Wheatley, assisting our excellent home talent, rendered fine music.

Mr. Bob Wheatley gave an interesting discourse. Would there were more young men like him. Such a fine life committed to the guidance of the wise and all-powerful God must count for righteousness. There are many of him in Tucson.

Breaching at Vaughn next Lord's Day, April 13, probably by Brother Sleeth. If not, by someone else.

JEFFERSON DAY BANQUET

Nogales.—Much interest is being taken in the annual Jefferson Day banquet to be held by Santa Cruz county Democrats Monday evening at 7 o'clock at the banquet rooms of the Masonic Temple, Nogales. It is expected that 150 persons will be present. The dinner will be served by the Parent-Teacher's Association.

Jefferson's birthday is April 13, and falls on Sunday this year. The banquet was arranged for Monday, the 14th, for that reason.

The program committee is composed of Duane Bird, city and county Democratic chairman; Attorney Leslie G. Hardy and Frank D. Wilkey. The banquet committee includes Chris Kersten, Bert Schleimer and Tracy Bird, county recorder.

The principal speaker of the evening will be Judge Charles E. Hardy, and Judge Alfred C. Lockwood of Tombstone also will address the gathering.

JUDGE SMITH VISITS DAUGHTER

Judge R. W. Smith, wife and daughter, Mrs. Mona Page of Phoenix visited their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Hooks, for several days this week. They left Wednesday morning for their home and will travel through Graham county en route.

This was the Smiths' first visit to this part of Santa Cruz county and they expressed surprise and delight at finding such a beautiful country. They had been looking at Maricopa and other counties so long they had almost come to the conclusion that the whole state looked alike.

While visiting their daughter they made several trips to various parts of the county, and Judge Smith predicted a great future for Santa Cruz county and particularly the Patagonia district.

Judge Smith is referee in bankruptcy and represents the federal court in three Arizona counties, including Maricopa.

SACRAMENTO MINE STILL BURNS

Bisbee.—Safety first and fire crews are battling to prevent a spread of fire which broke out April 6 between the 13th and 14th levels of the Sacramento mine of the Copper Queen company.

Bulkheads were installed to place the fire under control.

Cause of the fire, which originated in an old sulphide stop just below the 13th level, is unknown to mine officials. One was in the mine when the fire broke out.

DRASTIC MEASURES TAKEN TO PREVENT SPREAD OF DISEASE OF CATTLE FROM CALIF.

The regular monthly meeting of the County Board of Supervisors was held Monday in the courthouse, and much business was transacted of a special nature, as well as the regular routine duties of the board.

The redistricting of the supervisory districts of the county came up for consideration, and several petitions for changes were presented, and many personal arguments were presented to the board on the subject. The Nogales Chamber of Commerce presented a plan for a proposed change that would have given the city of Nogales power to elect two of the three supervisors from that city. The move was anticipated by other residents of the county and a large delegation from outlying districts was present to request a change, if one had to be made, that would equalize the county's voting strength and taxable wealth so the representation would be more in favor of territory than population. The board finally, after a lengthy session, voted to present the request to the governor.

The action of the governor in placing an embargo against all automobile traffic entering the state from California was stopped until the foot and mouth disease in California is stamped out, it has been ordered in an executive proclamation issued by Governor G. W. P. Hunt, as ex-officio member of the state board of health.

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Diamonds of Malopo

By VICTOR ROUSSEAU

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CHAPTER XI.—Continued.

—15—

Winton, feeling decidedly subordinate, suffered Ned to give his directions to his boys. Within a few minutes the natives, lined up in groups, were submitting to the most rigorous inspection devised. Mouths were pried open and tongues pulled up, clothing ripped open, heels broken off patent-leather dancing shoes. It was a weird scene in the light of the full African moon, and one that impressed itself on Winton's mind indelibly.

He began to understand Van Beer's viewpoint better, and he realized as never before the volcano of savagery that slumbered beneath the veneer of civilization in Africa.

When the search was at an end, and the natives had been driven into their sleeping quarters, Josephs and Ned came up to Winton, each holding out two handfuls of pebbles. Winton looked at them for some seconds before he realized that they were large diamonds.

He stared at them, and then at Ned; and suddenly he shook the old man by the shoulders.

"Ned, you've got your speech back!" he shouted. "Do you know that? Speak, man!"

Ned opened his mouth, and from his throat issued a succession of guttural clicks. It was Hottentot—Winton knew that, but no more.

"Speak English, man!" he shouted.

But Ned only looked at Winton mournfully. The blow upon the skull had shattered all but that corner of Broccon's convolution in which the Hottentot speech-center had been created. Hottentot Ned could speak; but that would be his sole tongue for the remainder of his years.

He began talking rapidly to Josephs, who listened and translated.

"He says, Mr. Garrett," announced the compound manager, "that he warned you at the hospital, and thought you understood. He says that he had suspected Seaton of buying stones from the boys and selling them to De Witt through Van Vorst. He taxed him with it, and Seaton broke down and confessed. That was on the night of the robbery. Mr. Burns meant to tell you at once, but you had gone to bed early. Seaton must have got word to Van Vorst to finish the job that night, and next day it was too late."

Too late! The words echoed through Winton's brain. It had been too late from the beginning; for if he could have understood what Ned had tried to convey to him in the hospital he could have kept control of the Big Malopo.

The double handful of stones would have brought him more than Davis had paid him; enough to have made the loan unnecessary. Now he was in the grasp of the syndicate, purser only through Davis's tolerance; and that was doubtless extended for the present with some ulterior object in view.

Winton stared at the dull baubles. If only he could lay his hands upon Seaton the claim might still be his. But how could he support a charge of fraud on the single evidence of Ned Burns, given in Hottentot?

Suddenly Winton started back, staring through the shadows as if he had seen a ghost.

An old man was coming unsteadily through the gateway. It was Seaton himself. He groped his way across the compound, bleary of eye, unsteady of gait, went up to Winton, and laid a trembling hand upon his arm.

"I've come back," he mumbled drunkenly. "My gal's gone, and I've done with this life of a dog. I'll be De Witt's tool no longer. I've come back to take my medicine."

CHAPTER XII

The Trial.

It was the general opinion of the group upon the stoop of the Continental that Judge Davis was going to get what had been owing to him for a long time. Bets to that effect were freely offered, and there were very few takers, even at long odds.

The forthcoming trial was the sole topic of conversation in Malopo. Everything had combined to favor Winton against the syndicate.

On the very day following Seaton's return a long-expected proclamation had been made by the high commissioner, placing Malopo under the colony's jurisdiction, and delegating Judge Crawford, who was then holding sessions at Vryburg, to proceed thither for the purpose of organizing a civil government and hearing all criminal and civil cases.

The independent regime had come to an end, to the relief of the settlement, and Judge Davis was relegated to his position as magistrate, thereby being eliminated from the pending proceedings.

Public opinion in Malopo, linking up Seaton's return and arrest with the theft of the big stone, was decidedly hostile to the syndicate. There was no fear of a packed jury. The syndicate's influence seemed to have shrunk to nothing.

Winton's lawyer was a young Scotchman named Brown, who had recently arrived on the diamond-fields; he threw himself into the case with ardor, knowing that success would be his making. Winton and he held constant conferences.

Winton had wished to use Seaton's services to prosecute De Witt, but Seaton's anxiety to have everything thrashed out was so great, and he

had a lawyer, and was the central figure in the courtroom, except, perhaps, Judge Davis.

The multiplying and shifting rumors, which had been flying through Malopo, had settled down to the belief that something dramatic and sensational was to be looked for, involving both De Witt and Davis.

The Judge was seated in the gallery, where places had been reserved for a few of the chief men of the town. He was a noticeable figure among the other occupants, as he bent forward from his place in the front row, looking down on the spectators. His keen, judicial face was as impassive as a mask. Opposite him, on the floor of the courtroom, sat Judge Crawford in Davis' accustomed seat above the bench.

Crawford was a short, sandy-haired man, a jurist of reputation, with an uncompromising manner. He looked like business, and he meant it.

Seaton was formally charged, and the trial began with the reading of his written confession, in which, contrary to the general expectation, there was no incrimination of De Witt. It was a short and plain admission of having purchased diamonds from the boys on the claim.

Then followed the first sensation in the appearance of Ned Burns, clicking and grunting, in the box.

De Witt's lawyer, intervening, scored the first point against Winton after the physician had explained the nature of Ned's affliction.

"Do you mean to say that this man is in possession of his full senses and capable of giving evidence?" he asked.

"I do, undoubtedly."

"You admit that there is a brain lesion?"

"Yes."

"But you are quite sure that it is not of a nature to impair his judgment or truthfulness?"

"I am absolutely sure."

"How many cases like this have you treated in the course of your experience?"

"None, but I have read—"

"Thank you," said the lawyer, looking triumphantly at the jury.

It was becoming clear that De Witt's lawyer meant to allege conspiracy on the part of Winton and Seaton against the syndicate. Winton followed with a brief account of the events that had occurred on the night of the robbery, and the evidence of two or three subsidiary witnesses followed.

When Seaton was placed in the witness-box the excitement reached fever pitch.

"This is your own confession, written and signed by you?" asked Brown.

"Yes, sir."

"You make this of your own free will, without monetary or other incentive?"

"No!" shouted Seaton with sudden energy.

"The devil!" De Witt burst out, "what are you playing for? Is it the claim or is it something else?"

"You'll have to see my lawyer."

"To the devil with your lawyer. I've done with Davis. He's the crookedest rogue in South Africa. You know what I want, Garrett, and I know what you want. Suppose I turn against Davis and get you back your claim, will you prosecute?"

"My lawyer—"

"The devil! I've come to you as man to man. I've had blows from you, and I've taken them. That's something no other man can say. I'll help you out if you'll help me."

"What do you want?"

"Shelia!" shouted De Witt with an expletive. "I want to know if you'll give her up. Come, is it a bargain? You've got her and you don't want her. She'd come to me quick enough if it wasn't for you. I'll give evidence that will return you control of the claim if you'll help me."

Winton was upon his feet, shaking with rage. De Witt sprang up and grabbed his hat.

"Won't, eh? Well, I'll show you!" he snarled, backing toward the door.

He was outside before Winton could close with him. Winton hesitated, and then went back into his room and closed the door. His nerves were raw and quivering, but he was glad that he had not laid hands upon De Witt again.

The incident aroused in him a stronger resolve to shake the dust of Malopo from his feet. But for his resolution not to yield to Davis, to see the thing through, he could hardly have remained another four and twenty hours in the wretched town.

But on the morrow he had put Shelia out of his mind for the time being, and was again busy with his lawyer.

The day of the trial arrived. All business in Malopo seemed to have ceased. The courtroom was packed to its utmost capacity hours before Judge Crawford took his seat on the bench, while outside an increasing crowd, which choked the market square, clamored in vain for admittance. The line of horses and vehicles, several rows deep, extended for blocks on each side of the courthouse.

Seaton in court presented a very different appearance from the Seaton that Malopo had known and despised. Three weeks of abstinence from liquor had made a new man of him and braced him up, so that he was hardly recognizable at first as he strode with a firm step into the dock.

A new suit and clean linen had given him not merely a respectable appearance, but something of the air that he had had in his early days, and, as Brown had surmised, this was likely to have its effect upon the jury.

What seemed to interest the spectators most was the resolute manner in which he returned the look of De Witt, who, seated though he was among the witnesses, was in reality, as all knew, the defendant. He was represented

by a lawyer, and was the central figure in the courtroom, except, perhaps, Judge Davis.

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"Yes, I'll tell you," cried Seaton. "That's what I come back for, because I'd rather be a dead dog on a gibbet than a jackal any longer. I'm going to end this game. I've played it too long. He's driven me from pillar to post for years, making me do his dirty work for him. He made me betray the secret of the new amalgam process on the Rietfontein in Johannesburg. He's used me like that, and when I've warned him he was driving me too far he's laughed at me and told me I

could swing if I preferred to, and by God I'm going to. He made me tell him!"

"I object to this evidence!" shouted De Witt's lawyer. "These allegations against my client are totally irrelevant, and made to arouse prejudice."

"Objection sustained," said Judge Crawford. "The witness will confine himself to evidence bearing upon the alleged theft of the stones."

The Judge was seated in the gallery, where places had been reserved for a few of the chief men of the town. He was a noticeable figure among the other occupants, as he bent forward from his place in the front row, looking down on the spectators. His keen, judicial face was as impassive as a mask. Opposite him, on the floor of the courtroom, sat Judge Crawford in Davis' accustomed seat above the bench.

Crawford was a short, sandy-haired man, a jurist of reputation, with an uncompromising manner. He looked like business, and he meant it.

Seaton was formally charged, and the trial began with the reading of his written confession, in which, contrary to the general expectation, there was no incrimination of De Witt. It was a short and plain admission of having purchased diamonds from the boys on the claim.

Then followed the first sensation in the appearance of Ned Burns, clicking and grunting, in the box.

De Witt's lawyer, intervening, scored the first point against Winton after the physician had explained the nature of Ned's affliction.

"Do you mean to say that this man is in possession of his full senses and capable of giving evidence?" he asked.

"I do, undoubtedly."

"You admit that there is a brain lesion?"

"Yes."

"But you are quite sure that it is not of a nature to impair his judgment or truthfulness?"

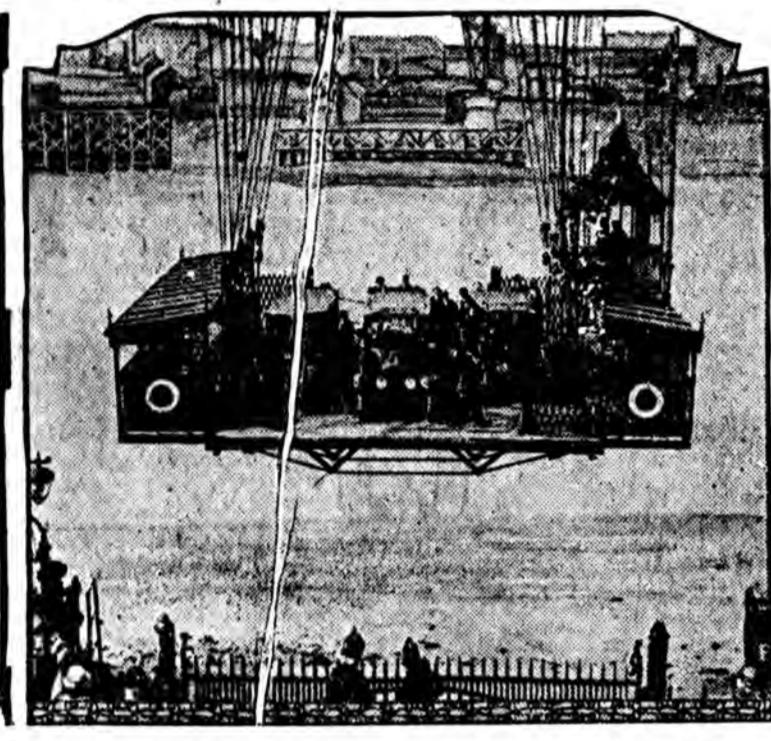
"I am absolutely sure."</p

Honduran Capital May Be Scene of Battle



Though the reports that the rebels in Honduras had captured the capital, Tegucigalpa, were premature, dispatches now say that all the opposition parties have united for an attack on the dictators who are entrenched there. The illustration shows a view of the city and, inset, Franklin E. Morales, the American minister.

Big Welsh Aerial Ferry Is Opened



The duke of York, in tonneau of center auto, is seen making the first ride on the "transporter bridge" or aerial ferry at Newport, Wales, which he and J. H. Thomas, secretary for the colonies and a native of Newport, officially opened.

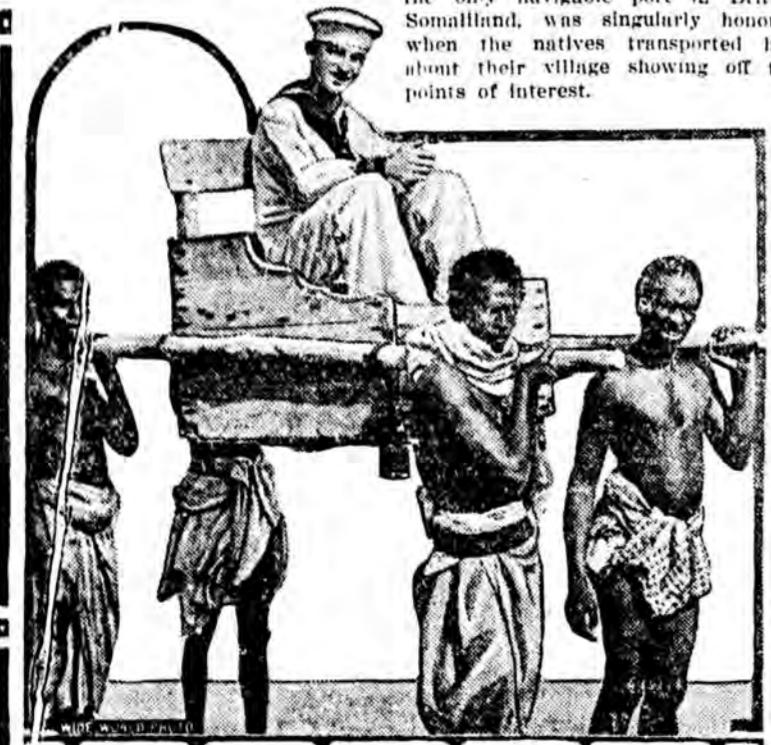
Senators Start Pages at Baseball



Senator Pat Harrison of Mississippi and Senator George W. Pepper of Pennsylvania officially opening the baseball season for the senate pages by "choosing sides." Senator Samuel M. Ralston of Indiana and Senator Royal S. Copeland of New York are interested onlookers.

How They Treated Jack in Barbera

The first bluejacket to go ashore from the U. S. S. Concord at Barbera, the only navigable port in British Somaliland, was singularly honored when the natives transported him about their village showing off the points of interest.



CAMP FIRE GIRLS' HEAD



Mrs. Oliver Harriman, president of the Camp Fire Girls, with a beaded sash that was made by one of the members of the organization and which Mrs. Harriman wore at the national convention of the Camp Fire Girls in Kansas City.

HELD IN MURDER CASE



Mrs. Minerva Abbas, thirty-eight, wealthy widow of Hussien Abbas, Highland Park grocer, reputed to have been the richest Syrian in Michigan, was charged with murder after Ahmed Mohammed, forty, of Detroit, told detectives that he killed the merchant at the insistence of the wife. Mrs. Abbas previously had told detectives that a masked assassin killed her husband after tying her in the bathroom.

STORK COMING AGAIN

Grand Duchess Charlotte, ruler of Luxembourg, who is expecting to become a mother shortly. She was married to Prince Felix of Bourbon-Parme in November, 1919, and they already have a son and daughter.

HOME HINTS AND DIET

By INEZ SEARLES WILLSON
LONDON, ENGLAND, WORLD-NEWS PAPER UNION

SPECIFIC METHODS OF REMOVING STAINS

The following directions applied to the problem of removing specific stains may simplify the housewife's labor in this respect:

Blood may be removed by soaking first in cold water and then washing in lukewarm, soapy water. Wet starch will absorb the stain from a thick material. Put a lump of wet starch over the spot and, when dry, brush off. Repeat until the stain is gone. Old stains may be removed by means of hydrogen peroxide, to which a little ammonia has been added. Rinse with very weak acetic acid and finally with water. Colors of fabrics are also faded by the peroxide. This fact must not be overlooked.

Cover chocolate or cocoa stains with borax and soak in cold water.

Coffee, tea, and most fruit stains may generally be removed by stretching the fabric over a bowl and pouring boiling water onto it so the water will strike the stain with force.

Peach stain is particularly resistant. It is the stain which old-fashioned housekeepers used to tell us would come out when the peach season was over. Rub glycerin over the spot two or three days before washing.

Cream, milk and meat juice stains should be washed first in cold water and then with soap and hot water.

Grass stain is one which is frequently found in households where there are small children, and a knowledge of how to treat it is valuable to the mother. Such stains may be soaked in alcohol if the color is not affected; otherwise, make a paste of soap and baking powder, spread over the spot and allow to stand for several hours. Milk may prove effective when the stain is fresh. Hydrogen peroxide and ammonia, or just ammonia may be used. The effect of the agent upon the color must govern the method employed.

Mildew, when newly formed, may usually be removed by strong sapsuds and sunlight. As the old stains are very stubborn, it is well to see that they are not allowed to grow old. In such cases, a strong bleaching agent must be used, and then the question of color enters to complicate the problem.

Medicine stains are soluble in alcohol, in which they are soaked.

Iron rust may be removed by covering with lemon juice and salt and putting in the sun or holding in the steam of the tea kettle.

The removal of ink stains is rendered more difficult because it is impossible to know the exact nature of the ink. Colored fabrics may be soaked in some milk, as the color is unaffected by the mild acid in the milk. Oxalic acid may be effective. Oxalic acid is a deadly poison, therefore it should always be plainly marked and kept on a high shelf. Salt and lemon may be used with success in mild cases.

WHAT WE MUST EAT TO BE WELL NOURISHED

Proteins are the "tissue builders." They contain an element, nitrogen, fruit and other foods, but a certain amount of additional "sweets" are craved and the diet should contain them in some form.

Fat is another energy giver. It is furnished by such foods as potatoes, rice and other cereals.

Starch supplies energy. It is one of the most abundant foods and is found most abundantly in oils, butter and cream. Energy is stored in the body in the form of fats.

Mineral salts such as lime, iron, phosphorus and others are needed by the body to build tissue and to counteract certain acid formations which may take place during the process of digestion. Vegetables and fruits and milk are the sources of these valuable substances. Milk is rich in lime, which is one of the reasons it should figure largely in the diet of children. Spinach and beets give us iron, as do raisins.

Roughage, in the form of cellulose, which is the woody part of fruits and vegetables, is necessary to regulate body processes and aid in the elimination of waste. Therefore the diet should contain the coarse vegetables such as cabbage, lettuce and asparagus, the coarse breads and gritty cereals.

Liquids also aid in elimination of waste.

Last, but not least important, are the vitamins, which have been called "the protective foods." The exact nature of these substances is still a problem for the scientist to solve. This much is certain, there are substances present in some foods which are essential to the proper growth of children and the good health of every one. The lack of these substances in the diet is the direct cause of certain diseases. Milk, meat, eggs, fruits and vegetables contain vitamins. All vitamins are not present in all these foods, one may be found in one and another in a different one.

Peaches, canned in halves, pears also canned, served with whipped cream and a sprinkling of nuts, are always enjoyed as a light dessert. Serve with white coffee.

Chestnuts pounded to a paste after being cooked, added to a custard, make another often asked-for dessert.

The AMERICAN LEGION

(Copy for this Department Supplied by the American Legion News Service)

THREE MEN LEAD IN MEMBERSHIP CONTEST

During 1923 honors for securing members for the American Legion were about evenly divided between three men. These, John A. Smith of Sioux City, Iowa, a member of the Monahan post; Hans Hunsdorf, a disabled man, now patient in a Minnesota hospital; and John Kass of Detroit, led all others in securing applications.

Smith obtained his members in a rather unique manner. He worked out a scheme known as the "Cudahy plan" by means of which he caused the big industrial firms of Sioux City to pay up the dues for ex-service employees, utilizing a "checkoff" for repayment. His record approximated nearly one member for each working day of the year.

Hunsdorf obtained his members by personal contact, particularly in Veterans' Bureau hospitals, and wherever veterans gathered and rolled his record up to nearly 250.

Kass, a member of the Charles A. Learned post in Detroit, made an earnest campaign for his applicants, and is said to have interviewed more ex-service men than either of the other two "champs." His record approximated that of Hunsdorf. But to do this, he faced severe competition from one Theodore Kolle, now department adjutant of the Legion in Michigan. Kolle's record was near enough that of Kass that it took a board of judges to determine the standing of the two.

Kass has already made a start toward a 1924 record. On February 29 he had collected dues and applications from 60 veterans. His method

was to go to each man and ask him if he wanted to join the Legion. If he did, Kass would explain the benefits of membership and then ask him to sign up.

Patent Medicine

Are your horses coughing or running at the nose? If so, give them "SPOHN'S" DISTEMPER COMPOUND

A valuable remedy for Coughs, Colds, Distemper, Influenza, Pink Eye and Worms among horses and mules. An occasional dose "tones" them up. Sold at all drug stores.

SPOHN MEDICAL CO., GOSHEN, IND. U.S.A.

OPERATIONS FOR FEMALE TROUBLES

Some Are Necessary, Some Are Not
These Women Gave Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a Trial First

Fairview, S. Dakota.—"A year ago I was sick in bed for three weeks and the doctor said I would not be any better without an operation. I had bearing down pains and sick headaches, with pains in the back of my neck. I felt tired all the time, was poor and pale, and was scarcely able to do anything at all for some time before I took to my bed. The doctor said one of my organs was out of place and caused all my troubles. I was too weak and run-down to think of an operation and as one of my neighbors told me about Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, I began taking it. I have received great relief from it and recommend it very highly. It cannot be praised too much in cases of female weakness."—Mrs. O. M. Ring, Box 103, Fairview, South Dakota.

Through neglect, some female troubles may reach a stage where an operation is necessary, but most of the common ailments are not surgical ones. They are not caused by serious displacements, tumors or growths, although the symptoms may appear the same.

Many letters have been received from women who have been restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, after operations have been advised.

In a recent country-wide canvass of purchasers of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, over 100,000 replies were received and 98 out of every 100 reported that they had been benefited by its use. This statement is important to every woman. For sale at drug stores everywhere.

Fighting Boll Weevil

The 933 cotton demonstration farms operated under the supervision of the American Cotton Association for boll-weevil control have shown the most gratifying results. They clearly indicate that the application of the practical methods of culture and poison devised and advocated will result in holding the weevils in check and producing profitable yields of cotton.—Nature Magazine.

SWAMP-ROOT FOR KIDNEYAILMENTS

There is only one medicine that really stands out pre-eminently as a medicine for curable ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root stands the highest for the reason that it has proven to be just the remedy needed in thousands upon thousands of distressing cases. Swamp-Root makes friends quickly because its mild and immediate effect is soon realized in most cases. It is a gentle, healing vegetable compound.

Start treatment at once. Sold at all drug stores in bottles of two sizes, medium and large.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation, send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing, be sure and mention this paper.—Advertisement.

Turks Rest on Friday

The Turks have at last effected a compulsory day of rest by setting aside Friday, the Mohammedan Sabbath, as a day when all workshops, factories and commercial houses must close for a period of 24 hours. The law affects cities of 10,000 population or larger.

WOMEN! DYE FADED THINGS NEW AGAIN

Dye or Tint Any Worn, Shabby Garment or Drapery.

Diamond Dyes

Each 15-cent package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can dye or tint any old, worn, faded thing new, even if she has never dyed before. Choose any color at drug store.—Advertisement.

New Saw Attachment

An attachment has been invented by which a circular saw for cutting wood can be mounted on the front of a tractor and operated by its engine.

In keeping a good man down he does two-thirds of it himself.

He Wakes Up

A young Englishman who had come over and secured a position in a Canadian bank at the end of his first month sold to the manager: "I see local Indians are among our largest depositors."

"Yes, we have some very nice accounts among our Indian citizens."

The young clerk pointed to a box.

"I guess I might as well get rid of that."

"What does it contain?"

"Glass beads I brought over to trade to the Indians for furs!"—Louisville Courier-Journal.

In Bunches

Hewitt—"Misfortunes never come singly." Jewett—"I know it; I received two wedding invitations."—Judge.

Children Cry for Fletcher's CASTORIA

Left Part of Estate to American Legion

One-fourth of the estate of a disabled World War veteran who died in Kansas City, Mo., was inherited by the American Legion. The veteran, Earl Mason of Indianapolis, provided for the bequest in his will, which named the head of the Legion district hospitalization committee as executor. The estate amounted to approximately \$250.

The will recites that "every consideration and kindness" had been shown to Mason by the Legion, and that he made the gift as a token of gratitude and to assist in providing aid for other disabled veterans. Mason went to Kansas City several months ago broken in health and without employment. The Legion assisted him in securing compensation and hospital service.

MOTHER:—Fletcher's Castoria is a pleasant, harmless Substitute for Castor Oil, Paracor, Teething Drops and Soothing Syrups, prepared for Infants and Children all ages.

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

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No. 1706

SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

HOWARD KEENER, Pub. and Owner

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Six Months \$1.50
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PUBLISHED EVERY FRIDAY

OFFICIAL PAPER
Santa Cruz County.

Advertising Rates on Application.

OUR GUARANTEE—We guarantee the reliability of every display advertiser in this paper, and agree to make good to every paid subscriber any loss that may occur through trusting a display advertiser who proves to be a deliberate swindler. Notice of the complaint must be sent within a month of the time of the transaction, and you must mention The Santa Cruz Patagonian when writing the advertiser.

Wind Colic
Flatulence
Diarrhea
Aids in the assimilation of Food, promoting Cheerfulness, Rest, and Natural Sleep without Opiates

To avoid imitations, always look for the signature of *Chas H Fletcher*.
Proven directions on each package. Physicians everywhere recommend it.

To Whom It May Concern

It will be the earnest endeavor of The Santa Cruz Patagonian never intentionally to wound the feelings of any one. Should an erroneous statement appear in the columns of this paper, call our attention to it, and if an error, due correction will be made and ample justice cheerfully accorded.

PRODUCER-TO-CONSUMER AREA INCREASED BY GOOD ROADS

Statistics of the use of good roads by farmers for direct marketing to consumers show the great advantages hard roads possess for the man who makes his living directly from the soil. It has been shown that the longest dairy route profitable over a good earth road is 15 miles for the round trip, while over a hard road the dairy farmer can operate profitably a route with a total length of 40 miles. This applies to every truck farmer, poultry raiser, and farmers in general with produce to sell direct to the consumer. Moreover, the 15-mile trip over an earth road is only practicable part of the year, while the 40-mile route over the hard road is good all the time, regardless of the season.

With hard roads all country producers of foodstuffs can make profitable daily trips to the city and back from a distance of 20 miles, creating a producer-to-consumer area with a radius of 20 miles around every city.

Not only the farmer connected with a direct market, but he who is connected by a hard road with a railroad shipping point reaps steady profit from good highways. In many states it has often happened that fruit has been allowed to rot and fertile fields have gone uncultivated because impassable roads have made profitable sales out of the question. Good roads mean steady profits and constant demand for farm products at good prices.

Well, the Republics of Arizona wanted an investigation of the highway department and it was made. Bet the awakening is terrible.

The U. S. government departments aren't the only ones that can have scandals. We have a good one started for Arizona, if the guilty are prosecuted for the state highway steals.

THE SEED OF THE FUTURE EDUCATIONAL SYSTEM

(By Dr. Frank Crane)

Under Section 47d of the National Defense Act, as amended June 4, 1920, is the seed of the future educational system of the United States and of the world.

This section provides that the secretary of war see to it that schools are established, throughout the country, in which army officers shall provide military training and teach citizenship to such boys as may care to attend.

Last year 20,000 boys spent one month in such camps. There they learned such vital things as throwing their shoulders back and holding in the abdomen, getting up when the bugle blows, eating what is set before them, exercising team play with their fellows and respect toward their superiors, toeing the mark, keeping step and similar things that were invaluable in the import task of not being a slob, but being a regular two-fisted he-American.

The only fault I can find with these schools is that, instead of 20,000 boys being in them, 20,000,000 boys should have been in them.

In fact, it will be a God blessed day

when we have a God blessed day

THE SANTA CRUZ PATAGONIAN

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 EYE, EAR, NOSE, AND
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BEFORE IMPROVING PROPERTY
 be sure your title is clear. Title to much land in Nogales, Patagonia and other parts of this county is cloudy.

SANTA CRUZ COUNTY ABSTRACT AND TITLE COMPANY
 F. A. French, Mgr.
 Nogales Arizona

NO newspaper can succeed without advertising, therefore we solicit the patronage of our readers for those who by their advertising help to make this paper possible.

FOR DEVELOPMENT WORK, FOR SMALL HIGH-GRADE VEINS,

Here Is the Mill
 Efficient, Economical, Easily Handled, Simple

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 10-15 TON FLOTATION MILL

Extra Cost for Boiler and Engine, or Gasoline
 Engine, From \$1200.00 to \$1600.00

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"A Penny Saved

Is a Penny Earned."

If you have not already started a savings account, begin now to prepare for the inevitable day when you are no longer a producer.

You will be surprised at the results, in a few years, after you have commenced systematically to save money for the "rainy day."

Our banking institution offers you the best protection for your savings.

The First National Bank of Nogales

Nogales, Arizona.

ASSETS OVER \$2,000,000.00

ARIZONA PACKING COMPANY

Our meats are known all over the state. Our meats are butchered in Arizona

ARIZONA PACKING COMPANY
 NOGALES, ARIZONA

WE HAVE A STOCK OF
Kelly-Springfield Tires
 AND TUBES

We Also Carry
 AUTO ACCESSORIES, GAS, OILS,
 AND GREASES

We deal in Wood, Hay, Grain, and Poultry Feed, and do Hauling, both light and heavy. See us FIRST.

PATAGONIA ICE & LIGHT PLANT



EAGLE MIKADO
 THE BIGGEST MIXED DIP*
 The YELLOW PENCIL WITH THE RED BAND
 MADE BY THE LARGEST PENCIL FACTORY IN THE WORLD
 EAGLE PENCIL CO., NEW YORK U.S.A.

WEATHER RECORDS NEEDED
 They Are Often Important in Settling Questions That Are Before the Courts.

Any extreme or unusual weather conditions which prevail at the time of some particular event tend to fix the circumstance more vividly in the memory than if ordinary conditions had prevailed. Very often the weather bureau of the United States Department of Agriculture is called on to provide information from its records of weather conditions at a given place on a given date. Such information may settle a question before the courts, establish a claim to an inheritance, or otherwise prove conclusively the date of some event involving important consequences. Recently it became necessary for a man to prove the date of his birth, which was under dispute. Family tradition pointed to the year when New Year's day was very, very cold—the lowest temperature on record—for that district. The weather bureau was able immediately to place the date required as 1864, when in the Middle West there was an extraordinary cold wave spreading quite generally over Ohio, Illinois and nearby states, reaching 10 degrees below zero in Cincinnati and 18 degrees below zero in Alton, Ill., with corresponding low temperatures throughout the region.

CAMEL WENT TO HEAVEN

Mahomet's Beast Given Place for Going From Jerusalem to Mecca in Four Bounds.

Mahomet's camel, according to tradition, performed the whole journey from Jerusalem to Mecca in four bounds, for which service he had a place in Heaven with Abraoh (the prophet's horse), Balaam's ass, Tobit's dog and Kettur (the dog of the seven sleepers), says the Detroit News. It is said the mosque of Koha covers the very spot where the camel knelt when Mahomet fled from Mecca. Mahomet considered the kneeling of the camel as a sign sent by God and remained at Koha for four days.

In the Koran there is an expression similar to the one found in the Bible to the effect that "It is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter into the kingdom of God." The Koran says: "The impious shall find the gates of Heaven shut; nor shall he enter till a camel shall pass through the eye of a needle." In the rabbinical writings there is a slight variety: "Perhaps thou art one of the Pamphilians who can make an elephant pass through the eye of a needle."

St. Louis Shaft to Lacledie.

Pierre Lacledie, founder of St. Louis nearly 160 years ago, like Dr. Soho before him, died on the Mississippi river. He was buried on shore somewhere near the mouth of the Arkansas, but companions who went later to disinter his remains found away, giving Lacledie his last resting place in the body of water which had been so closely associated with his life, says the Detroit News.

Lacledie, a native Frenchman, sold his chateau in the shadow of the Pyrenees to acquire the means to come to the New World. He went first to New Orleans, where he fought in the Colonial wars. Then he sailed up the Mississippi to find a location for a trading post, and coming upon this site, knew that his quest was finished.

A monument to Lacledie's memory was recently unveiled in St. Louis.

He Remembered.

"Do you remember the time when your father drove a donkey cart?"

The candidate for election fixed his glasses and gazed thoughtfully at the interrupter. Then he replied: "As a matter of fact, I had quite forgotten the cart. But I am thankful to see the donkey is still alive."

Law Was Obeyed.

"Just think, it was against the old blue laws to kiss one's wife on Sunday!"

"That so? What was the penalty?"

"Dunno. No husband was ever brought up on the charge."—Boston Transcript

Growth.

The teacher told us there was a little girl who had just been promoted to the first grade. But on the first day she got homesick for her kindergarten teacher, so she was allowed to visit the kindergarten, for a few minutes. She looked over the crowd of new pupils in their little chairs, and then she looked up at the teacher with a tender and amused smile.

"Aren't they cute?" she whispered.

Proved.

Some archeologists excavating on the border of the Sudan, upon breaking camp, neatly buried their salmon and sardine tins. Another scientist came along and happened to dig on this same site. Pretty soon he held up a can embellished with the picture of a plump golden salmon.

"Aha," he exclaimed. "Now I have evidence in support of my theory that the Sahara was once an inland sea."

Conservative.

A certain man had just bought a car. He took his wife out on a few preliminary expeditions, during which she did not hesitate to criticise her husband's efforts at driving.

"Halton, old man!" said his next-door neighbor one evening. "I see you've got a little two-seater. What do you get out of her?"

"About forty thousand words to the gallon," answered the other, sadly.

MICKIE SAYS—

WHEN A MERCHANT SENDS OUT HIS MONTHLY STATEMENTS ON RUBBER-STAMPED STATIONERY IN DRUG STORE ENVELOPES WITH NO RETURN ADDRESS, IT'S DOLLARS 'T DOUGHNUTS HE DON'T WASTE NO MONEY ADVERTISING IN OUR PAPER!



FINLAND A BILINGUAL LAND

Both Swedish and Finnish Tongues Used, the Latter Being in Ascendant.

To the average traveler the matter of language is apt to be the most vital aspect of any foreign country. Trilingual Switzerland is familiar even to the Impoverished continental visitor, but bilingual Finland may be more of a surprise. Nor will the fact that the choice of languages is confined to Swedish and Finnish make the trip any easier.

Formerly the Swedish tongue was in the ascendant among the cultivated classes, having been the vehicle of expression of the famous poet, Runeberg. Now, however, the pendulum is swinging the other way, and you will find even Swedish people adopting Finnish names.

Of course, all educated persons speak both languages interchangeably, even at the family dinner table. In the rural districts, however, it is different. Groups of Swedish peasants in the south and west parts of the country and in the Åland Islands speak only their native tongue, and the rest of the peasants confine themselves to Finnish.

The writers who used Swedish were the first ones who extolled Finland as a nation. Runeberg was followed by Topelius, another poet and story writer, a particular favorite with children, and Fredrik Cygnæus devoted himself to history. This activity met with a response from literary men who preferred Finnish, so that now equal bodies of characteristically Finnish work have sprung up in both languages.—Living Age.

FAMOUS DIAMOND IS BOUGHT

Englishman Obtains the "Princess Mary," Which Was Saved From the Bolsheviks.

Carried to England from Russia at the time of the Bolshevik revolution, the mystery diamond known as the "Princess Mary" has at last changed hands, the purchaser being a resident in the north of England. The price paid has not been divulged, but its late owner, Gordon Nathan, last year withdrew the diamond from auction, as the highest bid did not reach \$10,000. The diamond is a stone of yellow tint, with a Maltese cross on the back, and was named the "Princess Mary" because before her wedding a proposal was made to present the stone to her. It weighs 44 karats and is thus almost as large as the famous Hope diamond. Mr. Nathan thinks the value of the stone will appreciate, and says: "So long as the currencies of Europe continue to fluctuate, diamonds will remain the safest investment. Diamonds I sold 25 years ago at \$80 a karat are today worth \$350 a karat. I don't know of anything else which has increased in value to that extent."

Blowing Out Devils.

In Zululand, South Africa, native doctors collect rich fees by blowing into the ears of their patients to cast out evil spirits. The medicine man seats the victim on the blanketed floor of the outdoor surgery, after announcing that he is to dispel the wicked demons causing sickness. He places a horn to the patient's ear and blows. The ill one generally makes a bad face, cries "enough," and, being convinced that he has been cured, is troubled no more. In severe cases herbs are used as a remedy, when the horn is not effective.—Popular Mechanics Magazine.

Still in School.

May June met her friend Agnes in the street. They stood talking for a while, when a friend of theirs, Doris, by name, passed them on the other side of the street. In animated conversation with her was Colonel Mitkin. "Were not Doris and the colonel schoolmates?" asked May, as she caught sight of the pair.

"Yes," answered her friend, "and they are yet."

"Where?" asked May in surprise.

"Oh, don't you know?" said Agnes. "In the school for scandal."

Send us \$2 for a year's subscription; you'll never get more for your money.

REBELS WOULD DIVIDE MEXICO

Revolutionary leaders in Merida, Yucatan, have decided to proclaim a republic composed of the states of Yucatan, Campeche and Tabasco, according to advice recently received.

A manifesto is in course of preparation, the communication states, naming General Caudillo Aguilar, one of de la Huerta's principal lieutenants, as president.

It is reported that Generals Guadalupe Cárdenas and Enrique Estrada, de la Huerta commanders in the east and west, respectively, are now at Merida.

The federal government of Mexico is preparing to send the gunboat Bravo to Progresso, the port of Merida. Two transports will accompany the Bravo, with two columns of troops.

12, page 40; Amended Book 18, page 255.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the mining ground and veins, ledges, premises or any portion thereof so described and surveyed, platted and applied for, are hereby notified that unless their adverse claims are duly filed according to law the regulations thereunder within the time prescribed by law, with the Register of the United States Land Office, at Phoenix, Arizona, they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of said Statute.

(Signed) JOHN R. TOWLES,
 Register of the United States Land Office,
 Phoenix, Arizona.
 First publication April 11, 1924.
 Last publication June 20, 1924.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION

M. S. No. 3916
 Serial No. 00000
 In the United States Land Office,
 Phoenix, Arizona.

In the matter of the application of SOUTHERN COPPER MINING COMPANY, a corporation, for patent for the SANTO NINO NO. 5 hole mining claim situated in the Patagonia Mining District, Santa Cruz County, State of Arizona, approximately in Section Nine (9), unsurveyed Township Twenty-four (24), S. Range Sixteen (16) East, G. and S. R. B. and M., and more fully described as to notes and bounds by the official plat herewith posted and by the field notes of the survey thereof, filed in the office of the Register of the United States Land Office, at Phoenix, Arizona, which field notes of survey describe the boundaries and extent of said claim on the surface with mean magnetic variation of 13° 50' East, as follows:

Beginning at Corner No. 1, identical with the Northeast corner of the location, whence U. S. M. M. No. 1, Patagonia Mining District bears North 67° 32' East 4720.1 feet; thence South 20° 20' East 600.2 feet to Corner No. 2; thence South 89° 13' West 1382.2 feet to Corner No. 3; thence North 20° 20' West 600.2 feet to Corner No. 4; thence North 89° 13' East 1382.2 feet to Corner No. 1, the point of beginning, containing 19.577 acres.

Adjoining and conflicting claims as shown on the plat of survey are unknown and unsurveyed claims on the north, east and south and SANTO NINO NO. 1, Survey 3113, on the West.

The location notice of said claim is recorded in "Mining Locations" in the office of the County Recorder of said Santa Cruz County, as follows:

SANTO NINO NO. 5, Original, Book 19, page 81; Amended, Book 18, page 236.

Any and all persons claiming adversely the mining ground and veins, ledges, premises or any portion thereof so described and surveyed, platted and applied for, are hereby notified that unless their adverse claims are duly filed according to law and the regulations thereunder within the time prescribed by law, with the Register of the United States Land Office, at Phoenix, Arizona, they will be barred by virtue of the provisions of said Statute.

(Signed) JOHN R. TOWLES,
 Register of the United States Land Office,
 Phoenix, Arizona.

First publication April 11, 1924.
 Last publication June 20, 1924.

PROCLAMATION OF BIRD WEEK

Governor G. W. P. Hunt has designated Friday, April 11, as Bird Day, and has requested that all teachers of the public schools and the people generally observe the same with appropriate exercises that a better understanding may be had of bird life.

Tutt's Pills
 Uncoated as an
 ANTI-BILIOUS MEDICINE
 stimulate torpid liver, strengthen
 digestive organs, regulate the
 bowels, relieve sick headache.

The Advertised Article

is one in which the merchant himself has implicit faith—else he will not advertise it. You are safe in patronizing the merchants whose ads appear in this paper because their goods are up to date and not shop worn. : : :

B. P. O. E.
 NOGALES LODGE NO. 1397
 Meets second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at Elks' Home on Morley Ave. Visiting brothers always welcome.

R. M. COUSER, Exalted Ruler.

ROBERT E. LEE, Secretary.

WASHINGTON TRADING CO.
 DRY GOODS
 SHOES
 MEN'S LEATHER SLEEVE
 SHEEP LINED COATS
 AND VESTS
 "TOWERS" SLICKERS
 12 OZ. CANVAS—48 inches wide
 LADIES' SWEATERS
 FANCY PURSES AND VANITY CASES
 "EIFFEL" SILK HOSE

Washington Trading Co.
 For Infants and Children
 In Use For Over 30 Years
 Always bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

ANNOUNCEMENT

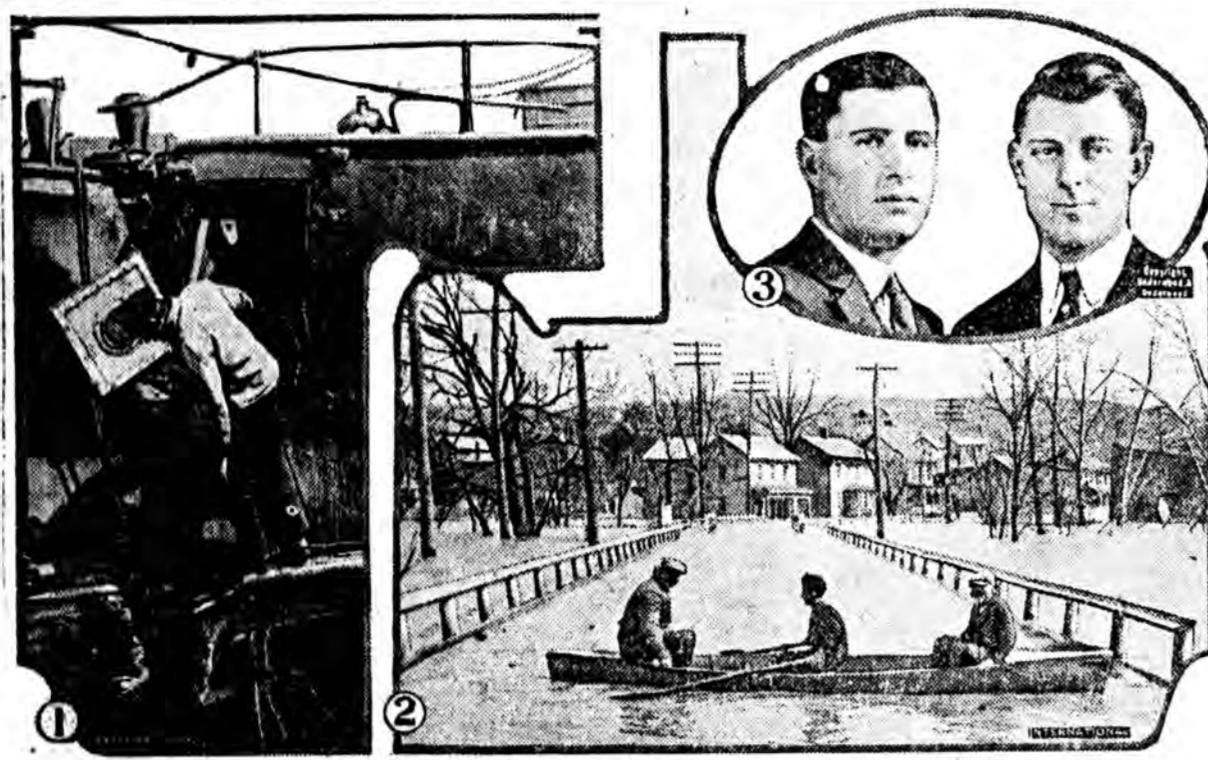
We wish to announce to the public that the Richardson Real Estate, Mining and Commercial Corporation's store department has been taken over by Val Valenzuela Jr., Miss Lucy Valenzuela, and J. R. Collie, and in future will be known as

THE CORNER STORE

Old and new patrons will receive courteous treatment and are requested to call when in need of anything in the general merchandise line.

THE CORNER STORE

Patagonia, Ariz.



1—Closeup showing great gash made in famous Fire Island lightship by collision with a freighter which almost sank the lightship. 2—Automobile highway at Hancock, Md., inundated by the Potomac river flood. 3—Walter Hines, famous aviator (left), and John Swanson, radio expert, who have started on an extensive exploration of the Amazon region.

NEWS REVIEW OF CURRENT EVENTS

Harlan Fiske Stone of New York Is Selected to Be Attorney General.

By EDWARD W. PICKARD

PRESIDENT COOLIDGE'S selection for the new attorney general to succeed Harry Daugherty may not please the more "progressive" of the western Republicans, but it is likely to meet the approval of the party generally and probably of the country. Harlan Fiske Stone of New York is the man chosen, and in him Mr. Coolidge believes he has found what he required for the place—an authority on law and an able executive. Mr. Stone and the President are lifelong friends and both are graduates from Amherst. For fourteen years Mr. Stone was dean of the Columbia university law school, and he is a director of many corporations, including the Atlanta and Charlotte Air Line railway. He is a big, forceful and able man, and Mr. Coolidge relies on him to give the Department of Justice a thorough housecleaning.

Politics, geography and factions were disregarded in this choice of a new chief law officer, but the Coolidge campaign managers believe it will prove to have been good politics. They call attention to the President's sympathy with the ideas of the western progressives as evidenced in his offer of the navy portfolio to Judge Kenyon, and it is now asserted in Washington that the Coolidge supporters would be more than willing to have a western progressive nominated for vice president. The men most talked of for that place are Judge Kenyon, Senator Borah and Senator Capper. Moreover, it is said Mr. Coolidge wants one of that group named for temporary chairman of the Cleveland convention to make the keynote speech. Mr. Stone visited the executive office Wednesday and was introduced to the administration leaders.

SHARP admittance to the majority leaders in the senate and house by the President brought on an access of activity in pushing vital legislation toward enactment. In a series of conferences with those leaders he made known his attitude, which was reflected in a statement by Senator Watson of Indiana:

"Now that Attorney General Daugherty has seen fit to resign," Mr. Watson said, "a new situation presents itself in the senate. It seems to me that it is the duty of the Democrats to join with the Republicans to bring the senate back to its legislative functions."

"It has been regrettable, although unavoidable, that four months of this session—with the most constructive legislative program before it of the reconstruction period following the war—have been devoted almost entirely to the endless discussion of personalities involved in the oil leases and alleged misdeeds in public office.

"The senate must devote itself untroublingly if it hopes to conclude consideration of the legislative program and adjourn by June, which we ought to do. The general prosperity of the country would be aided by congress enacting its program without delay so business can adjust itself to new conditions called for in new laws."

The senate finance committee worked day and night on the tax reduction bill, on which the leaders of both parties profess to wish speedy action. Early in the week the committee unanimously approved the house provision for a retrospective reduction of 25 per cent in taxes on 1923 incomes paid in 1924, and it is considered certain that the senate will accept this. The taxpayer will pay one-half of the next installment, due June 15, and three-fourths of each of the last two installments. If the tax has been paid in full a refund of one-fourth will be made the taxpayers. Of course numerous changes in the house bill were made by the committee, mainly for the purpose of raising additional revenues.

Secretary of the Treasury Mellon read to the committee a long argument for

the elimination of the increases in rates on estate taxes in the house measure and the elimination of the gift tax. His recommendations were followed, and new excise taxes were added on radio and mah jongg sets.

THOUGH public interest in various investigations in Washington died down somewhat after the resignation of Harry Daugherty, the "probers" went right on with their inquiries. The Daugherty committee obtained some evidence from H. M. Peck of Oklahoma City, a former special assistant to the attorney general, supposed to indicate that Daugherty and Fall aided the Miller brothers of the 101 ranch in defrauding the Ponca Indians of land and possible fortunes in oil. Then came Capt. H. L. Scaife, a former Department of Justice agent, who has been once before heard and frequently mentioned in the inquiry. He told a long story about war-time graft, especially in the aircraft industry, and implicated Secretary of War Weeks, Daugherty, Guy D. Goff, former assistant attorney general, and Charles Hayden, a San Fran banker and director of the Wright-Martin Aircraft company, all of whom, Scaife declared, should be indicted for "conspiracy to obstruct justice" in failing to prosecute the aircraft company for alleged graft. He also denounced former Attorney General Palmer and T. L. Chalbourne, a New York lawyer, both Democrats. Captain Scaife bolstered up his accusations with numerous letters and documents. He said he worked up these war-graft cases but was called off by the higher-ups.

Thomas F. Lane, former legal adviser to the aircraft division of the War department, testified that his copies of reports on aircraft frauds had been taken from his desk and he had been discharged because he was going to appear before the committee. Captain Volandt of the air service admitted taking the papers and said Secretary Weeks had them. Thereupon, Mr. Weeks was subpoenaed and went before the committee Friday to explain his connection with the prosecution of the aircraft graft cases.

Surveillance all documents relative to war material on hand and the production of war factories at the time of the armistice.

Deliver the balance of war material not authorized by the treaty, especially equipment and uniforms.

Transform factories manufacturing war materials into plants making peace products.

Reorganize the state police (the schupo) into local police forces, with the policemen not receiving military instruction and not living together in barracks like soldiers.

Berlin's answer is a refusal to let the mission ascertain whether these pledges have been carried out, a statement that the allies and Germany should negotiate an accord covering that, and a proposal that the League of Nations handle future questions concerning the disarmament of Germany in its general dealings with world disarmament. The note contains a direct challenge to France's right to maintain a large army.

The committee of experts on German resources in foreign lands estimates that \$8,000,000 gold marks (\$2,000,000,000), has been hidden by Germany in other countries. The Dawes committee's report has been given to the reparations commission. Chancellor Marx of Germany has warned the world that it is not certain Germany will accept this report and Premier Pollicet has gone no further than to express the hope that the committee would be able to offer "elements of a solution."

AFTER an all-night session the British house of commons rejected the policy of a capital levy, which was the chief plank of the Labor party in the recent elections. John Robert Clynes, government leader in the house, admitted the laborites could not hope for the passage of such a measure in the present parliament, but maintained the country would ultimately be forced to it by its crushing burden of debt. The government evaded inevitable defeat in connection with the recent bill by consenting to revision of an election clause.

ARGENTINA began on April 1 a most extraordinary experiment in the form of a law by which everyone in the country, citizen or foreigner, who has worked for 25 years, for himself or others, is retired on a pension amounting to his present salary. Those with years yet to serve must pay 5 per cent of their salaries into a national pension fund, from which the rewards to the older workers are paid. Employers must augment the general fund by contributing another 5 per cent of their pay rolls. Salaries of workers are to continue during sickness or other disability.

WISCONSIN'S Republican primaries were easily won by Senator LaFollette, whose vote was about

NEWS TO DATE IN PARAGRAPHS

CAUGHT FROM THE NETWORK OF WIRES ROUND ABOUT THE WORLD

DURING THE PAST WEEK

RECORD OF IMPORTANT EVENTS CONDENSED FOR BUSY PEOPLE

WESTERN

An earthquake shock felt in San Jose, Calif., caused audiences to leave theaters. No damage was reported.

James Reilly of Butte, Mont., and James Wood and James Mallon, both of Anaconda, were killed, and Harry O'Malley of Great Falls was injured in an automobile accident at Helena.

Shuber Hellgren, 8 years old, was scalped by a lion in a small itinerant circus. When the boy went too near the animal's cage, it reached out and clawed him. Doctors said the boy would recover.

Holding up a threesome on the sixth green at Annandale (Calif.) Country Club cost Tony Laport a year's liberty. He pleaded guilty to interrupting the game of three wealthy golfers long enough to go through their pockets.

Grace Koning, a Holstein cow owned and bred by the Montana State College, finished a production of 32,280 pounds of milk for the year recently, which gives her the world's record as a milk producer for 10-year-olds.

Deprived of all privileges, eight young women were in dungeons in the county jail at Los Angeles as the result of a night of rioting, in which beds and mattresses were buried, furniture smashed and the lives of matrons threatened. The riot started when matrons forced a prisoner to halt a speech on "personal liberty and pursuit of happiness," which they termed radical.

Mrs. Ervina R. Brown, wife of Lieutenant R. Brown, naval supply officer alleged to have deserted his ship in a Gulf of Mexico port after taking \$120,000 in government money, has turned over \$75,820 to San Diego naval authorities. She came to San Diego by automobile from Los Angeles, after taking a grip with the money in it from her husband while he was unaware, she said.

If we ever have another war I hope the bankers from Wall street are put in the front line trenches," Gov. G. W. Hunt of Arizona said in Tucson in an address before the state convention of disabled American veterans. "The railroads and the Wall street bankers already have received their bonus," the governor said, "and now that the soldiers want a bonus the kick comes from Wall street."

Surrender all documents relative to war material on hand and the production of war factories at the time of the armistice.

Deliver the balance of war material not authorized by the treaty, especially equipment and uniforms.

Transform factories manufacturing war materials into plants making peace products.

Reorganize the state police (the schupo) into local police forces, with the policemen not receiving military instruction and not living together in barracks like soldiers.

The cavalry board of the army has recommended a vacuum cleaner for the grooming of horses and mules, an innovation which is expected to have widespread effect in civilian life and among foreigners as well. It now takes twenty-four minutes to groom a horse with brush and comb, and this time will be cut down to ten minutes by the vacuum cleaner.

Harlan Fiske Stone of New York has been selected by President Coolidge as attorney general. Mr. Stone, a native of New Hampshire, and 51 years old, has served since 1910 as dean of Columbia University Law School, and recently resigned to become an active member of the New York law firm of Satterlee, Canfield & Stone. He received his law education at Amherst and Columbia, and was admitted to the New York bar in 1898.

The wealth of the nation is \$320,803,862,000, more than one-half of which is real property and improvements. The per capita wealth is \$2,918. Statistics of the country's wealth as of December 31, 1922, revealed that the total wealth increased 72.2 per cent, and the per capita wealth 49.6 per cent. In the ten years from 1912, all classes of property increased in value in the decade except livestock, which decreased 6.0 per cent, to \$5,807,104,000.

Taxed real property and improvements were valued at \$155,908,625,000, an increase of 60.9 per cent, in the ten years; farm implements and machinery \$2,004,638,000, an increase of 90.4 per cent; manufacturing machinery, tools and implements \$15,783,290,000, an increase of 159.1 per cent; railroads and their equipment \$19,950,800,000, an increase of 23.5 per cent; privately owned transportation and transmission enterprises, other than railroads, \$13,607,570, an increase of 41.1 per cent.

The Senate finance committee agreed to the repeal of the 10 per cent admission tax on tickets selling for 50 cents or less, as voted by the House, and approved with some modification the proposed board of tax appeals. The admission tax to theaters and entertainments was the first of the rate schedules in the revenue bill, aside from the income tax, taken up by the committee. Further study of the estimate and probable surplus available for tax reduction will be made before completing the various schedules.

Two hundred absentee ballots stored in a vault at city hall, Council Bluffs, Iowa, were missing when election officials opened the repository to count the votes. The theft was the climax of one of the most hotly contested municipal elections in the history of Council Bluffs.

The Senate finance committee agreed to the repeat of the 10 per cent admission tax on tickets selling for 50 cents or less, as voted by the House, and approved with some modification the proposed board of tax appeals. The admission tax to theaters and entertainments was the first of the rate schedules in the revenue bill, aside from the income tax, taken up by the committee. Further study of the estimate and probable surplus available for tax reduction will be made before completing the various schedules.

FOREIGN

The policy of a capital levy was rejected by the House of Commons, 325 to 160.

Music broadcast from Chicago, distant about 10,000 miles, was heard distinctly at Melbourne, Australia. Songs, including "Caroline in the Morning," were distinguished.

Honolulu police were sent to the various plantation districts affected by the strike of 7,000 Filipino laborers ordered by Pablo Manalip, leader of the Filipino workers.

The superdreadnoughts Nagato and Mutsu, pride of the Japanese navy, collided during minor maneuvers off the island of Kyushu and both were damaged. There were no casualties.

A number of bridges on the main road between Longford and Athlone, in central Ireland, were blown up recently and the roads were blocked with felled trees. The Republicans disclaimed responsibility for the destruction.

Impatience over the German government's failure to obtain the release of 1,500 "passive resisters" sentenced by the Franco-Belgian military court during the occupation of the Ruhr and the Rhineland was voiced by Chancellor Marx in an interview a few days ago.

Judgment of the German revolution leader, accepted the honorary chairmanship of the Philippine independence mission, provided the mission remains in the United States permanently until independence is obtained or the impossibility of obtaining it becomes apparent.

Once again Premier Poilievre has had to use forceful measures in the chamber of deputies to obtain decisive action. The obstructive tactics of the opposition impeded the premier to threaten the resignation of the entire cabinet unless the discussion of the government's foreign policy was completed and a vote taken.

The Dawes' commission proposes to restore the finances of Germany, according to the Matin, by extremely severe control of government revenue and expenditure, by the yield of an international loan and by a partial moratorium for three years. At the conclusion of this period Germany, it is believed, will be in a position to pay about 2,500,000,000 gold marks annually.

Adolfo de la Huerta, leader of the Mexican revolution, who was reported to have been lost at sea in an effort to reach the United States, has been located at Payo Obispo on the Honduras border, according to a dispatch to the State Department. The information came from the American consul at Progreso, Mexico. The same telegram stated that eight of De la Huerta's cabinet members had fled to the regular manner.

Apprehended in the act of attempting to rob the public library at Phoenix, Charles Milburn, 18 years of age, who claims to be a resident of Chicago, told police that his burglaristic sortie was made because he needed money and thought he could secure it by burglarizing the library. He was apprehended by the janitor of the building who called another man to his aid and the pair held their prisoner until the police arrived to take him into custody.

Bandits entered the National Bank of Elm Grove, a suburb of Wheeling, W. Va., held up the employees, and escaped with about \$35,000 in cash according to police reports.

Mr. Edward Stam of the state live stock sanitary board arrived in Yuma recently to supervise inspection work on freight traffic from California to Arizona in accordance with Governor Hunt's proclamation prohibiting importation of products from the neighboring state because of the prevalence of the foot and mouth disease. Disinfection stations with inspectors in charge have been established at all points on the state border.

Existence of the boll weevil in several fields of cotton between Postville and Rillito, about fifteen miles west of Tucson, was reported by Oscar C. Bartlett, state entomologist, and Dr. T. S. Bishop, chairman of the State Board of Agriculture and Horticulture. Both characterized the infestation as "serious" but said they could not estimate the extent of the trouble nor announce what quarantine action might be necessary until a more thorough investigation was made.

The joint conventions of the Arizona Parent-Teacher Association and the Child Welfare Association ended with a meeting of the board held at the Donington hotel at Globe, Winslow was chosen as the next convention site. The Inspiration Addition Parent-Teacher Association of Miami was awarded the pennant for the largest membership of any of the organizations of the state.

The coming week will see the completion of the new 7,200-ton flotation mill which is being erected by the New Cornelia Company at Ajo. This modern mill is for the treatment of sulfide ores. This plant, which by visiting experts is declared to be the finest in the country, is being built at a cost of \$5,000,000 and represents the combined experience of all previous mills. This mill will be run in addition to a leaching plant operation and will give the New Cornelia Company a combined copper output of 92,000,000 pounds a year at very low cost. The next piece of development at Ajo will be a series of experiments looking forward to the conversion of the present electrolytic tank house into a refinery.

Senate Democrats, in endeavoring to inflict injury upon the Republican party, have succeeded in discrediting both the great political parties, Senator Pepper, Republican, Pennsylvania, declared in a "keynote" address in Portland, Maine, before the Republican state convention.

Charles Cornwell, 11-year-old white boy, who entered a plea of guilty to second degree murder charges in connection with the slaying of Jimmie Carson, a 4-year-old negro at Manchester, Iowa, several weeks ago, was sentenced to life imprisonment at the Anamosa reformatory.

Plans to provide entertainment and accommodations for more than 3,000 Elks are being made by committees of the Tucson Lodge in preparation for the annual state Elks' convention to be held in Tucson on April 18, 19 and 20.

A new adding machine, valued at \$250, was stolen from an automobile in front of the Copper Queen hotel at Bisbee. The adding machine was taken from the car of H. C. Hutton, who was demonstrating the prompt in that district.

BRIEF ARIZONA ITEMS

The next gathering of the Arizona Cattle Growers' Association will be held in Prescott during the Frontier Days Roundup.

Fines aggregating \$5,050 and three jail sentences were imposed by Judge W. H. Sawtelle on eleven defendants who pleaded guilty to prohibition charges in Tucson.

Carmen Cabrera, a Mexican resident of Jerome, aged about 35 years, was drowned in the Verde river just above the dam which diverts water into the Pack's lake tunnel.

Principal Players' movie people have arrived at Tucson to begin aerial filming of Harold Bell Wright's "The Mine with the Iron Door." It will be filmed in Canada del Oro, near Tucson.

Ruben W. Moss, pioneer of the Yuma valley, succumbed to injuries sustained when kicked by a mule. Deceased came to Somerton in 1900 and was widely known and respected throughout the district.

The suburban residence of Mrs. H. C. Lockett, near Flagstaff, was destroyed by fire with a loss estimated at approximately \$10,000. The fire originated from an overheated stove, according to the authorities.

Judge Frank H. Lyman of Phoenix officially announced that he would be a candidate for renomination to membership in the Supreme Court of Arizona at the state primaries on Sept. 9.

Ordinances providing for the creation of special districts for planting, care and maintenance of grass, shrubs, trees and palms in the space between sidewalks and roadways and creating the office of city forester were adopted by the Phoenix city commission without a dissenting vote.

Safford police officers are waging warfare against unlicensed stage lines operating between El Paso and Los Angeles by way of Safford. Six drivers of stages have been arrested and fined \$50. Drivers of two of the stages operated by the Silva Stage Company, who had been arrested and fined, applied for a permit to operate. They were told to make formal application and present their case at a hearing in the regular manner.

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OUR COMIC SECTION

Off the Concrete



Copyright, W.N.U.

This Strip Is All Business



Engineer a Good Risk

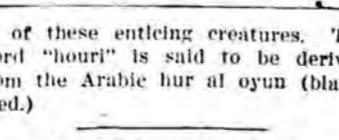
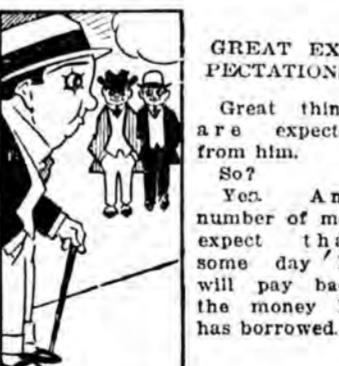
In spite of the risks incident to their occupation, life insurance statistics show that locomotive engineers live just as long as the average man. The death rate from accident has decreased very greatly in recent years, and the engineers have also shared in the general reduction in the death rates from infectious diseases. Between the ages of thirty-one and fifty-five there has been a decline in the engineers' death rate of from 32 to 44 per cent. Fatal accidents in 1922 were at the rate of 167 per 100,000, as against 318 per 100,000 in 1912. So the expectation of life of a locomotive engineer at the age of twenty-eight is calculated as forty-one years. Aside from chances of accident, running a locomotive seems to be a healthful occupation.

Camels Trace Parentage

Camels enjoy the distinction of being the only domestic animals that cannot trace their parentage to any species existing in a wild state.

Women first appeared on the stage in the latter part of the Seventeenth century.

A Traveling Trunk. It is possible to follow the Biblical command to "take up thy bed and walk" these days. In fact, you may pack up your bed, put it in your trunk and check it or express it wherever you wish. A new trunk has just been invented which has stowed away in its interior a folding mattress. If you're the least bit doubtful about the comfortableness of the beds in the section to which you are going take your own along. The trunk is about the size and shape of the old-fashioned



Then she became aware of them.

72 of these enticing creatures. The word "hour" is said to be derived from the Arabic *hur al oyun* (black-eyed).

Wanted a New One

Salesman (at Harridges) — Now, here's an overcoat for you, sir — look at it — it's the material — there's value for money!

Buyer — Yes, but I want a new coat; that happens to be the one I've just taken off. — London Opinion.

BOB LAFOLLETTE MAKES 'EM GUESS

UNCERTAINTY OF HIS INTENTIONS WORRIES LEADERS OF BOTH BIG PARTIES.

By EDWARD B. CLARK

Washington — Washington seems to think that Robert M. LaFollette does not intend to give sleep to his more or less beloved brethren of the two political parties if he can help it. Some persons believe the Wisconsin senator thinks that by keeping the leaders of the two parties guessing he can keep them sufficiently mentally active to outlaw slumber.

Thus far there has been a sort of delicious indecision about the suggestions of what action may be taken concerning Senator LaFollette and by those men of his political and economic school of thought who seem desirous to form a third party for action during the coming campaign.

Within a day or two the word has been that LaFollette has indicated a willingness to head an independent ticket in the event that the Republican convention shall nominate Coolidge or adopt a reactionary or ultra-conservative platform. The statement of LaFollette's willingness was put forth as an indirect quotation of what he had to say on the third party subject. It perhaps would have been better if the quotation had been direct.

His Intentions Are Doubtful.

It will be noticed that as the statement appeared it expressed the willingness of the senator to run on an independent ticket if Coolidge were nominated "or" if an ultra-conservative platform were adopted by the Republicans.

Some of the politicians here are saying that the use of "or" may mean that the senator will bolt in the case of either the nomination of Coolidge or of the adoption of a reactionary platform, no matter whom the Republicans may nominate.

Some of the politicians here, however, think that originally Senator LaFollette used "and," and this means he will stay by the party if Coolidge is nominated, provided a platform sufficiently progressive to suit him is adopted. The truth is that nobody can tell yet what the senator will do, but he is throwing interest into the field of speculation as to the future by his seemingly zigzagging course.

The same day that brought forth the stories that Senator LaFollette was willing to head a third-party movement brought out another one that friends of the Wisconsin man had denied that he intended to have anything to do with a third party. It is a matter of taking your choice.

Which Party Would Suffer?

It seems that most persons who are not on the "in" of things political believe that if Senator LaFollette shall head a third party he will draw more largely from the Republicans for support than from the Democrats. The leaders of the Democracy here say they will lose no followers to LaFollette; the Republicans say, Democracy will lose just as many followers to the Wisconsin man as will the Republicans, and the thing therefore is a standoff.

Senator Wheeler of Montana was elected to the United States senate as a Democrat. His following, however, largely was composed of ultra-progressives of the LaFollette type. In Montana it may be that LaFollette would draw more heavily from the Democratic party than the Republican party, and this may be held as true of the probable election outcome of several other of the Northwestern states. The Wisconsin senator has been a Republican in name only for a good many years. The change that has come over his political views since he was a friend and confidant of McKinley in the old days has been such as possibly to justify the use of the word startling.

LaFollette, it is said, has a large following of those voters who generally are classed as pacifists, men and women who in the days prior to the entrance of the United States into the war were somewhat vehemently opposed to preparedness. This element was perhaps even stronger in the Democratic party than it was in the Republican party.

Nobody, probably, will know definitely about the third party matter and an expressed determination of LaFollette to lead it until after the Republican convention. It is apparently a part of the policy of LaFollette and his third parties to keep the politicians guessing until the last moment. They seem to think there is an advantage to be found in this procedure.

Filipino Liberty Ten Years Hence.

Today it looks as if the congress of the United States is certain to frame and endorse the legislation necessary to give the Filipinos liberty at a time about ten years in the future. This will not suit the islanders nor those Americans who think it will take another quarter of a century to fit the so-called little brown brothers for self-government, but seemingly the islanders are to be given what they ask for, not immediately but about a decade hence.

It is not a difficult thing to understand the attitude of mind of many members of congress toward this question of full freedom for the Philippines. Probably there is no member who would not vote for freedom for the islanders at once if he were certain that they could make proper use of it. There are many members, however, who believe that if liberty should

be granted today the United States would have to go back to its job in the islands quickly unless this country were entirely willing to let the inhabitants thereof take a trail backward.

Some of the officials in Washington say the Filipinos do not realize what one of the great obstacles has been in the way of their securing immediately what they seek. It is said here that irritation that has been produced by seeming Filipino ingratitude accounts for one of the entirely human natural reasons why the demand for independence at once has been met and still is likely to be met with denial.

What We Have Done for Them.

When the United States took over the Philippines there was not one mile of improved roads in the islands. Today there are 5,000 miles of roads finely constructed as can be found anywhere in the world. When the United States took over the Philippines 90 percent of the people were illiterate. Today only 40 percent of them are illiterate, and it must be remembered in connection with the lowering of the percentage of illiteracy that the computation includes all the remote tribes. Today officials say that schools are met more frequently in the Philippines than in some of the states of the Union.

Within a day or two the word has been that LaFollette has indicated a willingness to head an independent ticket in the event that the Republican convention shall nominate Coolidge or adopt a reactionary or ultra-conservative platform. The statement of LaFollette's willingness was put forth as an indirect quotation of what he had to say on the third party subject. It perhaps would have been better if the quotation had been direct.

His Intentions Are Doubtful.

It will be noticed that as the statement appeared it expressed the willingness of the senator to run on an independent ticket if Coolidge were nominated "or" if an ultra-conservative platform were adopted by the Republicans.

Some of the politicians here are saying that the use of "or" may mean that the senator will bolt in the case of either the nomination of Coolidge or of the adoption of a reactionary platform, no matter whom the Republicans may nominate.

Some of the politicians here, however, think that originally Senator LaFollette used "and," and this means he will stay by the party if Coolidge is nominated, provided a platform sufficiently progressive to suit him is adopted. The truth is that nobody can tell yet what the senator will do, but he is throwing interest into the field of speculation as to the future by his seemingly zigzagging course.

The same day that brought forth the stories that Senator LaFollette was willing to head a third-party movement brought out another one that friends of the Wisconsin man had denied that he intended to have anything to do with a third party. It is a matter of taking your choice.

Which Party Would Suffer?

It seems that most persons who are not on the "in" of things political believe that if Senator LaFollette shall head a third party he will draw more largely from the Republicans for support than from the Democrats. The leaders of the Democracy here say they will lose no followers to LaFollette; the Republicans say, Democracy will lose just as many followers to the Wisconsin man as will the Republicans, and the thing therefore is a standoff.

Senator Wheeler of Montana was elected to the United States senate as a Democrat. His following, however, largely was composed of ultra-progressives of the LaFollette type. In Montana it may be that LaFollette would draw more heavily from the Democratic party than the Republican party, and this may be held as true of the probable election outcome of several other of the Northwestern states. The Wisconsin senator has been a Republican in name only for a good many years. The change that has come over his political views since he was a friend and confidant of McKinley in the old days has been such as possibly to justify the use of the word startling.

LaFollette, it is said, has a large following of those voters who generally are classed as pacifists, men and women who in the days prior to the entrance of the United States into the war were somewhat vehemently opposed to preparedness. This element was perhaps even stronger in the Democratic party than it was in the Republican party.

Nobody, probably, will know definitely about the third party matter and an expressed determination of LaFollette to lead it until after the Republican convention. It is apparently a part of the policy of LaFollette and his third parties to keep the politicians guessing until the last moment. They seem to think there is an advantage to be found in this procedure.

Filipino Liberty Ten Years Hence.

Today it looks as if the congress of the United States is certain to frame and endorse the legislation necessary to give the Filipinos liberty at a time about ten years in the future. This will not suit the islanders nor those Americans who think it will take another quarter of a century to fit the so-called little brown brothers for self-government, but seemingly the islanders are to be given what they ask for, not immediately but about a decade hence.

It is not a difficult thing to understand the attitude of mind of many members of congress toward this question of full freedom for the Philippines. Probably there is no member who would not vote for freedom for the islanders at once if he were certain that they could make proper use of it. There are many members, however, who believe that if liberty should

be granted today the United States would have to go back to its job in the islands quickly unless this country were entirely willing to let the inhabitants thereof take a trail backward.

Some of the officials in Washington say the Filipinos do not realize what one of the great obstacles has been in the way of their securing immediately what they seek. It is said here that irritation that has been produced by seeming Filipino ingratitude accounts for one of the entirely human natural reasons why the demand for independence at once has been met and still is likely to be met with denial.

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What the World Is Doing

C&S SEEN BY POPULAR MECHANICS MAGAZINE

Fishhook Hung From Kite To Catch Giant Tuna

To catch tuna and swordfish, kites are being used on the west coast to carry the hooks and bait far from the boats. After they are sent up, the fishing line



is attached to the kite string which drags it over the water. When a fish bites, the sportman reels it in close enough for a companion to strike with a harpoon. As some of the catches weigh from 100 to 300 pounds, lively battles take place. Rules of a club formed by fishermen permit only the angler and spear thrower to kill or gaff the fish. In contests, shooting disqualifies the participant. To be eligible for membership a candidate must land a tuna weighing at least 100 pounds or a swordfish of more than 200 pounds, using heavy tackle.

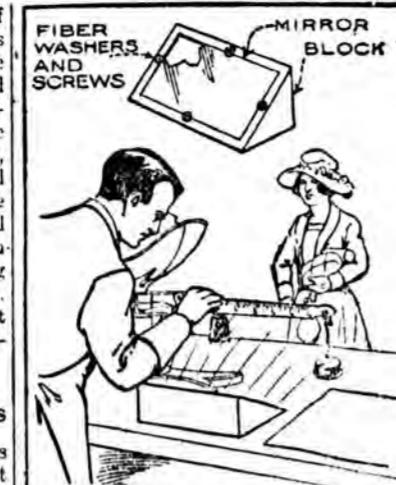
War Engines of Future To Be Electric

Electricity is to be a strong factor in future war according to statements made by British experts who see in the discoveries of science a terrible power of destruction from mysterious waves of electric current sent through the air from hidden sources. Motors of airplanes and sen-

rigidly as possible so that they will not touch the roof.

Illuminating the Scale Beam

The difficulty in properly adjusting the weight on the beam of a scale in a small store, due to insufficient light, was remo-



Erecting Supports for Aerials

A simple method of erecting supports for aerials, when height is not a great consideration, is to nail lengths of 2 by 2-in. wood to the roof as shown in the drawing. The supports are fastened on opposite sides of the roof, and are located over rafters, so that the spikes can be driven into these. The distance between the upper ends of the supports should be about 16 to 24 in. Ordinary porcelain insulators, which can be procured from any electrical store, are screwed to the ends of the supports and the aerial is attached to these. Care must, of course, be taken to have the aerial wires stretched just

Tracing Starter Troubles

Before blaming the starting motor or switch when the starter refuses to operate and the battery is known to be in good shape and fully charged, or nearly so, examine all terminals carefully, taking them off, cleaning thoroughly with a file or sandpaper, and scraping the battery post clamps inside and out. Very often there is nothing wrong except dirty or corroded terminals, and cleaning will remove the trouble at once. Keep the battery posts and clamps clean and covered with vaseline to prevent corrosion, and be especially careful about the ground connections, which in many cars collect dirt, rust or corrosion.

It is also good practice to examine the starting-motor cables occasionally, and to renew them if the insulation is badly frayed or there are broken strands.

NEGRO KILLED AT WHITE CITY

Tombstone.—Raymond D. Jackson, a negro trooper of the Tenth cavalry at Fort Huachuca, was killed last Saturday at White City and two negro women were seriously wounded in a pistol duel at a resort near the military reservation between an attack of the resort and a trooper named Mayweather. Neither of the duelists were injured.

Mayweather was arrested and charged with the murder of Jackson following a coroner's inquest. He is held in the Cochise county jail.

Jackson was instantly killed when a bullet entered his heart.

ARIZ. P. M.'S MEET NEXT WEEK

A convention will be held April 17 in Nogales by the postmasters of Arizona. Approximately 100 visitors and postoffice employees will be in attendance, according to Postmistress Mrs. Dickerman of Tucson.

Captain Charles Beatty, postmaster of Nogales, has been making arrangements for some time for the entertainment of the visitors in the county seat. The object of the meeting is to confer regarding betterment of the post-office department's service to the public.

SAN CARLOS PROJECT ASSURED

Acting unanimously, the United States Senate, April 3, passed Senator Cameron's bill appropriating \$5,500,000 for the construction of the San Carlos irrigation project in the Gila River valley, according to a telegram received by John R. Towles, register of the U. S. Land Office, Phoenix, Arizona.

"This bill," Mr. Towles says, "is the bill that Senator Ralph H. Cameron introduced in the senate on December 11, 1923, and later had reported out of the Indian Affairs committee unanimously. The action taken by the senate in unanimously passing the bill, practically assures its passage by the house before congress adjourns for the political convention early in June."

"It is the greatest thing that congress has done for Arizona since the passage of the Statehood bill," Mr.

When You Come to Nogales

Low Prices and Quality always greet you at the PIGGLY WIGGLY.

Piggly Wiggly has no specials. Below are a few of our every-day prices.

Sugar, 10 pounds	\$1.05
Rice, 5 pounds	.40c
Hershey's Cocoa, 1-pound tin	.30c
Diamond M Flour, 48-pound sack	\$2.00
Kellogg's Corn Flakes	.9c
Swift's Premium Bacon, per pound	.35c
Swift's Premium Hams, per pound	.31c
Jello, all flavors	.10c
Tomatoes, No. 2½ tins	.15c
Calumet Baking Powder, 1-pound tin	.27c
Campbell's Soups	10½c
Red Belt Corn, No. 2 tin	12½c
Raisins, 15-ounce package	.17c
Peaches, No. 2½ tins	.24c
Apricots, No. 2½ tins	.29c
Pears, No. 2½ tins	.32c
Black Cherries, No. 2½ tins	.37c
Bob White Soap, 24 bars for	\$1.00

YOUR LUCK COFFEE, per pound .42c

Piggly Wiggly carries the largest and fanciest line of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables in Nogales, all priced at a saving to you. Among other items you will find Strawberries, Oranges, Bananas, Lemons, Grapefruit, Tomatoes, Lettuce, Celery, Asparagus, Cabbage, New Potatoes, etc.

PIGGLY WIGGLY
All Over the World
NOGALES, ARIZONA

HOTEL BOWMAN
Nogales, Arizona
TUCSONIA HOTEL
Tucson, Arizona

MONTEZUMA HOTEL
(Under New Management)

When in Nogales stop at the Montezuma Hotel—in the heart of the city.

DR. M. A. WUERSCHMIDT
Optical Specialist
Arizona Optical Co.
313 Morley Avenue
NOGALES **ARIZONA**

A Visit
To Our Store
At This
Time
Will Prove
Extremely
Interesting

J.C. Penney Co.
A NATION-WIDE INSTITUTION
Incorporated
475 DEPARTMENT STORES
226-228 GRAND AVENUE,
NOGALES, ARIZONA

Note Our
Window
Display!
Style and
Quality
At Small Cost
Will
Interest You



Grey Suede Strap Pumps This New Style May Appeal to You



If it does, you are getting a worth while value. If it doesn't, we have many equally important values in other handsome styles for women.

\$6.50

Kid Pumps In a Leading Style



Women! These black kid pumps with covered Spanish heel are among the best Spring styles. Remarkable values.

\$5.50

Brown Oxfords For Girls and Infants



Blucher oxfords trimmed with beige elk apron and back stay. Plain toe. Two full stitchdown soles. 5½ to 8.....\$1.98
8½ to 11½.....2.23
12 to 2.....2.79

Women's Patent Leather Ties Attractively Designed

The grey suede, cut out inlay tops are nicely tied in front by a little lace. Plain patent toe. 16/8 celluloid covered half Spanish heel.

\$4.98



Women's Stylish Pumps One of Spring's New Styles

Carefully cut-out grey nubuck strap pumps that let the wearer's feet know the style is keeping in step with the change of seasons.

\$4.49



Novelty Strap Popular Spring Pumps



Airedale nubuck, a new color for dress pumps of a new style. Misses' and girls' sizes.

12 to 2 2½ to 7
\$2.98 \$3.25

\$1.69
Pair

Silk Hosiery For the Outfit

The full fashioned, pure thread silk hose so extremely popular with our women customers. Have 4-thread heel and toe, double sole, lisle garter top and come in lustrous black and shimmering white and colors. Truly remarkable value at

\$1.69
Pair

An Old-Time Superstition

There is an old, time-honored superstition to the effect that one must wear something that is brand-new on Easter Sunday in order to assure to himself good luck and prosperity throughout the year.

In the several departments of this store there are many new things that you may select for Easter which we are sure you'll find pleasure from wearing. Our displays appeal equally to every member of the family.

We prepared extensively for both the pre-Easter and the post-Easter seasons. Savings you'll find here are unusual.

J.C. Penney Co.

Men's Kangaroo Bluchers for Dress



Black glazed Kangaroo shoes with tip. Cushion insole. Half rubber heels. Single welt soles. Quality footwear.

\$6.90

Infants' Shoes With Turn Soles



Black kid instep strap sandals with plain toe. Tap heels as pictured. Small shoes at a small price.

98c

Men's Welt Dress Shoes That Prove Our Shoe Values Excel



Misses', girls' and children's regular style. Plain tip. Half rubber heels. Well made throughout. Single welt soles.

\$3.98

Welt Oxfords For Men's Dress Wear



Popular black oxfords. New lines of stitching as pictured. Folded tip. Half rubber heels. Single welt soles.

\$4.49

Towles said, "and when the house passes this legislation and it becomes a law, it will mean that hundreds of homesteaders and desert land entrymen will construct homes on their land, which they have held for years looking forward to the construction of this project. It also will mean the development of another agricultural empire similar to the Salt River valley, for these lands are equally as fertile as our Salt River valley lands. It will mean the addition of millions of dollars to the taxable wealth of our state."

Just to give an idea of the interest taken by Arizonans in the progress of this legislation, Mr. Towles stated that thousands of inquiries had been re-

ceived during the last few months. These people realize that what the Roosevelt dam did for the Salt River valley will be more than duplicated by the San Carlos dam in the